UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

or

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 000-56237

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	85-3844872
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
730 Broadway	
Redwood City, CA 94063	(818) 860-1352
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)	(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Securities registered pursuar	at to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
None.	N/A	N/A

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes 🗆 No 🗵

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes 🗆 No 🗵

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

 Large accelerated filer

 Accelerated filer
 Smaller reporting company
 Emerging growth company
 Image: Smaller reporting company<

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. \Box

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to 240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes 🗆 No 🗵

The registrant was not publicly traded as of the last business day of its most recently completed second fiscal quarter (June 30, 2023), and thus information related to the aggregate market value of the registrant's voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant cannot be provided.

As of February 23, 2024, the registrant had a total of 24,832,814 shares of its common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, issued and outstanding.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends impacting the financial condition of our business. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "will," "should," "could," "would," "expect," "intend," "seek," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "project," "predict," "potential," "might," "forecast," "continue," or the negative of those terms, and similar expressions and comparable terminology intended to reference future periods. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements about:

- our ability to protect and enforce our intellectual property protection and the scope and duration of such protection;
- our reliance on third parties, including suppliers, delivery platforms, brand sponsors, software providers and service providers;
- our ability to operate in public spaces and any errors caused by human supervisors, network connectivity or automation;
- our robots' reliance on sophisticated software technology that incorporates third-party components and networks to operate, and our ability to
 maintain licenses for this software technology;
- our ability to commercialize our products at a large scale;
- the competitive industry in which we operate which is subject to rapid technological change;
- our ability to raise additional capital to develop our technology and scale our operations;
- developments and projections relating to our competitors and our industry;
- our ability to adequately control the costs associated with our operations;
- the impact of current and future laws and regulations, especially those related to personal delivery devices;
- potential cybersecurity risks to our operational systems, infrastructure, and integrated software by us or third-party vendors;
- the development of a market for our common stock; and
- other risks and uncertainties, including those listed under Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ significantly from those anticipated, believed, estimated, expected, intended or planned.

Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. We cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Accordingly, the forward-looking statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K should not be regarded as representations that the results or conditions described in such statements will occur or that our objectives and plans will be achieved, and we do not assume any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of any of these forward-looking statements.

PART I

Item 1. Business

All references to "Serve" refer to Serve Operating Co. (formerly known as Serve Robotics Inc.), a privately held Delaware corporation and our direct, whollyowned subsidiary. Unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise indicates, references to the "Company," "we," "our," "us" or similar terms refer to Serve Robotics Inc. (formerly named Patricia Acquisition Corp.) together with its wholly-owned subsidiary, Serve. Serve holds all material assets and conducts all business activities and operations of Serve Robotics Inc.

Formation History

Serve was incorporated in the State of Delaware on January 15, 2021. Serve is a spin-off of Uber Technologies, Inc. ("Uber"), a global ride-hailing and lastmile delivery platform. The Serve initiative was initially formed in 2017 as the X division of Postmates Inc. ("Postmates"), a pioneering food delivery startup in the United States. Uber acquired Postmates in 2020, including the Postmates X division.

At the beginning of 2021, Uber's leadership agreed to contribute the intellectual property developed by the Postmates X division team, the related assets, as well as a capital investment to Serve in return for a minority equity interest in the business.

Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

The following is a glossary of technical terms used in this annual report:

- AI Artificial Intelligence
- AV Autonomous Vehicle
- GHG Greenhouse Gases
- GPS Global Positioning System
- GPU Graphical Processing Unit
- IMU --- Inertial Measurement Unit

LIDAR — A digital sensor for measuring distance to objects which uses the principle of radar, but uses light from a laser

ODD — Operating Design Domain describes the specific operating conditions in which the automated driving system is designed to properly operate, including but not limited to roadway types, speed range, and environmental conditions

Reverse Logistics — A type of supply chain management that moves goods from customers back to the sellers or manufacturers

Company Overview

We are on a mission to deliver a sustainable future by transforming how goods move among people.

Serve has developed an advanced, AI-powered robotics mobility platform, with last-mile delivery in cities as its first application. According to the Bureau of Transportation Statistics in 2017, 45% of car trips are taken for shopping and errands, while FedEx has stated that, as of 2019, over 60% of merchants' customers live within three miles of a store location. By eliminating unnecessary car traffic, and by reducing the cost of last-mile transportation, Serve aims to reshape cities into sustainable, safe, and people-friendly environments, with thriving local economies.

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Serve's first product is a low-emissions robot that serves people in public spaces, starting with food delivery. In 2017, our core technology development began by our co-founders and a growing product and engineering team. In 2020, the team launched a fleet of sidewalk delivery robots (hereafter simply referred to as "delivery robots") in Los Angeles performing contactless restaurant deliveries during the COVID-19 pandemic shutdowns. By the end of that year, Serve robots had successfully completed over 10,000 commercial deliveries for Postmates in California, augmenting Postmates' fleet of human couriers.

After the contribution of assets in 2021, Serve established a commercial partnership with Uber, with deliveries starting in January 2022 at a small scale. In May 2022, Uber announced a pilot program with Serve, and by June, it executed a commercial-scale agreement with Serve to deploy up to 2,000 of its robots across the United States. The above mentioned 10,000 commercial deliveries for Postmates were related to research and development of technology.

Serve's current fleet consists of over 100 robots, and we plan to expand our fleet by building and deploying hundreds of new robots in coming years after raising additional rounds of financing. Our goal is to deploy all 2,000 Uber robots by the end of 2025, though the exact timing and robot quantity will be determined by future capital availability. We currently do not expect to be able to build and deploy robots in 2024 based on our existing capital. We have platform-level integrations with Uber Eats and 7-Eleven, Inc. in Los Angeles, California, which means Serve robots can provide real-time presence and status updates on those platforms and receive requests to perform deliveries with respect to customer orders placed on those platforms as needed. We have also successfully conducted pilots for Walmart, a major pizza quick service restaurant, and a major coffee shop chain. To date, Uber Eats is the only partner for whom we have completed a material number of deliveries. Our strategic investors include NVIDIA, Uber, 7-Ventures and Delivery Hero's corporate venture units, alongside other world-class investors.

Because Serve started within a food delivery company, our team comes with a depth of expertise in food delivery. Additionally, the engineering team has extensive experience in AI, automation and robotics. Our leadership team includes veterans from Uber, Postmates, Waymo, Apple Inc., Blue Origin, LLC, GoPro, Inc., GoDaddy Inc., and Anki, Inc. We believe our expertise positions us to service the ever-growing on-demand delivery market, including food delivery.

Based on our proprietary historical delivery data, approximately half of all delivery distances in the United States are less than 2.5 miles and well-suited to delivery by sidewalk robots. We provide a robotic delivery experience that delights customers, improves reliability for merchants and reduces traffic congestion and vehicle emissions. Moreover, at scale we expect our robots will complete deliveries at lower cost than human couriers, making on-demand delivery more affordable and accessible in the areas in which we operate.

Last-mile Delivery Costs

Despite new technological innovations of the past few decades as well as growing adoption of online commerce and home delivery, last-mile delivery has remained costly and inefficient. By our own estimate, issues such as refunds and crediting caused by driver error (e.g., failed deliveries or missing items) and fraud increase average delivery cost by over \$1.00 per delivery. In 2022, DoorDash, the largest food delivery platform in the United States, reported 35% revenue growth while net losses increased over 190%.

Besides on-demand delivery, next-day parcel delivery has also struggled with last-mile cost. For example, in May 2023, Amazon announced a program to reduce its delivery costs by offering customers \$10 to pick up items from nearby stores.



Tailwinds for Automation

While an ever-growing share of consumers is shopping online and demanding faster deliveries, a number of factors have contributed to keeping last-mile costs high:

- Labor shortages caused by the aging population and the COVID-19 pandemic have led to wage inflation.
- On-demand delivery companies in many jurisdictions are battling regulatory pressures to classify gig workers as employees, which would in turn increase labor costs.
- More recently, cities across the United States have introduced maximum limits on how much delivery platforms can charge restaurants and merchants, highlighting the need to lower underlying delivery costs.

Labor cost inflation and regulatory pressures serve as tailwinds that are expected to accelerate the adoption of automated robotic last-mile delivery. While labor costs typically increase over time, hardware and technology costs typically decrease. We expect the cost of cameras, GPU processors, electric motors, batteries, and advanced sensors such as LIDAR to continue to decrease, while mobile networks will become faster and more reliable with higher bandwidth and geographic coverage, which will lead to a downward trend in the cost of building and operating robots.

Delivery Robots, Aerial Drones and Autonomous Vehicle

Deliveries vary by distance, cargo size, cargo sensitivity and timing requirements, among other factors. Today, most next-day parcels are delivered using trucks, while on-demand food delivery largely takes place in personal vehicles. Overall, a small percentage of short-distance deliveries are performed on bicycles.

As automation is introduced, different automated technologies will be best suited for different deliveries. AVs will be best for longer distance and larger deliveries, though experts currently believe AVs are still many years away from scaled, profitable operation. Delivery robots and aerial drones, however, have been commercially operating in a variety of environments for several years and are expected to scale rapidly over the coming years. Robots are best suited for short-distance deliveries in populated environments and drones are best suited for longer distances and less populated areas. When different automated vehicles emerge at scale, we expect to see a considerable share of deliveries completed using multiple technologies collaboratively.

For example, while aerial drones may provide faster delivery experience across longer distances and less populated areas, they face many challenges when it comes to picking up orders from many restaurants located in densely populated areas: safety concerns to sidewalk pedestrians, noise pollution, and lack of availability of dedicated real estate at every store front, among others. Instead, we expect delivery robots will be able to pick up items on busy streets and urban environments, and deliver them to a drone at a nearby hand-off location. While in motion, a battery-powered delivery robot often generates less noise and carries considerably less kinetic energy than a flying drone. By blending with existing infrastructure without introducing significant noise or safety concerns, delivery robots may enable drones to access items in the most populated spaces that may otherwise be challenging for drones to access in the future.

Similarly, when AVs become commercially viable, they will face challenges accessing merchants on congested streets where parking is limited. Restaurant waiting staff are often too busy to walk to the nearest available parking space to load an AV. We expect delivery robots will facilitate this process and help accelerate the adoption of AVs by allowing them to commercialize within existing urban infrastructures.

In summary, delivery robots, aerial drones and AVs are each efficacious for deliveries with different attributes, and all three will work collaboratively to create the most efficient automated last-mile delivery network.

Delivery Robot Operations

Our sidewalk delivery robots start each day at a central hub located near their operating area. Employees at the hub prepare robots for dispatch every morning by ensuring robots are cleaned, regular maintenance items are performed, and robots pass daily diagnostic tests. While most robots deploy to and return from their operating area automatically and without further vehicular assistance, some robots may be transported to and from operating areas that are further away in a human-driven vehicle.



While in the field, we estimate that Serve robots are able to navigate over 80% of their environment autonomously. They are supervised through mobile connectivity and video streaming by remote human operators who can assist robots when necessary, such as at intersection crossings or when robots are unable to navigate certain conditions (e.g., blocked paths, construction zones, etc.). In less frequent occasions, if a robot requires physical assistance, such as when a robot is too low on battery to return home or if it has been damaged, a nearby employee is dispatched to repair or return the robot. As of January 2024, fewer than 1 out of every 500 of our robotic deliveries require physical assistance.

Throughout the day, each robot receives a series of delivery orders from partnered merchants and delivery platforms. Upon acceptance of any such order, the robot navigates to the pick-up location, waits outside, and notifies merchant staff, often through their existing delivery tablets or point-of-sale devices. Once the merchant staff load the package into the robot, it navigates to its drop-off destination. A similar sequence of events results in customers meeting the robot at the curb, unlocking its cargo using their delivery app or on-screen instructions, and retrieving their package.

At night, robots return to their central hub to be recharged, maintained, upgraded when necessary, and prepared for next morning's deployment. Also, various robot components are occasionally replaced due to wear and tear (e.g., tires, motors and batteries). Other components such as computers and key sensors like LIDAR have multi-year lifespans and are rarely replaced. Overall, the useful life of a robot is measured in years, as calculated based on the average lifespan of individual components weighted by their cost.

Sidewalk delivery robots have inherent limitations on how much cargo they can carry and how quickly they can move given the constraints of the sidewalk environment. Current Serve robots carry up to 50 lbs and can move at a maximum speed of 7 mph. This imposes limits on addressable deliveries, travel time, and rate of utilization of robots. For example, due to their speed, delivery robots are best suited for short-distance deliveries, though the majority of restaurant deliveries in the United States are under 2.5 miles and thus within the delivery range of sidewalk robots. Additionally, given the expected customer delivery wait time of 30 minutes, food delivery robots operating 12 hours per day could perform a maximum of 20 to 30 deliveries per day, depending on the rate of batched deliveries.

Furthermore, our robots are equipped with a number of security features to prevent their cargo and their associated data and IP from unauthorized access. The robots' secure cargo compartment can only be unlocked through the delivery app's interface or using a security code entered on the touch screen. Moreover, using encrypted communication protocols and data storage as well as secure authentication methods, the data and software onboard each robot is protected from unauthorized access. Finally, robots are equipped with redundant real-time location tracking systems as well as alarm and communication features to deter attempts at vandalism and enable quick recovery of assets in the unlikely event of theft.

Impact of Robotic Delivery

As automation decreases the cost of last-mile delivery and leads to increased adoption, we anticipate opportunities for impact over the long term:

- Reduced GHG Emissions: We believe robots and drones can reduce emissions caused by large vehicles used today for moving small packages.
- Lower Delivery Costs: While all automated delivery vehicles still require a certain amount of human involvement (e.g., loading & unloading, maintenance, remote supervision), we believe labor is leveraged more efficiently resulting in more deliveries per unit of human effort. Just as automation has done in the past, it is expected that this will reduce delivery costs.
- Increased On-Demand Adoption: On-demand services are largely luxuries afforded by affluent consumers today. We believe reducing delivery costs could make home delivery services affordable to more people.
- Easier Reverse Logistics: We believe reducing the cost for last-mile transportation is likely to increase adoption of reverse logistics applications as well (e.g., more convenient package returns).
- More Local Commerce: We believe that the increased adoption of home delivery will result in more commerce for local businesses.

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Moreover, faster and cheaper local deliveries as well as easier and more cost-effective reverse logistics will likely result in new consumer behaviors and increased use of online commerce. For example, a customer ordering a pair of shoes from Amazon may wait several days only to receive an ill-fitting pair that must be returned while they wait more days for the next pair. In contrast, a customer ordering shoes from a local store could have three pairs of varying sizes delivered to their front door by a robot within an hour. They may try them on, pick the best fitting pair, and leave the other pairs in the robot to return.

- More Local Jobs: We believe increased delivery and local commerce activities resulting from reduction in cost of delivery could lead to more local jobs, ranging from increased staffing of local businesses, logistics operators who enable automated delivery networks to function, and human couriers who perform deliveries that automated services cannot perform.
- Higher Delivery Quality: Like most automated systems, robots are less prone to error. For example, customers of food delivery platforms often experience missing items, mistaken orders, and lost or missed deliveries altogether. Robots promise to reduce such errors, creating a better experience for customers and merchants alike.
- Safer Roads: According to a study by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (the "NHTSA") from December 2023, there were 7,388 pedestrians and 966 cyclists killed in motor vehicle crashes in 2021 in the United States. This represents a 13% increase in pedestrian deaths and a 3% increase in bicyclist deaths from 2020. The deaths accounted for 19% of all traffic fatalities in the United States in 2021. In addition to the fatalities, the NHTSA estimated there were also 60,577 pedestrians and 41,615 cyclists injured in motor vehicle crashes in the United States in 2021. These injuries can be serious and life-changing, and they can also have a significant financial impact on the victims and their families. There are many factors that contribute to pedestrian and bicyclist fatalities and injuries, including: speeding, distracted driving, drunk driving, and aggressive driving.

Delivery robots weigh significantly less and move at lower speeds than cars; as a result, on average, a single car carries over a thousand times more kinetic energy than a single robot. We anticipate that replacing cars with delivery robots could result in safer cities for pedestrians and cyclists.

• Friendlier Cities: Based on a University of Michigan report in 2010, it is estimated that as much as one half of city land area in the United States is dedicated to streets, parking lots, driveways, and other car-related uses. With mass adoption of automated last-mile delivery vehicles, such as robots and drones, more spaces in cities can be reclaimed from vehicles and used to create social and green spaces.

Serve Technology

Our robotic technology has been developed based on the following key principles:

- 1. **Humans and Machines**: We believe that the most effective way to quickly unleash the benefits of AI and autonomy in our lives is by designing solutions that leverage both human and machine intelligence in ways that collaborate and complement each other. Creating fully autonomous machines that are safe and reliable without any human intervention requires substantially more time and capital investment than creating machines that are mostly automated but can rely on occasional human support, especially when it comes to high consequence safety-critical decisions.
- 2. Labor-Optimized: We believe the cost of advanced sensors and hardware will continue to decrease over the coming years, and optimizing against such costs can be premature and an investment with diminishing long-term returns. Instead, we have continued to innovate by designing highly capable hardware and software solutions for robotic last-mile delivery that optimize against the largest cost of delivery: labor.

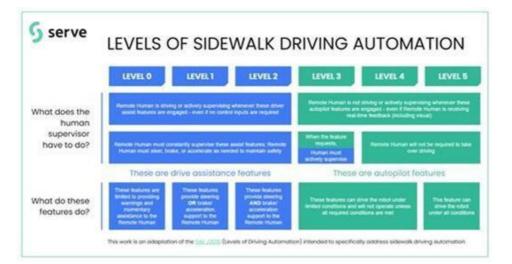
- 3. **Robots Among People**: We believe that building world-class hardware, software, AI and autonomy for robots to share spaces with people is how we are positioned to build market value and create a lasting legacy.
- 4. **Robotic Platform**: Our mission is to build a superior robotic platform that can accelerate the adoption of robotic solutions beyond last-mile delivery.

The following are key highlights of our approach to technology development:

Artificial Intelligence — AI empowers Serve robots to navigate city sidewalks and interact with their environment safely and efficiently. We use the latest AI methodologies to design, train and deploy a host of models on Serve robots. Currently, our AI models are used to perform a variety of tasks, including identification of sidewalk surfaces, intersections, traffic signals, obstacles, pedestrians and vehicles, and projecting the trajectory of other dynamic agents.

For the last six years of development, we have continued to create AI models with new capabilities, while improving the performance of existing models. We expect to continue developing increasingly more capable AI models to improve robots' performance and differentiate Serve from alternative products and solutions. As the broader field of Artificial Intelligence advances, we expect to benefit from such advances by increasing efficiency and effectiveness of our robots.

Level 4 Autonomy — In January 2022, we announced the deployment of a new generation of delivery robots capable of operating at Level 4 autonomy.



Level 4 autonomous robots can drive without humans in the loop for periods of time while they are operating in their intended operating environments (also known as "ODDs"). Specifically, Serve robots are capable of driving autonomously on certain sidewalks without a remote human supervisor having to oversee their movement. This capability makes it possible to operate our robots at lower cost than remotely operated robots used by our competitors, because it enables a single remote operator to simultaneously perform multiple deliveries.

Currently, we estimate that Serve robots can autonomously navigate over 80% of their operating environment with the help of a number of different AI models that detect people, objects and terrains, and predict future state of dynamic actors. Serve robots' autonomous capabilities enable one remote supervisor to safely monitor up to four moving robots.

Through frequent software updates, Serve's AI models are continuously improved. We believe that over the coming years, we can steadily increase our robots' autonomous capabilities using new and improved AI models and more training data including new edge cases encountered every day by our operating fleet.

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Safety — Achieving Level 4 autonomy required Serve robots to maintain safety even when operating without supervision. As such, we have designed robust onboard safety systems that rely heavily on Serve's advanced sensors and AI capabilities. This significantly reduces the possibility of collisions even when the robots are being supervised.

In fact, we believe robots that rely heavily on humans for safety are not sufficiently safe, because without automated onboard safety features, humans are prone to error. Also, data networks used for remote supervision frequently fail, slow down or get interrupted. Therefore, over-reliance on error-prone humans and failure-prone data networks makes human-in-the-loop safety inadequate.

In contrast, current Serve robots are equipped with an extensive array of onboard technologies that ensure safe and reliable operation without over-reliance on humans. Serve robots utilize multiple layers of redundant systems for critical navigation functions, including multiple sensor modalities—active sensors such as LIDAR and ultrasonics, as well as passive sensors such as cameras—to navigate safely on busy city sidewalks. Our robots have a wide range of capabilities, such as:

- Automatic emergency braking: If a remote supervisor mistakenly puts a robot at risk of collision, the robot will automatically override the remote supervisor and come to a stop.
- Vehicle collision avoidance: While Serve robots and their remote supervisors are trained to ensure legal and safe crossing of intersections and driveways, drivers of vehicles can still cause vehicle-to-robot collisions. Similar driver errors cause thousands of fatalities and injuries to pedestrians and cyclists every year. As such, Serve robots are equipped with AI features that assess the risk of collision with nearby vehicles and minimize such risks by taking necessary actions such as stopping prior to a collision.
- Fail-safe mechanical braking: We believe another unique and innovative capability of Serve robots is their fail-safe emergency braking. No matter how reliable and well tested, batteries, electronics and computer systems occasionally fail. During any such failures, Serve robots automatically come to a full stop through a mechanically designed fail safe braking system. Some robots used by competitors solely rely on electronic braking, which can become ineffective during power or computer failures.

Robot Design — As a division of Postmates during Serve's inception, we had access to millions of historical delivery records. This enabled us to design robots from the ground up based on proprietary insights about last-mile delivery.



Current Serve robots consist of a number of key systems:

• Drivetrain: Serve's innovative four-wheel drive system is custom-made for navigating city sidewalks. It includes Ackerman steering similar to road vehicles, emergency fail-safe braking, and a bogie suspension mechanism. Our unique design is a result of years of iteration and field testing.

Rather than a fixed wheelbase, our robots use a bogie that connects the pair of wheels on each side of the robot together via a differential. Relative to the main chassis, each pair of wheels can rotate in opposite directions to maintain full traction on all four wheels regardless of road surface irregularities. As a result, Serve robots can reliably navigate challenging city sidewalks that include tree wells, fallen branches, tree roots and other unexpected obstacles.



Our bogie design was inspired by the suspension arrangement first developed by NASA in 1988 for the Mars rover Sojourner. Since then, NASA has used similar designs in Mars rovers *Spirit, Opportunity, Curiosity,* and, most recently *Perseverance*.

- **Power System**: Serve's custom designed power distribution system and redundant batteries enable it to operate reliably from morning to night without requiring charging or battery swaps. Robots charge within a few hours upon returning to their home station at night.
- Connectivity: Serve robots include redundant LTE modems and antennas that ensure they can consistently connect to cloud services used to dispatch and route their movements, as well as be monitored by remote supervisors.
- Sensing & Compute: Serve robots are equipped with an array of cameras, ultrasonic sensors, a pair of stereo cameras, an infrared-based depth sensor, GPS sensors, IMUs, and a 360-degrees LIDAR sensor. Additionally, the robots use multiple CPU and GPU chips to process sensor information, run AI models, perform actions, interact with pedestrians, and connect to the internet.
- Secured Cargo: Serve's cargo bin is designed for maximum capacity, ease of use, customizability, and operational efficiency. The bin fits two large shopping bags or four large pizzas. During operation the bin remains locked and is only accessible to designated restaurant staff and delivery customers, who can use their delivery app or the PIN pad on the robot's touchscreen to unlock the cargo. Once the user completes loading or unloading, the cargo lid shuts down and locks automatically, without requiring additional human assistance. Lastly, the cargo space is designed to remain sufficiently clean and operational even if there is liquid spillage. Upon returning to the base, the interior of the bin can be removed for cleaning and sanitization.
- **Display and Lights**: In order to create a user-friendly experience for merchants and customers that requires no training or onboarding, as well as to create a friendly and positive experience for pedestrians and other sidewalk users, Serve's design includes a touchscreen display for indicating robot status and providing instructions. The design also includes a number of functional lights, including a light ring around the bin, brake lights, front headlights, and a pair of circular eyes for expressing intentions and anthropomorphizing the robots.

Stage of Development — Though still early in their development maturity cycle, Serve robots are the result of over six years of engineering and development. Every day, we continue to work on improving our robots' capabilities, including making them faster, safer, smarter and more affordable.

The following table provides a list of Serve robots' current specifications:

Speed	7 mph (max)
Range	23 miles, 10 hours
Weather	Light Rain, 32-104°F
Autonomy	>80% Autonomy Capability
Cargo	13 GAL (2 Lg Shopping Bags, 4 Lg Pizzas)

Serve robots are designed to operate in common environmental conditions in each operating market. Currently we limit Serve's operation to warm and dry climates, and do not operate robots under rare or extreme conditions such as strong storms or unusually high or low temperatures.

With additional financing required for further development, we expect each new generation of robots to continually expand their operating envelope (e.g., introducing the ability to manage ice and snow), which in turn expands our market reach. Our roadmap includes a new generation of robots launched in 2024 (assuming availability of sufficient capital) that includes faster drivetrain, increased battery life, increased range of temperature and rain tolerance, and more. The efforts towards the new robot generation began earlier this year and will require continued financing to complete.

Development Process — Our development efforts began in 2017 with extensive market research. Using proprietary historical Postmates delivery data, we ran thousands of simulation scenarios to define desirable robot specifications, best deployment and operation models, as well as go-to market strategies to achieve the most efficient, low-cost and scalable last-mile robotic delivery. The resulting specifications led to the development of prototype robots that were quickly deployed in San Francisco and Los Angeles to learn from real-life operations while serving customers and merchants.

Today, every subsequent robot generation and incremental software improvement starts with prototyping, followed by iterative rounds of testing and developments. Prior to deployment, we perform extensive quality assurance testing using an expanding array of predefined validation tests, online simulations, and in-house testing facilities. The validation tests include safety verifications to ensure any new software or hardware is capable of matching or exceeding pre-defined safety standards. When safety verifications fail, additional cycles of development and testing are required.

Once robots pass pre-deployment testing, a small-scale deployment test is initiated with a representative set of robots. Upon collecting sufficient amounts of performance metrics, the final go/no-go decision is made on whether any new software or hardware will be deployed across the entire fleet.

The design and development process is also informed by regulatory requirements in certain geographies, such as a number of states and municipalities, that have implemented permitting frameworks for robotic delivery. The requirements include limits to robot weight, speed, operating conditions, availability of lights and identifying labels, etc. Lastly, there are also hardware design requirements around electromagnetic radiations and battery safety that are considered during the design and development process.

For each new generation of hardware that introduces changes to relevant components, we build an initial set of evaluation units and use them to obtain necessary certifications. Currently, the only applicable certification requirement for the operation of sidewalk robots in the United States is UN 38.3. We have identified additional certifications that may become necessary for the operation of sidewalk robots in the United States in the future and have accounted for these certifications in the design and test of our devices.

Manufacturing — Our robots are designed by Serve's high caliber team of mechanical, electrical, and system engineers to not only meet product requirements but also supply availability of components and manufacturing and assembly for scalability.

Most components are widely available in supply and/or fabricated from raw materials using common manufacturing processes including machining, molding, stamping, and additive manufacturing from multiple sources. However, certain highly complex components are obtained from single or limited sources that we may have to compete for with other participants in the robotics, consumer electronics, and automotive markets. Therefore, these components can be at times subject to industry-wide shortages, resulting in long lead times and significant pricing fluctuations. Under these circumstances and to maintain production schedules, it may be necessary to temporarily source alternate higher-priced compatible components. Key suppliers of single and limited source components include NVIDIA and Ouster, Inc., in addition to vendors providing cameras, ultrasonic sensors, electronic motors, and modems. To mitigate such supply risks, we routinely search for more available alternatives and/or enter into strategic partnerships and agreements to secure pricing and supply of components.

Finally, manufacturing and assembly of robots take place by a third-party contract manufacturer after component supply has been secured. We have proven, first-hand experience designing and assembling multiple generations of Serve robots and we believe our designs are highly manufacturable for contract manufacturers to outsource. Therefore, we are not dependent on any particular outsourcing partner and we are, instead, able to vet top tier contract manufacturers for their DFM (Design for Manufacturing) capabilities and leverage their existing scale to assemble robots in the most cost-effective and timely manner. This typically starts with SMT (Surface Mount Technology) pick and place machines to assemble PCBAs (Printed Circuit Board Assemblies) in batches followed by FATP (Final Assembly Test & Pack) on all the remaining components by subassemblies into fully completed robots before being shipped out and deployed into our markets.

The most recent batch of Serve robots was assembled by a tier 1 contract manufacturer in California within a few months and came in at our highest yield and throughput, all at a manufacturing cost that makes up a small fraction of our total robot cost. This speaks to our ability to design and execute with all our component suppliers and contract manufacturers and we expect to improve even further as we scale with higher volumes.

We plan to use contract manufacturing partners to build future robots. Our goal is to secure adequate funding and resources to begin scaling our fleet starting with a fleet of 2,000 robots deployed for Uber before the end of 2025. We currently do not expect to be able to build and deploy robots in 2024 based on our existing capital.

We are party to a Lease Agreement with Farnam Street Financial, Inc. ("Farnam") dated as of June 6, 2022 (the "Farnam Lease"), pursuant to which we lease the hardware of our robots. The Farnam Lease had an initial term of 24 months, which was modified in December 2023 to provide for a term of 15 months beginning on January 1, 2024. Pursuant to the Farnam Lease we have a purchase option allowing us to purchase the equipment subject to the Farnam Lease on the last day of the extended lease term, (i) in whole for 45% of the original equipment cost, plus applicable taxes, subject to certain conditions or (ii) in part for 20% of the original equipment cost, plus applicable taxes, subject to a renewal of the Farnam Lease for an additional 12 months. The Farnam Lease also includes a right of first refusal requiring us to notify Farnam of any bona fide offer from a third party to lease robots to us (a "Third-Party Offer") which we intend to accept. Prior to accepting such an offer, we must make an offer to Farnam on the same terms and conditions as the Third-Party Offer. This right of first refusal expires concurrently with the Farnam Lease.

Robots That Win Hearts and Minds

New technologies often face initial resistance and skepticism before becoming widely accepted. We believe delivery robots are no exception. As such, we have invested significant time and effort in creating robots that would be welcomed by society. Our years of commercial operations to date suggest we are on track to accomplish our mission.

In order to make robots acceptable by the public, we set out our design efforts with a number of key objectives:

- Be familiar: Our robot design is inspired by familiar sidewalk objects such as baby strollers and shopping carts. Unfamiliar form factors can elicit strong resistance, whereas familiar-looking robots with blinking eyes and personalized names seem to already belong.
- Be fresh: First impressions are lasting impressions. Thanks to decades of negative and dystopian portrayal of robots in science fiction, introducing robots to the public requires a strong first impression that would encourage a readjustment in existing preconceptions. One way to achieve this is by creating a robot design that is pleasantly surprising and unexpected, so that it would bring into question whatever fearful or dystopian views one might hold prior to meeting a Serve robot in person.
- Be deferential: We believe robots are here to serve people, and therefore during everyday interactions on city sidewalks, robots must make every effort to stay respectful and compliant of people they share space with. For example, when their motion trajectory conflicts with a person, robots should always yield and prioritize people.
- Be considerate: Sidewalks are a shared space where people from every walk of life, language, and physical ability come together. Robots must be designed with all users of public spaces in mind. For example, while waiting to cross an intersection, our robots are trained to avoid blocking curb ramps needed by wheelchairs.
- Serve's talented design team has applied the above principles as they studied human-robot interactions on sidewalks, and they have created a robot design that stands in a class of its own.

Business Strategy

After six years of research and development investment in AI, autonomy, safety, and efficiency of our robots, we are in a leading position to partner with the world's largest food delivery platforms, restaurants, retailers, and convenience brands to augment their last-mile human delivery capabilities. Our business strategy relies on providing partners with a complete end-to-end delivery solution and charging a fee per delivery—or per hour depending on the type of partnership.

Additionally, robots can perform other value-add tasks while in operation and capture additional revenues. For example, in 2023 while roughly 71% of our revenue was generated by delivery fees on the Uber Eats platform, the other 29% was generated through branding and other revenue. Brands have used out-of-home ("OOH") branding on transit vehicles since the age of streetcars in the 1800s. Similar to billboards and buses today, brands are placing ads on Serve robots' exteriors.

We anticipate additional revenue opportunities from delivery robots in the future. For example, the ability to license our technology to partners who wish to create their own robots for other applications, including our anticipated agreement with Magna. Additionally, robots can provide a new, more granular and timely data source to mapping providers. They can also enable cities to identify infrastructure problems. As robots become more common, we expect to identify new ways for robots to create value while operating.

New revenues from robot branding and other services supplement delivery revenues, and as a result position delivery robots with better economics compared with existing delivery solutions.

Partnerships

We operate a fleet of robots that perform deliveries for delivery platforms or partnered merchants as either a part of a shared fleet or dedicated, exclusive fleet. For our robots to perform deliveries, they would need to have some level of integration with our partners' platforms in order to receive an order, determine its suitability for robotic delivery, accept or reject that order, and provide status updates and notifications to the merchants and recipients throughout the course of the delivery.

All of our currently active commercial robotic delivery engagements are based on the shared fleet model, whereby a partner sends us their request for robotic delivery and only pays us for those requests we choose to accept and complete. In the current shared fleet model, we have legal custody of the robots and maintain and operate them at all times, receiving payment for performing deliveries and placement of advertising on our robots while incurring all costs and risks relating to the robots and their operation. We may explore other partnership paradigms in the future, such as providing an exclusive fleet to a partner who would maintain and house the robots and pay us a monthly fee for operations and rental of the robots.

In 2021, we signed a commercial agreement with Uber. Pilot deliveries began in early 2022, which successfully led to the execution of an additional agreement in June 2022 to enable the commercial expansion of our service with up to 2,000 robots across multiple markets. Currently, this is our only large-scale commercial contract.

Uber launched its first-of-a-kind autonomy application programming interface in August 2022, with Serve as one of its first integrated partners. Since last year, we have completed thousands of deliveries for Uber Eats customers in Los Angeles and continue to expand our operations. Uber is also a strategic investor in Serve and has participated in multiple financing rounds, and as a result it owns a minority stake in our company.

In addition to Uber and 7-Eleven, Serve has performed pilots for Walmart at its headquarters in Bentonville, Arkansas, for a major pizza quick service restaurant in Vancouver, Canada, and for a major coffee shop chain in Los Angeles, California. All three pilots were successful in achieving their respective targeted performance criteria and the next phase of our engagement with those parties are subject to further negotiations.

Serve is also in discussions with Delivery Hero, also a strategic investor, to identify suitable markets outside North America to launch their first deployment.

Lastly, Serve is at various stages of discussions with a number of other restaurant brands, restaurant integrator platforms, delivery platforms, and logistics companies.



Traction

With a fleet of over 100 robots as of December 31, 2023, we provide robotic delivery to more than 300 restaurants on the Uber Eats platform in a number of neighborhoods in Los Angeles. To date, we have completed tens of thousands of deliveries to Uber Eats customers and our delivery volume has grown over 25% month-over-month since early 2022.

Serve robots' delivery reliability is most notable. Our proprietary historical delivery data suggest that on average, human couriers fail to complete five or more orders per every 1,000 deliveries (i.e., 99.5% reliability). In contrast, in the most recent month, Serve robots have achieved a delivery reliability as high as 99.94%. Improved delivery quality enhances both customers' and restaurants' experiences, and reduces the added cost of refunds caused by courier error.

By rapidly growing our delivery volume and proving that our robots are more reliable than human couriers, we have successfully concluded the pilot phase of our partnership with Uber and signed an agreement to deploy up to 2,000 robots across the United States. Our goal is to deploy those robots in 2025, conditioned on securing required capital. We currently do not expect to be able to build and deploy robots in 2024 based on our existing capital.

Growth Strategy

We plan to continue growing our delivery operations and establish Serve as the de facto global leader in automated last-mile delivery. Our growth will be facilitated by continued investment in our hardware, software and AI developments that increase the performance and efficiency of our fleet.

Over the next 24 months, we plan to grow our operation fleet by 10 times and operate in at least two markets. To do this, we must first secure additional capital. Our existing partnerships enable us to access sufficient demand for our projected growth over that period and beyond.

Additionally, we plan to continue partnership discussions with a number of food and grocery brands, as well as other delivery and restaurant ordering platforms.

Currently, we do not have plans to expand operations beyond the United States and Canada, but we do engage in partnership discussions from time to time to evaluate the potential to expand into different geographies.

Strategic Investments and Relationships

In addition to revenue partnerships, we have developed strategic relations and collaborate with market leaders in robotics and delivery. Such collaborations have allowed us to improve our product, accelerate our growth, explore new market opportunities, and access additional capital.

NVIDIA — A leading provider of high-performance GPU computing chips, NVIDIA is an early technology collaborator of Serve. We have worked with NVIDIA's robotics and engineering teams for over five years. Since 2022, NVIDIA has invested over \$12 million in Serve.

Delivery Hero SE — A German multinational online food ordering platform with significant presence in Europe and Asia, Delivery Hero is also an early investor of Serve.

Uber Technologies, Inc. — As discussed earlier, Uber holds a minority stake in Serve by contributing Serve's initial IP and assets developed at Postmates X, as well as by participating in multiple financing rounds. Uber is a key commercial partner and has enabled us to reach hundreds of restaurants and thousands of customers within weeks of launching on their platform.

7-Eleven Inc. and 7-Ventures, LLC — Global convenience retailer with over 13,000 locations in the US and Canada, 7-Eleven is another early strategic investor in Serve. Our partnership discussions began in 2020 when Serve was a part of Postmates. 7-Eleven is our first foray into the convenience market, as well as our first direct integration with a retail chain. 7-Ventures, LLC, is an investment firm which operates as the venture capital arm of 7-Eleven[®]. The firm invests primarily in companies with emerging retail technology, consumer-focused services, and disruptive CPG products that complement 7-Eleven's legacy of innovation.



In addition to the existing partnerships, we are in discussions with other potential strategic partners that would enable us to grow faster and reach more customers.

Economics of Robotic Delivery

The unit cost of robotic delivery can be divided into two major components: labor costs related to fleet management personnel (remote supervision, field operations, and hardware operations) and costs related to the robots (licensed software, mobile data fees, and robot lease payments). In our shared fleet model, both labor and robot costs are incurred by us.

The two most important drivers of delivery cost efficiency are autonomy and robot utilization. Increased autonomy reduces the cost of labor by increasing the number of deliveries per remote supervisor and field operator. Similarly, increasing robot utilization (i.e., number of deliveries per robot per day) leads to lower per delivery cost as fixed costs would be divided over more deliveries, and labor would be more efficiently leveraged.

Additional cost drivers include hardware amortization period, upfront capital costs, and hourly wages for field and remote operations.

It is worth noting the importance of the amortization period in hardware design choices. Designing a more durable robot, as well as using reusable components, will help reduce the cost of delivery. For example, LIDAR sensors and GPU computers have a higher initial cost of capital, and as such some have decided against using them; however, they are long-lasting components that can be amortized over a number of years, and most importantly, they increase autonomy performance and reduce the more significant labor costs.

Besides increasing autonomy performance and robot utilization, achieving operational profitability requires scaling the fleet. Scaled operations allow labor to be more efficiently utilized, while building robots at a higher volume also reduces the unit cost of hardware.

Competition

There are existing direct competitors in the sidewalk robotic space including Kiwibot, Starship Technologies, Coco, and Cartken. Kiwibot and Starship primarily focus on college campuses. College campus environments are smaller markets compared to our target market of urban environments. According to the Education Data Initiative, nearly 18 million students were enrolled in American colleges in 2022, compared to over 274 million people who live in urban environments according to University of Michigan's Center for Sustainable Systems.

Similar to Serve, Coco focuses on urban delivery but does not have a direct marketplace integration with a major third-party delivery platform, significantly constraining its ability to scale. Integrating with an existing delivery marketplace such as Uber Eats allows Serve to reach customers and merchants in new markets quickly and cost-efficiently without the need to sign every merchant and acquire every customer. Direct marketplace integration also increases robot utilization, and as a result, reduces cost per delivery by increasing the pool of deliveries available to robots and ensuring they are more likely to receive delivery assignments well suited for robots. Direct marketplace integration also benefits marketplaces by reducing their cost per delivery.

Finally, Coco lacks advanced autonomy and requires a human remote operator to drive each robot at all times, diminishing cost-effectiveness, scalability, and safety. Cartken is a newer entrant to the space with limited operations.

Positioned for Success

We believe that our world-class team, superior technology, and market-leading partnerships position us well to be a leader in the robotic delivery race.



Our approach to product development and go-to-market strategy has been informed by the proprietary historical delivery data we had the privilege to access inside Postmates. We developed sophisticated simulation tools to anticipate the dynamics of robotic delivery, and design our hardware, software and operations accordingly.

As a result of our access to proprietary data, we have created the following:

- Unique Robot: We have designed a one-of-a-kind robot, purpose-built for last-mile urban delivery, with a uniquely suitable drivetrain, battery life, cargo design, and more.
- Best-in-Class Autonomy: Having understood the importance of autonomy for profitable unit economics from early simulations, we invested considerably in suitable sensors, computing stack, and AI models to achieve Level 4 autonomous capability.
- Fastest, Most Scalable Go-to-Market: We have led competition in our go-to-market approach in urban environments, with the largest number of restaurant partners and highest density of partners per geographic region.
- Highest Robot Utilization: We have achieved higher robot utilization than other robotic delivery providers, as a result of our robot design, partnership strategy and integrations.
- Efficient Unit Economics: Leading in autonomy and robot utilization results in cheaper delivery economics.
- Safest: Our robots are equipped with the most sophisticated sensors, more redundancy in sensing than competition, and more robust safety features such as mechanical fail-safe braking.

In addition to having the best-in-class technology, strongest strategic partnerships, and significant deployment contracts, we have also assembled a high integrity, talented team, with a wealth of experience and a history of execution in creating innovative products and businesses.

Our Values

Serve is a mission-driven company based on a set of values that drive who we are and what we do:

Empower People — We serve our neighborhoods and support local businesses. We go beyond self-interest, taking our community into account. We empower each other with trust and autonomy to solve big problems to build a sustainable future.

Passionate, Authentic and Kind — We are mission driven. We value each other. We celebrate milestones and moments, both at Serve and in our personal lives.

Trustworthy — We operate with integrity. We do what we say we will do. We are honest, transparent, and respectful.

Safety Is Not Negotiable — We set the standard for safety. Our goal is to eliminate risks to safety. Our commitment goes beyond the sidewalk—we protect our customers' data, our employees, and the public.

Take Ownership, Give Credit — It's not mine, it's not yours, it's ours. We solve big audacious problems working together as a distributed, cross-functional team. We take pride in the quality of our work and no task is beneath us.

Put the Marshmallow on Top — We are humbled by unknowns, not defeated. We see opportunity in ambiguity. We don't need turn-by-turn directions, but plan our own routes and even scout for others. We embrace experimentation in the face of uncertainty.

Find Truth on the Sidewalk — We experiment rapidly and discover eagerly in the real world. We move fast, gather data, and learn by delivering.



Deliver Delight — Both to our customers or to each other! We exceed customer expectations. We bring joy to our work and to our neighborhoods.

Environmental Impact

Based on our internal data, we estimate that over 95% of deliveries completed by Serve robots over the last year would otherwise be performed by personal vehicles. At scale, we estimate that delivery robots can reduce global GHG emissions by nearly 762 megatons annually by replacing deliveries by personal vehicles, which represents approximately 2% reduction in the 37.15 billion metric tons of global emissions (Global Carbon Project).

According to the International Energy Agency, 3.53 billion metric tons of CO2 were emitted by passenger vehicles in 2022. Assuming the 2017 estimate by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics that 45% of car trips were taken for shopping and errands, and our proprietary delivery data indicating half of all shopping trips can be completed by delivery robots, this suggests that the scaled use of robotic delivery could reduce global passenger car emissions of such trips from approximately 794 megatons to less than 32 megatons per year, which is a reduction of over 96% as estimated by a study published in Transportation Research Part D: Transport and Environment (Volume 85, August 2020, 102443).

Government Regulations

In the United States, by default delivery robots are allowed to operate on sidewalks. Over twenty states and a number of cities have put in place legal frameworks to explicitly permit the use of delivery robots. The instances of cities welcoming delivery robots far exceed the few examples in which their operations were banned. This positive regulatory momentum for delivery robots may be due to a number of factors:

- **Robots Inherently Safer:** Cars carry over 1,000 times more kinetic energy than robots. As a result of having much lower kinetic energy, robots do not pose the same risk for injury or fatality that cars do. Meanwhile, cars injure and kill thousands of pedestrians and cyclists each year. Removing unnecessary car trips can make cities safer for pedestrians and cyclists.
- **Robots Reduce Emissions:** Many cities have established targets for reducing carbon emissions, and robots can help advance their environmental initiatives.
- **Robots Reduce Congestion:** Deliveries often originate in high traffic regions where restaurants and shops tend to be located. As a result, removing delivery car traffic can reduce congestion and parking issues in cities.
- Robots Reduce Delivery Cost for Local Merchants: Recently, a number of cities have implemented restrictions on how much delivery platforms can charge restaurants for their services. Robots can offer a cheaper alternative to help local restaurants and merchants reduce their delivery costs.

We are currently operational in West Hollywood, CA and Los Angeles, CA and hold requisite permits with both cities. Other states and municipalities across the United States may have legal requirements for personal delivery device ("PDD") deployment, but they are not applicable to our operations at this time.

West Hollywood's PDD permitting program is administered via a Call for Application and subsequent procurement process. Serve Robotics submitted an application and received an operating permit as of September 2022. The permit limits operation to twenty (20) or fewer robots and requires monthly submission of a report outlining incidents, geographic data, and areas for infrastructure improvement within the city.

Under Municipal Code Section 71.30, the Los Angeles Department of Transportation is empowered to enact a PDD pilot program. These rules include size and weight requirements, speed limits, 3-1-1 integration, braille identifying markers on the devices, integration with the Mobility Data Specification for location reporting, and regular communication of incidents that may take place.

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California currently has no statewide requirements governing the operation of PDDs. Under California Health and Safety Code Sections 113982 and 113930.5, restaurants that deliver meals by means of third-party delivery services are required to use tamper evident packaging. Additionally, the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health provides guidance on food delivery and pickup by third-party delivery service drivers. However, there are currently no requirements specifically addressing automated and robotic delivery vehicles such as PDDs.

As we expand our operations, we will continue to engage with local municipalities and regulators, to collaboratively introduce our innovative technology to new communities.

Currently, hardware certification requirements for sidewalk robots in the United States include the UN 38.3, which Serve robots are in compliance with. We have identified additional certifications that may become necessary for the operation of sidewalk robots in the United States in the future and have accounted for these certifications in the design and test of our devices.

Intellectual Property

Our success and ability to compete are significantly dependent on our core technology and intellectual property. We have applied for 18 patents in various jurisdictions: China (1 patent), the United States (11 patents), Canada (6 patents), and through the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

We have thus far been granted nine of the 18 patents for which we have applied—4 in the United States, 4 in Canada and 1 in China. Our granted patents will expire between May 2029 and June 2039, assuming that all maintenance fees are paid, no portion of the patent has been terminally disclaimed and the patent has not been invalidated. In certain jurisdictions, and in certain circumstances, patent terms can be extended or shortened.

We seek to protect our intellectual property and proprietary rights, including our proprietary technology and software, by relying on a combination of federal, state, and common law rights in the United States and other countries, as well as on contractual measures. However, these laws, agreements, and procedures provide only limited protection. Legal protections afford only limited protection for our technology. Although we currently primarily operate within the United States, the laws of some foreign countries do not protect our proprietary rights to as great an extent as domestic laws, and many foreign countries do not enforce these laws as diligently as government agencies and private parties in the United States.

We encourage our employees to continue to invent and develop new technologies so as to maintain our competitiveness in the marketplace. We generally enter into confidentiality and non-disclosure agreements with our employees, consultants, vendors and customers, and generally limit access to and distribution of our proprietary information. We also enter into invention assignment agreements with our employees and consultants, which give us the rights to their inventions during the term of the agreements.

Despite our best efforts, our means of protecting our proprietary rights may be inadequate. It is possible that our current patents, or patents we later acquire, may be successfully challenged or invalidated in whole or in part. It is also possible that we may not obtain issued patents for our pending patent applications or other inventions we seek to protect. In that regard, we sometimes permit certain intellectual property to lapse or go abandoned under appropriate circumstances and due to uncertainties inherent in prosecuting patent applications, sometimes patent applications are rejected and we subsequently abandon them. It is also possible that any patent issued to us may not provide us with any competitive advantages, or that the patents of others will harm or altogether preclude our ability to do business. Moreover, unauthorized parties and our competitors may either attempt to copy aspects of our products or obtain and use information that we regard as proprietary, or independently develop technology that is similar to ours thereby rendering our protected products less valuable, if the design is favorably received in the marketplace.

Employees and Human Capital Resources

Our employees are our greatest assets. We value and support hiring exceptional talent to develop our core technology and drive our business growth. We strive to meet these objectives by offering competitive pay and benefits in a diverse, inclusive, and safe workplace. In addition, we provide opportunities for our employees to grow and develop their careers.



As of February 23, 2024, we have 57 employees in the United States and 10 employees in Canada through our wholly-owned Canadian subsidiary. By primary job function, about 70% of our employees have engineering or product roles, 25% are in operations and 5% have business development or other administrative roles. None of our employees are represented by a labor union or covered by a collective bargaining agreement. We consider our relationship with our employees to be good.

Competitive Pay and Benefits

We provide compensation and benefits packages that we believe are competitive within our industry. We use a combination of cash and equity compensation and other benefits to attract, motivate and retain our employees, including stock option awards, retirement programs, flexible or paid time off based on department, and health and wellness benefits. In addition, we benchmark our compensation and benefits packages periodically to remain competitive with our peers and attract and retain talent throughout our organization.

Employee Recruitment, Retention, and Development

We believe our corporate culture, competitive compensation and benefits programs, and career growth and development opportunities promote longer employee tenure and reduce turnover. We have enjoyed high employee retention since becoming an independent company in 2021 and monitor employee turnover rates as our success depends upon retaining and investing in our highly skilled technical staff.

Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

We value the uniqueness that an inclusive and diverse team brings to our company. Therefore, we are focused on creating an environment that leverages the perspectives and contributions of each employee.

Safety, Health, and Wellness

We prioritize safe working conditions. We are committed to an injury-free workplace and provide comprehensive workplace training and support to reduce or eliminate health and safety risks.

Available Information

We are a public company, and our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to such reports are filed with the SEC. We are subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act and file or furnish reports, proxy statements, and other information with the SEC. Such reports and other information filed by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") will be available free of charge on our website at www.serverobotics.com when such reports are available on the SEC's website. The SEC maintains a website that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information that issuers file electronically with the SEC at www.sec.gov. Our website is www.serverobotics.com, and we can be contacted at investor.relations@serverobotics.com.

The contents of the websites referred to above are not incorporated into this filing. Further, our references to the URLs for these websites are intended to be inactive textual references only.



Item 1A. Risk Factors

Investment in our stock involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the risks described below, together with other information in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and our other filings with the SEC, before making investment decisions regarding our stock. If any of the following risks and uncertainties, or if any other risks and uncertainties, actually occurs, our business, financial condition, or operating results could differ materially from the plans, projections, and other forward-looking statements included in Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations'' and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and in our other public filings. In addition, if any of the following risks and uncertainties, or if any other risks and uncertainties, actually occurs, our business, financial condition, or operating results could be harmed substantially, which could cause the market price of our stock to decline, perhaps significantly. Moreover, the risks described below are not the only ones that we face. Additional risks not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also affect our business, operating results, prospects or financial condition.

Risks Related to Our Business and Industry

Because we are an early-stage company with minimal revenue and a history of losses and we expect to continue to incur substantial losses for the foreseeable future, we cannot assure you that we can or will be able to operate profitably.

We are an early-stage company. We were formed and commenced operations in January 2021. We face all the risks faced by newer companies, including significant competition from existing and emerging competitors, some of which are established and have better access to capital. In addition, as a new business, we may encounter unforeseen expenses, difficulties, complications, delays, and other known and unknown factors. We will need to transition from an early-stage company to a company capable of supporting larger scale commercial activities. If we are not successful in such a transition, our business, results, and financial condition will be harmed.

We have not been profitable to date, and we expect operating losses for the near future. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, we generated revenue of \$0.21 million and \$0.11 million, respectively, and incurred a net loss of \$24.81 million and \$21.86 million, respectively. There can be no assurance that we will not continue to incur net losses in the future. We may not succeed in expanding our customer base and product offerings and even if we do, may never generate revenue that is significant enough to achieve profitability. Even if we do achieve profitability, we may not be able to sustain or increase profitability on a quarterly or annual basis. Furthermore, we may not be able to control overhead expenses even where our operations successfully expand. Our failure to become and remain profitable would depress our value and could impair our ability to raise capital, expand our business, diversify our product offerings, or even continue our operations.

We have a limited operating history, which may make it difficult to evaluate our business and prospects.

We face the risks associated with businesses in their early stages, with limited operating histories and whose prospects are hard to evaluate. Any evaluation of our business and our prospects must be considered in light of the uncertainties, delays, difficulties and expenses commonly experienced by companies at this stage, which generally include unanticipated problems and additional costs relating to the development and testing of products, product approval or clearance, regulatory compliance, production, product introduction and marketing, and competition. For example, we have incurred losses for each of the past few years, driven mainly by our investments in research and development costs. Many of these factors are beyond the control of our management. In addition, our performance will be subject to other factors beyond our control, including general economic conditions and conditions in the robotics industry. Accordingly, our business and success face risks from uncertainties faced by developing companies in a competitive environment. There can be no assurance that our efforts will be successful or that we will ultimately be able to attain profitability.

Our auditor has issued a "going concern" opinion.

Our auditor has issued a "going concern" opinion on our financial statements, which means they are not sure that we will be able to succeed as a business without additional financing. For the year ended December 31, 2023, we generated \$0.21 million in revenue, and we sustained a net loss of \$24.81 million. We had an accumulated deficit of \$68.33 million as of December 31, 2023. Our ability to continue as a going concern until we reach profitability is dependent upon our ability to generate cash from operating activities and to raise additional capital to fund our operations. While we were successful in raising a cumulative total of approximately \$5.0 million in convertible debt financing through February 23, 2024, our ongoing operational expenses are now approximately \$1.7 million per month without yet generating any material corresponding revenue. Our failure to raise additional capital could have a negative impact on not only our financial condition but also our ability to execute our business plan.



If we fail to effectively manage our growth, we may not be able to design, develop, manufacture, market, and launch new generations of our robotic systems successfully.

We intend to invest significantly in order to expand our business. Any failure to manage our growth effectively could materially and adversely affect our business, prospects, financial condition, and operating results. We intend to expand our operations significantly. We expect our expansion to include:

- expanding the management, engineering, and product teams;
- identifying and recruiting individuals with the appropriate relevant experience;
- hiring and training new personnel;
- launching commercialization of new products and services;
- forecasting production and revenue;
- entering into relationships with one or more third-party design for manufacturing partners and third-party contract manufacturers and/or expanding our internal manufacturing capabilities;
- controlling expenses and investments in anticipation of expanded operations;
- carrying out acquisitions and entering into collaborations, in-licensing arrangements, joint ventures, strategic alliances or partnerships;
- expanding and enhancing internal information technology, safety, and security systems;
- conducting demonstrations;
- entering into agreements with suppliers and service providers; and
- implementing and enhancing administrative infrastructure, systems, and processes.

Should achieved market penetration warrant, we intend to continue to hire a significant number of additional personnel, including engineers, design, production, and operations personnel and service technicians for our robotic systems and services. Because of the innovative nature of our technology, individuals with the necessary experience may not be available to hire, and as a result, we will need to expend significant time and expense to recruit and retain experienced employees and appropriately train any newly hired employees. Competition for individuals with experience designing, producing, and servicing robots and their software is intense, and we may not be able to attract, integrate, train, motivate or retain additional highly qualified personnel. The failure to attract, integrate, train, motivate and retain these additional employees could seriously harm our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results.

Our revenues and profits are subject to fluctuations.

It is difficult to accurately forecast our revenues and operating results, and these could fluctuate in the future due to a number of factors. These factors may include adverse changes in companies' interests in our robotic delivery and branding services, companies' available dollars to invest on our services, general economic conditions, our ability to market our company to companies, headcount and other operating costs, and general industry and regulatory conditions and requirements. The Company's operating results may fluctuate from year to year due to the factors listed above and others not listed. At times, these fluctuations may be significant and could impact our ability to operate our business.



A significant portion of our revenue is concentrated with one customer.

A significant portion of our revenue is concentrated with one customer, Uber. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, sales to Uber accounted for 71% and 50% of our total revenue, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2021, we had not yet commenced any revenue-generating activity. There are inherent risks whenever a large percentage of total revenues are concentrated with a limited number of customers. If Uber were to breach, cancel or amend our agreement, it may have an outsized effect on our revenue, cash on hand, and profitability. In addition, we may have an increased interest in accepting less favorable terms of any amendment as a result.

We are dependent on general economic conditions.

Our business model is dependent on companies purchasing our robotic delivery and branding services. Our business model is thus dependent on national and international economic conditions. Uncertain economic conditions have created volatility in the U.S. Such adverse national and international economic conditions may reduce the future availability of dollars companies have to spend on our services, which would negatively impact our revenues and possibly our ability to continue operations. For example, rising labor costs in recent years have led to increased interest in last-mile automation, while higher interest rates have resulted in a decrease in investment activity and overall capital allocation to hardware startups. The worsening of global economic conditions has in the past adversely affected, and could in the future, adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations, and the worsening of economic conditions in certain specific regions of the country could impact the expansion and success of our businesses in such areas.

Our directors may be engaged in a range of business activities that could result in conflicts of interest.

We may be subject to various potential conflicts of interest because some of our officers and directors may be engaged in a range of business activities. In addition, our executive officers and directors may devote time to their outside business interests, so long as such activities do not materially or adversely interfere with their duties owed to us. In some cases, our executive officers and directors may have fiduciary obligations associated with these business interests that interfere with their ability to devote time to our business and affairs and that could adversely affect our operations. These business interests could require significant time and attention of our executive officers and directors. In addition, we may also become involved in other transactions which conflict with the interests of our directors and the officers who may from time-to-time deal with persons, firms, institutions or companies with which we may be dealing, or which may be seeking investments similar to those desired by us. The interests of these persons could conflict with our interests. For example, one of our directors, James Buckley Jordan, currently serves as a director, officer, or advisor to multiple companies, including Miso Robotics and Vebu Labs, that compete in our industry, robotics and automation.

Unfavorable changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates may adversely affect our financial condition, liquidity, and results of operations.

Fluctuations in interest rates and foreign exchange rates may negatively impact our business. These rates are highly sensitive to many factors beyond our control, including general economic conditions, both domestic and foreign, and the monetary and fiscal policies of various governmental and regulatory authorities. Any of such widespread economic conditions could negatively impact our supply chain partners and the industry as a whole, which could materially decrease our profits and cash flow. We have experienced increased costs in acquiring parts for our robots as a result of the global semiconductor industry facing shortages in supply as well as inflation and increased interest rates. We, or our supply chain partners, could continue to increase prices as a result of other adverse macroeconomic conditions.

The inability of our supply chain to deliver certain key electrical components, such as semiconductors, could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Certain highly complex components used to manufacture our robots are obtained from single or limited sources that we may have to compete for with other participants in the robotics, consumer electronics, and automotive markets. If our supply chain fails to deliver products to us in sufficient quality and quantity on a timely basis, we will be challenged to meet our target production and development timelines and could incur significant additional expenses for expedited freight and other related costs. Our supply chain may also be adversely impacted by events outside of our control, including macroeconomic events, trade restrictions and economic recessions. For example, throughout 2022, we experienced delays in supply chain deliveries, extended lead times and shortages of key components. Supply chain disruptions may delay the timing of production and maintenance of our robots, which in turn could negatively impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our robots are reliant on semiconductors. In recent years, there has been an ongoing shortage of semiconductors. The semiconductor supply chain is complex, with capacity constraints occurring throughout. We have and will continue to work closely with our suppliers to minimize any potential adverse impacts of the global semiconductor chip shortage and monitor the availability of semiconductor chips and other key components and any other supply chain inefficiencies that may arise. In an effort to mitigate these risks, in some cases, we may have to incur higher costs due to investment in supply chain resiliency and to secure available inventory or make non-cancellable purchase commitments with semiconductor suppliers, which introduce inventory risk if our forecasts and assumptions prove inaccurate. Furthermore, if we are not able to mitigate the impact of the semiconductor chip shortage, any direct or indirect supply chain disruptions may have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our failure to attract and retain highly qualified personnel in the future could harm our business.

We are an innovative technology company. We may not be able to locate or attract qualified individuals for important positions, such as software engineers, robotics engineers, machine vision and machine learning experts and others, which could affect our ability to grow and expand our business. We may also face intense competition for qualified individuals from numerous other companies, including other similarly situated technology companies, many of whom have greater financial and other resources than we do.

In addition, new hires often require significant training and, in many cases, take significant time before they achieve full productivity. We may incur significant costs to attract and retain qualified personnel, including significant expenditures related to salaries and benefits and compensation expenses related to equity awards, and we may lose new employees to our competitors or other companies before we realize the benefit of our investment in recruiting and training them. Moreover, new employees may not be or become as productive as we expect, as we may face challenges in adequately or appropriately integrating them into our workforce and culture. If we are unable to attract, integrate and retain suitably qualified individuals who can meet our technical, operational and managerial requirements, on a timely basis or at all, our business, results of operation and financial condition could be adversely affected.

Litigation or legal proceedings could expose us to significant liabilities, occupy a considerable amount of our management's time and attention, and damage our reputation.

We may, from time to time, be a party to various litigation claims and legal proceedings. We will evaluate these claims and proceedings to assess the likelihood of unfavorable outcomes and estimate, if possible, the amount of potential losses. Claims made or threatened by our suppliers, distributors, customers, competitors, or current or former employees could adversely affect our relationships, damage our reputation or otherwise adversely affect our business, financial condition, or results of operations. The costs associated with defending legal claims and paying damages could be substantial. Our reputation could also be adversely affected by such claims, whether or not successful.



Our future revenue plans rely on partnering with third-party delivery platforms, brand sponsors and/or direct sales to merchants.

Our largest stream of projected revenue comes from maximizing utilization of our robots to perform deliveries. We may be unable to maximize utilization due to a variety of reasons, including insufficient merchant participation, platform partner matching algorithms, failure to deliver a commercial grade product, and a lack of product acceptance by merchants and/or delivery recipients. To date, we have been able to continually increase our robot utilization in our partnership with Uber driven by the continued improvement in our integration, high merchant participation, and widespread product acceptance by users of the Uber platform. We have not yet achieved such levels of utilization targets with Our other partners because those integrations are less complete. To achieve profitability, we would need to continue to improve our utilization targets with Uber above current levels and maintain those levels with other partners as well. As this requires cooperation by third parties, there is no guarantee that it will be achieved within a specific timeframe.

Our financial projections also anticipate generating revenues from brand sponsors who would pay to place their branding on our robots as a form OOH branding. OOH branding on robots is a new phenomenon and as such, an unproven model. To date, for our limited number of robots, we have been able to run periodic OOH advertising campaigns with several brands in varying sectors including real estate, fashion and entertainment, with 22% and 50% of our revenues for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, coming from OOH advertising. In the future, if we are unable to realize these sales, our business model and go-to-market strategy will be jeopardized.

Failure of our service providers or disruptions to our outsourcing relationships may negatively impact our ability to conduct our business.

Certain of our remote piloting services are currently provided by third-party vendors, and sometimes from service centers outside of the United States. Services provided pursuant to arrangements with these third-party vendors could be disrupted due to events outside of their control such as power failures, cybersecurity incidents, internet traffic congestion or increased latency, or deterioration in their economic condition. Similarly, the expiration of agreements associated with such arrangements or the transition of services between providers could lead to loss of institutional knowledge or service disruptions. While we have not experienced material impact of such disruptions to date, our reliance on others as service providers could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in the future.

Our robots operate in public spaces and any errors caused by human supervisors, network connectivity issues, third-party software, or automation may adversely affect our commercial relationships.

Our ability to attract and retain customers (including merchants, platform partners, and brand sponsors) is heavily dependent on our ability to provide a safe and reliable service. Our safety and security track record have been instrumental in helping us attract and retain our existing customers. Because we operate on public sidewalks, the performance of our robots is highly visible and we have to maintain the highest standards for public safety. Our operating procedures and automated systems are designed to ensure that our robots yield the right of way to vehicles, pedestrians, and other sidewalk and road users. Examples include only crossing controlled intersections during a pedestrian "walk" signal and slowing down or stopping if a pedestrian approaches the robot from any direction. Our partners, such as Uber, require timely reporting of any material safety incidents, and if they are not able to ascertain our ability to maintain safe operations, our commercial relationships may be jeopardized. To date, we have not experienced material safety incidents that may be caused by our human supervisors, network connectivity issues, third-party software, or automation may put our commercial relationships and financial viability at risk.



Our robots rely on sophisticated software technology that incorporate third-party components and networks to operate, and the inability to maintain licenses for software technology, errors in the software we license or the terms of open-source licenses could result in increased costs or reduced service levels, which would adversely affect our business.

Our robots require certain third-party software and networks to function safely and effectively, and our business relies on certain third-party software obtained under licenses from other companies. We anticipate that we will continue to rely on such third-party software in the future. Although we believe that there are commercially reasonable alternatives to the third-party software we currently license, this may not always be the case, or it may be difficult or costly to replace. In addition, integration of new third-party software may require significant work and require substantial investment of our time and resources. Our use of additional or alternative third-party software would require us to enter into license agreements with third parties, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms or at all. Many of the risks associated with the use of third-party software cannot be eliminated, and these risks could negatively affect our business. Furthermore, performance degradation or lack of access to such software and networks can result in poor delivery performance or even grounding of our entire fleet until it is resolved, which can adversely impact our ability to continue our operations.

Additionally, the software powering our technology systems incorporates software covered by open-source licenses. The terms of many open-source licenses have not been interpreted by U.S. courts, and there is a risk that the licenses could be construed in a manner that imposes unanticipated conditions or restrictions on our ability to operate our systems. In the event that portions of our proprietary software are determined to be subject to an open-source license, we could be required to publicly release the affected portions of our source code or re-engineer all or a portion of our technology systems, each of which could reduce or eliminate the value of our technology systems. Such risk could be difficult or impossible to eliminate and could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

The benefits to customers of our products could be supplanted by other technologies or solutions or competitors' products that utilize similar technology to ours in a more effective way.

The benefits to customers of our products could be supplanted by other technologies or solutions or competitors' products that utilize similar technology to ours in a more effective way. We cannot be sure that alternative technologies or improvements to artificial intelligence, industrial automation or other technologies, processes or industries will not match or exceed the benefits of our products or be more cost effective than our products. The development of any alternative technology that can compete with or supplant our products may materially and adversely affect our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results, including in ways we do not currently anticipate. Any failure by us to develop new or enhanced technologies or processes, or to react to changes in existing technologies, could materially delay our development and introduction of new and enhanced products, which could result in the loss of competitiveness of our robotic systems and solutions, decreased revenue and a loss of market share to competitors. Our research and development efforts may not be sufficient to adapt to new or changing technologies. While we plan to upgrade and adapt our robotic systems and solutions may not compete effectively with alternative products if we are not able to source and integrate the latest technology into our systems and solutions.

We have limited experience commercializing our products at a large scale and may not be able to do so efficiently or effectively.

We have limited experience commercializing robotic systems at a large scale and may not be able to do so efficiently or effectively. A key element of our long-term business strategy is the continued growth in sales, marketing, training, customer service and maintenance and servicing operations, including hiring personnel with the necessary experience. Managing and maintaining these operations is expensive and time consuming, and an inability to leverage such an organization effectively or at all could inhibit potential sales or subscriptions and the penetration and adoption of our products into new markets. In addition, certain decisions we make regarding staffing in these areas in our efforts to maintain an adequate spending level could have unintended negative effects on our revenues, such as by weakening the sales, marketing and maintenance and servicing infrastructures or lowering the quality of customer service.

We are substantially reliant on our relationships with suppliers and service providers for the parts and components in our robots, as well as for the manufacture of our robots. If any of these suppliers or service partners choose to not do business with us, then we would have significant difficulty in procuring and producing our robots and our business prospects would be significantly harmed.

Our robots contain hundreds of components which are assembled by third-party manufacturing partners. Collaboration with third parties for the manufacturing of robots is subject to risks with respect to operations that are outside our control. Global supply chain problems directly impact our ability to obtain these components cost-effectively. We could experience delays to the extent our current or future partners do not continue doing business with us, meet agreed upon timelines, experience capacity constraints or otherwise are unable to deliver components or manufacture robots as expected. For example, we have had to delay increasing the number of robots in our fleet due to previous third-party supply restraints. Serve has an agreement with a leading LIDAR vendor to purchase LIDARs at highly competitive prices within a limited timeframe. Failure to leverage this agreement, or secure similar supplier agreements for components that may face availability constraints due to supply chain disruptions can result in higher prices for those components, which in turn increases the cost of manufacturing robots and result in an adverse financial impact to our delivery economics.

There is risk of potential disputes with partners, and we could be affected by adverse publicity related to our partners whether or not such publicity is related to their collaboration with us. Our ability to successfully build a premium brand could also be adversely affected by perceptions about the quality of our partner manufacturers' robots or other robots manufactured by the same partner. In addition, although we intend to be involved in material decisions in the supply chain and manufacturing process, given that we also rely on our partners to meet our quality standards, there can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain high quality standards.

We may in the future enter into strategic alliances, including joint ventures or minority equity investments, with various third parties to further our business purpose. These alliances could subject us to a number of risks, including risks associated with sharing proprietary information, non-performance by the third party, and increased expenses in establishing new strategic alliances, any of which may materially and adversely affect our business.

The evolving regulations around PDDs could materially impact our business and growth prospects in new markets.

Sidewalk robots, as opposed to autonomous vehicles operating on public streets, are not by default prohibited from operations in most jurisdictions. But there is no guarantee that the current permissive environment will not change in the future, especially as more sidewalk robots get deployed. While we currently have the requisite permits and support from local municipalities in areas we operate, any change in regulations or permit requirements could adversely impact our business. Therefore, we proactively engage with lawmakers, academics, standards-setting organizations, urban planning nonprofits, disability rights advocates, senior citizen organizations, and regional bicycle coalitions to anticipate and mitigate potential regulatory challenges.

Over a dozen states across the United States have enacted legislation regulating PDDs, using a definition that includes sidewalk robots such as ours. While these regulations have been largely industry-friendly and intended to streamline the rollout of PDDs in those jurisdictions, they are not yet uniform and may present some challenges as we seek to deploy in new markets. For example, Washington State and the District of Columbia have a 100 lbs unladen weight restriction and the City of Santa Monica prohibits the operation of autonomous devices on sidewalks, that would require amending in order for us to expand into those jurisdictions.

Furthermore, the cellular network and radio systems contained in our robots are regulated by the Federal Communications Commission (the "FCC"), which allocates cellular and wireless bandwidth to ensure minimal conflict between operators. And the battery packs within our robots use custom lithium-ion cells. The transportation and effective storage of lithium-ion batteries is tightly regulated by the U.S. Department of Transportation and other regulatory bodies. Any failure to comply with the Department of Transportation's storage and transport requirements or the FCC's regulations on wireless communications could result in fines, loss of permits and licenses or other regulatory consequences, which could limit our ability to manufacture and deliver our robotic systems and negatively affect our business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

Defects, glitches, or malfunctions in our products or the software that operates them, failure of our products to perform as expected, connectivity issues or operator errors may result in product recalls, lower than expected return on investment for customers and cause significant safety concerns, each of which could adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition and our reputation.

The design, manufacture, and marketing of our products involve certain inherent risks. Manufacturing or design defects, glitches, malfunctions, connectivity issues between the central processing unit and peripheral vehicle subsystems, operator errors, unanticipated use of our robotic systems, inadequate disclosure of risks relating to the use of sidewalk robots, among others, can lead to injury, property damage or other adverse events. We conduct extensive testing of our units, in some instances in collaboration with our customers, to ensure that any such issues can be identified and addressed in advance of commercial launch of the products. However, there can be no assurance that we will be able to identify all such issues or that, if identified, efforts to address them will be effective in all cases.

In addition, if the manufacturing of our products is outsourced, we may not be aware of manufacturing defects that could occur. Such adverse events could lead to unexpected failures in our products and could result, in certain cases, in the removal of our products from the market. A product recall could result in significant costs. To the extent any manufacturing defect occurs, our agreement with the third-party manufacturer may contain a limitation on the third-party manufacturer's liability, and therefore we could be required to incur the majority of related costs. Product defects or recalls could also result in negative publicity, damage to our reputation or, in the event of regulatory developments, delays in new product acceptance.

Our products incorporate sophisticated computer software. Complex software frequently contains errors, especially when first introduced. Our software may experience errors or performance problems in the future. If any part of our products' hardware or software were to fail, the service mission could be compromised. Additionally, users may not use our products in accordance with safety protocols and training, which could amplify the risk of failure. Any such occurrence could cause delay in market acceptance of our products, damage to our reputation, product recalls, increased service and warranty costs, product liability claims and loss of revenue relating to such hardware or software defects.

We anticipate that as part of our ordinary course of business we may be subject to product liability claims alleging defects in the design or manufacture of our products. A product liability claim, regardless of our merit or eventual outcome, could result in significant legal defense costs and high punitive damage payments. Although we maintain product liability insurance, the coverage is subject to deductibles and limitations, and may not be adequate to cover future claims. Additionally, we may be unable to maintain our existing product liability insurance in the future at satisfactory rates or adequate amounts.

Even if our products perform properly and are used as intended, if operators sustain any injuries while using our products, we could be exposed to liability and our results of operations, financial condition, and our reputation may be adversely affected.

Our products contain complex technology and must be used as designed and intended in order to operate safely and effectively. While we expect to develop a training, customer service and maintenance and servicing infrastructure to ensure users are equipped to operate our products in a safe manner, we cannot be sure that the products will ultimately be used as designed and intended. In addition, we cannot be sure that we will be able to predict all the ways in which use or misuse of the products can lead to injury or damage to property, and our training resources may not be successful at preventing all incidents. If operators were to cause any injuries or damage to property while using our products, in a manner consistent with our training and instructions or otherwise, we could be exposed to liability and our results of operations, financial condition and our reputation may be adversely affected.

We operate in a competitive industry that is subject to rapid technological change, and competitors may have or attain more resources and/or greater market recognition than we do.

Our competitor base may change or expand as we continue to develop and commercialize our robotic systems in the future. Some of these companies are direct competitors, while others provide adjacent services such as delivery with autonomous vehicles on streets that could impact our market. A number of these companies may have, or may attain, more resources and/or greater market recognition than we do. These or other competitors may develop new technologies or products that provide superior results to customers or are less expensive than our products. Our technologies and products could have reduced competitiveness by such developments.

Our competitors may respond more quickly to new or emerging technologies, undertake more extensive marketing campaigns, have greater financial, marketing, manufacturing and other resources than we do, or may be more successful in attracting potential customers, employees and strategic partners. In addition, potential customers could have long-standing or contractual relationships with competitors. Potential customers may be reluctant to adopt our products, particularly if they compete with or have the potential to compete with or diminish the need/utilization of products or technologies supported through these existing relationships. If we are not able to compete effectively, our business, prospects, financial condition, and operating results will be negatively impacted.

In addition, because we operate in a new market, the actions of our competitors could adversely affect our business. Adverse events such as product defects or legal claims with respect to competing or similar products could cause reputational harm to the robotics market on the whole and, accordingly, our business.

If we cannot protect, maintain and, if necessary, enforce our intellectual property rights, our ability to develop and commercialize products may be adversely impacted.

Our success, in large part, depends on our ability to protect and maintain the proprietary nature of our technology. We must prosecute and maintain our existing patents and obtain new patents. Some of our proprietary information may not be patentable, and there can be no assurance that others will not utilize similar or superior solutions to compete with us. We cannot guarantee that we will develop proprietary products that are patentable, and that, if issued, any patent will give us a competitive advantage or that such patent will not be challenged by third parties. The process of obtaining patents can be time consuming with no certainty of success, as a patent may not issue or may not have sufficient scope or strength to protect the intellectual property it was intended to protect. We cannot assure you that our means of protecting our proprietary rights will suffice or that others will not independently develop competitive technology or design around patents or other intellectual property rights issued to us. If any of our products or the technology underlying our products is covered by third-party patents or other intellectual property rights, we could be subject to various legal actions. Even if a patent is issued, it does not guarantee that it is valid or enforceable. Any patents that we or our licensors have obtained or obtain in the future may be challenged, invalidated, or unenforceable. If necessary, we intend to initiate actions to protect our intellectual property, which will be costly and time consuming, and could have an adverse impact on our business, results of operation and financial condition.

We may be subject to claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights.

Our operating results may be adversely affected if third parties claim that our products infringed their patent, copyright, or other intellectual property rights. We cannot assure that our products do not, or will not in the future, infringe patents held by others. Although there have been no allegations made to this effect, we cannot assure that we will not receive such correspondence from third parties or competitors in the future. Such assertions could lead to expensive and unpredictable litigation, diverting the attention of management and technical personnel. Litigation may be necessary to enforce our intellectual property rights, to protect our trade secrets, to determine the validity and scope of the proprietary rights of others, or to defend against claims of infringement or invalidity, misappropriation, or other claims. Any such litigation could result in substantial costs and diversion of our resources. Moreover, any settlement of or adverse judgment resulting from such litigation could require us to obtain a license to continue to use the technology that is the subject of the claim, or otherwise restrict or prohibit our use of the technology. Any required licenses may not be available to us on acceptable terms, if at all. An unsuccessful result in such litigation could adversely affect our business, including injunctions, exclusion orders, and royalty payments to third parties.

Security breaches and other disruptions could compromise our proprietary information and expose us to liability, which would cause our business and reputation to suffer.

We rely on trade secrets, technical know-how, and other unpatented proprietary information relating to our product development and manufacturing activities to provide us with competitive advantages. We protect this information by entering into confidentiality agreements with our employees, consultants, strategic partners, and other third parties. We also design our computer systems and networks and implement various procedures to restrict unauthorized access to the dissemination of our proprietary information.

We face internal and external data security threats. For example, current, departing, or former employees or third parties could attempt to improperly use or access our computer systems and networks to copy, obtain, or misappropriate our proprietary information or otherwise interrupt our business. Like others, we are also subject to significant system or network disruptions from numerous causes, including computer viruses and other cyber-attacks, facility access issues, new system implementations, and energy blackouts.



Security breaches, computer malware, phishing, spoofing, and other cyber-attacks have become more prevalent and sophisticated in recent years. We do not believe that such attacks have caused us any material damage to date, but because the techniques used by computer hackers and others to access or sabotage networks constantly evolve and generally are not recognized until launched against a target, we may be unable to anticipate, counter or ameliorate all these techniques. As a result, our and our customers' proprietary information may be misappropriated, and we cannot predict the impact of any future incident. Any loss of such information could harm our competitive position, result in a loss of customer confidence in the adequacy of our threat mitigation and detection processes and procedures, cause us to incur significant costs to remedy the damages caused by the incident, and divert management and other resources. We routinely implement improvements to our network security safeguards, and we are devoting increasing resources to the security of our information technology systems. However, we cannot assure that such system improvements will be sufficient to prevent or limit the damage from any future cyber-attack or network disruptions.

The costs related to cyber-attacks or other security threats or computer systems disruptions typically would not be fully insured or indemnified by others. As a result, the occurrence of any of the events described above could result in the loss of competitive advantages derived from our intellectual property. Moreover, these events may result in the diversion of the attention of management and critical information technology and other resources, or otherwise adversely affect our internal operations and reputation or degrade our financial results and stock price.

We may be subject to theft, loss, or misuse of personal data by or about our employees, customers, or other third parties, which could increase our expenses, damage our reputation, or result in legal or regulatory proceedings.

In the ordinary course of our business, we have access to sensitive, confidential, or personal data or information regarding our employees and others that is subject to privacy and security laws and regulations. Therefore, the theft, loss, or misuse of personal data collected, used, stored, or transferred by us to run our business, or by our third-party service providers, including business process software applications providers and other vendors that have access to sensitive data, could result in damage to our reputation, disruption of our business activities, significantly increased business and security costs or costs related to defending legal claims. For example, in July 2023, third-party actors attempted to steal one of our robots. We are not aware that any data was obtained during any incident of vandalism or attempted theft. We are also aware of certain media reports relating to the use of our robots as elements in law enforcement surveillance efforts. As a general policy, we do not share data with law enforcement, except in certain narrow circumstances where (1) we are required to share data when served with a warrant or subpoena, or (2) there are insurance claims, active incident investigations, or acts of armed violence or theft attempts involving the Company's personnel or property.

Global privacy legislation, enforcement, and policy activity in this area are rapidly expanding and creating a complex regulatory compliance environment. For example, the European Union has adopted the General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR"), which requires companies to comply with rules regarding the handling of personal data, including its use, protection, and the ability of persons whose data is stored to correct or delete such data about themselves. Failure to meet GDPR requirements could result in penalties of up to 4% of worldwide revenue. In addition, the interpretation and application of consumer and data protection laws in the U.S., Europe, and elsewhere are often uncertain and fluid and may be interpreted and applied in a manner that is inconsistent with our data practices. As a result, complying with these changing laws has caused, and could continue to cause, us to incur substantial costs, which could harm our business and results of operations. Further, failure to comply with federal, state, or international privacy-related or data protection laws and regulations could result in audits, regulatory inquiries, or proceedings against us by governmental entities or others.

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Our business plans require a significant amount of capital. Our future capital needs may require us to sell additional equity or debt securities that may dilute our stockholders or contain terms unfavorable to us or our investors.

We will require significant capital to operate our business and fund our capital expenditures for the next several years. The level and timing of future expenditure will depend on a number of factors, many of which are outside our control. While we expect that we will have sufficient capital to fund our currently planned operations, it is possible that we will need to raise additional capital to fund our business, including to finance ongoing research and development costs, manufacturing, any significant unplanned or accelerated expenses, and new strategic alliances or acquisitions. The fact that we have limited experience commercializing our delivery robotic systems on a large scale, coupled with the fact that our products represent a new product category in the commercial and delivery robotic market, means we have limited historical data on the demand for our robotic systems. In addition, we expect our capital expenditures to continue to be significant in the foreseeable future as we continue generational improvements for our commercial products, and that our level of capital expenditures will be significantly affected by customer demand for our robotic systems. As a result, our future capital requirements may be different from those we currently anticipate. We may need to seek equity or debt financing to finance a portion of our capital expenditures. Such financing might not be available to us in a timely manner or on terms that are acceptable, or at all, or that such funds, if raised, would be sufficient.

Our ability to obtain the necessary financing to carry out our business plan is subject to a number of factors, including general market conditions and investor acceptance of our business model. These factors may make the timing, amount, terms, and conditions of such financing unattractive or unavailable to us. If we are unable to raise sufficient funds, we will have to significantly reduce our spending, delay or cancel our planned activities or substantially change our corporate structure. We might not be able to obtain any funding, and we might not have sufficient resources to conduct business as projected, both of which could mean that we would be forced to curtail or discontinue our operations.

In addition, our future capital needs and other business reasons could require us to sell additional equity or debt securities or obtain a credit facility. The sale of additional equity or equity-linked securities could dilute our stockholders. The incurrence of indebtedness would result in increased debt service obligations and could result in operating and financing covenants that would restrict our operations.

If we cannot raise additional funds when we need or want them, we may be forced to curtail or abandon our growth plans, which could adversely impact the Company, its business, development, financial condition, operating results or prospects.

We will be required to raise additional capital in order to develop our technology and scale our commercial delivery operations. However, we may be unable to raise additional capital needed to fund and grow our business.

We will need additional capital to develop the next version of the Serve robots and scale our commercial delivery operations. We will not be able to continue product development and our commercial deliveries if we cannot raise additional debt and/or equity financing.

We may not be able to increase our capital resources by engaging in additional debt or equity financings. Even if we complete such financings, they may result in dilution to our existing investors and include additional rights or terms that may be unfavorable to our existing investor base. These circumstances could materially and adversely affect our financial results and impair our ability to achieve our business objectives. Additionally, we may be required to accept terms that restrict our ability to incur additional indebtedness or take other actions (including terms that require us to maintain specified liquidity or other ratios) that would otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders.

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Adverse developments affecting the financial services industry, such as actual events or concerns involving liquidity, defaults, or non-performance by domestic and international financial institutions or transactional counterparties, could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Actual events involving reduced or limited liquidity, defaults, non-performance or other adverse developments that affect domestic and international financial institutions or other companies in the financial services industry or the financial services industry generally, or concerns or rumors about any events of these kinds, have in the past and may in the future lead to market-wide liquidity problems. For example, on March 10, 2023, Silicon Valley Bank was closed by the California Department of Financial Protection and Innovation, which appointed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as receiver. We maintain a banking relationship with Silicon Valley Bank and are required to keep deposits with Silicon Valley Bank pursuant to our Loan and Security Agreement with them. Although we had debt with Silicon Valley Bank at the time of its closure, following the closure, the debt was subsequently assumed by First Citizens Bank & Trust and we have experienced no impacts from the closure. However, investor concerns regarding the U.S. or international financial systems could result in less favorable commercial financing terms, including higher interest rates or costs and tighter financing on acceptable terms or at all. Any decline in available funding or access to our cash and liquidity resources could, among other risks, adversely impact our ability to meet our operating expenses, financial obligations or fulfill our other obligations, or result in breaches of our financial and/or contractual obligations. Any of these impacts, or any other impacts resulting from the factors described above or other related or similar factors not described above, could have material adverse impacts on our liquidity and our current and/or projected business operations, financial condition and results of operations.

If use of the internet via websites, mobile devices and other platforms, particularly with respect to online food ordering, does not continue, our business and growth prospects will be harmed.

Our business and growth prospects are substantially dependent upon the continued use of the internet as an effective medium of transactions by diners. Internet use may not continue to develop at historical rates, and diners may not continue to use the internet and other online services to order their food at current or increased growth rates or at all, which could adversely impact our business, results of operation and financial condition. In addition, the internet and mobile applications may not continue to be accepted as a viable platform or resource for a number of reasons, including:

- actual or perceived lack of security of information or privacy protection;
- possible disruptions, computer viruses or other damage to internet servers, users' computers or mobile applications;
- excessive governmental regulation; and
- unacceptable delays due to actual or perceived limitations of wireless networks.

Our business depends on discretionary spending patterns in the areas in which the restaurants on our partners' platforms operate and in the economy at large. Economic downturns or other events (like coronavirus variants or similar widespread health/pandemic outbreaks) impacting the United States and global economy could materially adversely affect our results of operations.

Purchases at restaurants and food and beverage hospitality services locations are discretionary for consumers and we are therefore susceptible to changes in discretionary spending patterns or economic slowdowns in the geographic areas in which restaurants on our partners' platforms operate and in the economy at large. Discretionary consumer spending can be impacted by general economic conditions, unemployment, consumer debt, inflation, rising gasoline prices, interest rates, consumer confidence, and other macroeconomic factors. We believe that consumers generally are more willing to make discretionary purchases, including delivery, dine-in or carryout of restaurant meals, during favorable economic conditions. Disruptions in the overall economy (including disruptions due to coronavirus or similar health/pandemic events), including high unemployment, inflation, rising gasoline prices, financial market volatility and unpredictability, and the related reduction in consumer confidence, could negatively affect food and beverage sales throughout the restaurant industry, including orders through our partners' platforms. Additionally, merchants on our partners' platforms may be negatively impacted by general economic conditions, supply chain issues, labor shortages, inflation, or other macroeconomic factors, which could negatively impact their ability to fulfill orders. There is also a risk that if uncertain economic conditions persist for an extended period of time or worsen, consumers might make long-lasting changes to their discretionary spending behavior, including ordering food for delivery, dine-in or carryout less frequently. The ability of the U.S. economy to handle this uncertainty is likely to be affected by many national and international factors that are beyond our control. These factors, including national, regional and local politics and economic conditions, continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, disposable consumer income and consumer confidence, also affect discretionary consumer spending. If any of these factors cause restaurants to cease operations or cease using our partners' platforms, it could also significantly harm our financial results, for the reasons set forth elsewhere in these risk factors. Continued uncertainty in or a worsening of the economy, generally or in a number of our markets, and diners' reactions to these trends could adversely affect our business and cause us to, among other things, reduce the number and frequency of new market openings or cease operations in existing markets.

Moreover, inflation also increases the cost of labor and materials needed to build and operate robots. For example, we have observed an increase in cost of labor for managing and maintaining robots in the field in the past year. However, over a longer time horizon, technological improvements continue to reduce the cost of our key components such as sensors, batteries and computers. While the unit cost of labor for operating robots will increase over time with inflation, robotic delivery leverages labor more efficiently than manual courier delivery. As such, we believe labor inflation increases the cost of manual courier delivery and similar alternatives to robotic delivery more than it increases robotic delivery cost. However, we believe improvements in robot autonomy will continue to reduce the rate of labor usage.

Our products and services are disruptive to the delivery services industries, and important assumptions about the market demand, pricing, adoption rates and sales cycle, for our current and future products and services may be inaccurate.

The market demand for and adoption of our delivery robots is unproven, and important assumptions about the characteristics of targeted markets, pricing, and sales cycles may be inaccurate. Although we have engaged in ongoing dialogue with potential customers, we have no binding commitments to purchase products and services. Existing or new regulatory or safety standards, or resistance by customer employees and labor unions, all of which are outside of our control, could cause delays or otherwise impair adoption of these new technologies, which will adversely affect our growth, financial position, and prospects. Given the evolving nature of the markets in which we operate, it is difficult to predict customer demand or adoption rates for our products or the future growth of the markets we expect to target. If one or more of the targeted markets experience a shift in customer or prospective customer demand, our products may not compete as effectively, if at all, and they may not be fully developed into commercial products. As a result, the financial projections in this report necessarily reflect various estimates and assumptions that may not prove accurate and these projections could differ materially from actual results because of the risks included in this "*Risk Factors*" section, among others. If demand does not develop as expected or if we cannot accurately forecast pricing, adoption rates and sales cycle for our products, our business, results of operations and financial condition will be adversely affected.

The benefits of our products to customers and projected return on investment have not been substantiated through long-term trials or use.

Our core products' benefits to customers and projected return on investment have not been substantiated through long-term trials or use. We currently have a limited frame of reference by which to evaluate the performance of our delivery robotic systems upon which our business prospects depend. There can be no assurance that such robotic systems will provide their expected benefit to customers. Our robotic systems may not perform consistently with customers' expectations or effectively compete with other robotics products which may become available. Any failure of our robotic systems and software to perform as expected could harm our reputation and result in adverse publicity, lost revenue, delivery delays, product recalls, product liability claims and significant warranty and other expenses and could have a material adverse impact on our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results. Additionally, problems and defects experienced by competitors or others in the delivery robotics market could, by association, have a negative impact on perception and customer demand for our delivery robotic systems.

Even if we successfully market our robotic systems, the purchase or subscription, adoption and use of these systems may be materially and negatively impacted if our customers resist their use and adoption.

We have designed and developed our robotic systems with the goal of reducing operating costs and greenhouse gases. Even if we successfully market our products and services to customers, the purchase, adoption and the use of the products may be materially and negatively impacted if our customers resist or delay the use and adoption of these new technology products and services. Customers may resist or delay the adoption of our products and services for several reasons, including lack of confidence in autonomous and semi-autonomous delivery vehicles. If our customers resist or delay adoption of our robotic delivery services, our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results will be materially and adversely affected.

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Our systems, products, technologies and services and related equipment may have shorter useful lives than we anticipate.

Our growth strategy depends in part on developing systems, products, technologies, and services. These reusable systems, products, technologies and services and systems will have a limited useful life. While we intend to design our products and technologies for a certain lifespan, which corresponds to a number of cycles, there can be no assurance as to the actual operational life of a product or that the operational life of individual components will be consistent with its design life. A number of factors will impact the useful lives of our products and systems, including, among other things, the quality of their design and construction, the durability of their component parts and availability of any replacement components, and the occurrence of any anomaly or series of anomalies or other risks affecting the technology during launch and in orbit. In addition, any improvements in technologies and services and related equipment have shorter useful lives than we currently anticipate, this may lead to delays in increasing the rate of our follow on work and new business, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations. In addition, we are continually learning, and as our engineering and manufacturing expertise and efficiency increases, we aim to leverage this learning to be able to manufacture our products and equipment using less of our currently installed equipment, which could render our existing inventory obsolete.

Any acquisitions, partnerships, or joint ventures that we enter into could disrupt our operations and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

From time to time, we may evaluate potential strategic acquisitions of businesses, including partnerships or joint ventures with third parties. We may not be successful in identifying acquisition, partnership, and joint venture candidates. In addition, we may not be able to continue the operational success of such businesses or successfully finance or integrate any businesses that we acquire or with which we form a partnership or joint venture. We may have potential write-offs of acquired assets and/or an impairment of any goodwill recorded as a result of acquisitions. Furthermore, the integration of any acquisition, partnership or joint venture may not be successful, may reduce our cash reserves, may negatively affect our earnings and financial performance and, to the extent financed with the proceeds of debt, may increase our indebtedness. Further, depending on market conditions, investor perceptions of us and other factors, we might not be able to obtain financing on acceptable terms, or at all, to implement any such transaction. We cannot ensure that any acquisition, partnership, or joint venture we make will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

As part of growing our business, we may make acquisitions. If we fail to successfully select, execute, or integrate our acquisitions, then our business, results of operations and financial condition could be materially adversely affected, and our stock price could decline.

Failure to successfully identify, complete, manage and integrate acquisitions could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and could cause our stock price to decline.

From time to time, we may undertake acquisitions to add new products and technologies, acquire talent, gain new sales channels, or enter into new markets or sales territories. In addition to possible stockholder approval, we may need approvals and licenses from relevant government authorities for the acquisitions and to comply with any applicable laws and regulations, and a failure to obtain such approvals and licenses could result in delays and increased costs and may disrupt our business strategy. Furthermore, acquisitions and the subsequent integration of new assets, businesses, key personnel, customers, vendors, and suppliers require significant attention from our management and could result in a diversion of resources from our existing business, which in turn could have an adverse effect on our operations. Acquired assets or businesses may not generate the financial results we expect. Acquisitions could result in the use of substantial amounts of cash, potentially dilutive issuances of equity securities and exposure to potential unknown liabilities of the acquired business. Moreover, the costs of identifying and consummating acquisitions may be significant.



Our management team will have broad discretion in making strategic decisions to execute their growth plans, and there can be no assurance that our management's decisions will result in successful achievement of our business objectives or will not have unintended consequences that negatively impact our growth prospects.

Our management will have broad discretion in making strategic decisions to execute their growth plans and may devote time and company resources to new or expanded solution offerings, potential acquisitions, prospective customers or other initiatives that do not necessarily improve our operating results or contribute to our growth. Management's failure to make strategic decisions that are ultimately accretive to our growth may result in unfavorable returns and uncertainty about our prospects, each of which could cause the price of the common stock to decline.

We face risks related to natural disasters, health epidemics and other outbreaks, which could significantly disrupt our operations.

Our facilities or operations or those of any third-party manufacturers or suppliers could be adversely affected by events outside of our or their control, such as natural disasters, wars, health epidemics, and other calamities. Our robots are charged overnight and rely on broadband internet connectivity to operate; therefore, power outages and broadband connectivity disruptions would adversely impact our operations. Furthermore, as hardware, our robots can be damaged or irreparably destroyed by the effects of fire, floods, typhoons, earthquakes, power loss, telecommunications failures, break-ins, war, riots, terrorist or malicious attacks or similar events.

We, any manufacturing partners, and suppliers may rely on complex machinery for production, which involves a significant degree of risk and uncertainty in terms of operational performance and costs.

We, any third-party manufacturing partners, and suppliers may rely on complex machinery for the production, assembly, repair, and maintenance of our robotic systems, which will involve a significant degree of uncertainty and risk in terms of operational performance and costs. Our operational facilities, and those of any third-party manufacturing partners and suppliers consist or are expected to consist of large-scale machinery combining many components. These components may suffer unexpected malfunctions from time to time and will depend on repairs and spare parts to resume operational performance and costs can be difficult to predict and are often influenced by factors outside of our or any third-party manufacturing partners' control, such as, but not limited to, scarcity of natural resources, environmental hazards and remediation, costs associated with decommissioning of machines, labor disputes and strikes, difficulty or delays in obtaining governmental permits, damages or defects in electronic systems, industrial accidents, fire, seismic activity and natural disasters. Should operational risks materialize, they may result in the personal injury to or death of workers, the loss of production equipment, damage to production facilities, monetary losses, delays and unanticipated fluctuations in production, environmental damage, administrative fines, increased insurance costs and potential legal liabilities, all which could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results.

We may be unable to adequately control the costs associated with our operations.

We will require significant capital to develop and grow our business, including developing and producing our commercial robotic systems and other products, establishing or expanding design, research and development, production, operations and maintenance and service facilities and building our brand and partnerships. We have incurred and expects to continue incurring significant expenses which will impact our profitability, including research and development expenses, procurement costs, business development, operation and integration expenses as we build and deploy our robotic fleet, and general and administrative expenses as we scale our operations, identify and commit resources to investigate new areas of demand and incur costs as a public company. In addition, we may incur significant costs servicing, maintaining and refurbishing our robots, and we expect that the cost to repair and service our robots will increase over time as they age. Our ability to become profitable in the future will not only depend on our ability to complete the design and development of our robots to meet projected performance metrics, identify and investigate new areas of demand and successfully market our robotic services, but also to sell, whether outright or through subscriptions, our systems at prices needed to achieve our expected margins and control our costs, including the risks and costs associated with operating, maintaining and financing our robots. If we are unable to efficiently design, develop, manufacture, market, deploy, distribute and service our robots in a cost-effective manner, our margins, profitability and prospects would be materially and adversely affected.



Our ability to manufacture products of sufficient quality on schedule in the future is uncertain, and delays in the design, production and launch of our products could harm our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results.

Our future business depends in large part on our ability to execute our plans to design, develop, manufacture, market, deploy and service our products. We intend to outsource the manufacturing of our robotic systems to a third-party manufacturing partner. While this arrangement may lower operating costs, it may have an adverse effect on our flexibility to respond to changing conditions.

We also plan to retain third-party vendors and service providers to engineer, design and test some of the critical systems and components of our units. While this allows us to draw from such third parties' industry knowledge and expertise, there can be no assurance such systems and components will be successfully developed to our specifications or delivered in a timely manner to meet our program timing requirements.

Laws, regulations, and other legislative efforts related to climate change, environmental concerns, and health and safety could result in increased operating costs, reduced demand for our products and services, or the loss of future business.

Concerns over environmental pollution and climate change have produced significant legislative and regulatory efforts on a global basis, and we believe this will continue both in scope and in the number of countries participating. These changes could directly increase the cost of energy, which may have an effect on the way we manufacture products or utilize energy to produce our products. In addition, any new regulations or laws in the environmental area might increase the cost of raw materials or key components we use in our products. Environmental regulations may require us to reduce product energy usage and to participate in compulsory recovery and recycling of our products or components. We are unable to predict how any future changes will impact us and if such impacts will be material to our business.

Further, climate change laws, environmental regulations, and other similar measures may have an effect on the operating activities of our customers, which may, in turn, reduce the demand for our products and services. To the extent increasing concentrations of greenhouse gases in the Earth's atmosphere may produce climate changes that have significant physical effects, such as increased frequency and severity of storms, droughts, floods and other climatic events, such events could have a material adverse effect on the Company and potentially subject the Company to further regulation.

We may become subject to new or changing governmental regulations relating to the design, manufacturing, marketing, distribution, servicing, or use of our products, including as a result of climate change, and a failure to comply with such regulations could lead to withdrawal or recall of our products from the market, delay our projected revenues, increase cost, or make our business unviable if we are unable to modify our products to comply.

We may become subject to new or changing international, federal, state and local regulations, including laws relating to the design, manufacturing, marketing, distribution, servicing or use of our products. Such laws and regulations may require us to pause sales and modify our products, which could result in a material adverse effect on our revenues and financial condition. Such laws and regulations can also give rise to liability such as fines and penalties, property damage, bodily injury and cleanup costs. Capital and operating expenses needed to comply with laws and regulations can be significant, and violations may result in substantial fines and penalties, third-party damages, suspension of production or a cessation of our operations. Any failure to comply with such laws or regulations could lead to withdrawal or recall of our products from the market.

Climate change laws and environmental regulations could result in increased operating costs and reduced demand for our services.

Concerns over environmental pollution and climate change have produced significant legislative and regulatory efforts on a global basis, and we believe this will continue both in scope and in the number of countries participating. These changes could directly increase the cost of energy, which may have an effect on the way we manufacture robots or utilize energy to deliver our services. In addition, any new regulations or laws in the environmental area might increase the cost of raw materials or key components we use in our robots. Environmental regulations may require us to reduce product energy usage and to participate in compulsory recovery and recycling of our robots or components. We are unable to predict how any future changes will impact us and if such impacts will be material to our business.

Further, climate change laws, environmental regulations, and other similar measures may have an effect on the operating activities of our customers, which may, in turn, reduce the demand for our products and services. To the extent increasing concentrations of greenhouse gasses in the Earth's atmosphere may produce climate changes that have significant physical effects, such as increased frequency and severity of storms, droughts, floods and other climatic events, such events could have a material adverse effect on the Company and potentially subject the Company to further regulation.

Severe weather conditions and climate change could have a material adverse impact on our business by reducing the operating hours of our robots.

Our robots are designed to operate in common environmental conditions. Currently we operate our robots in warm and dry climates, and we do not operate robots under rare or extreme conditions such as strong storms or unusually high or low temperatures. While with each new generation of robots we plan to continually expand their operating ability (e.g., introducing the ability to manage ice and snow), which in turn would expand our geographic reach, there is no guarantee that our efforts will successfully overcome all severe weather conditions.

We are subject to cybersecurity risks to our operational systems, security systems, infrastructure, integrated software in our products and data processed by us or third-party vendors.

Our business and operations involve the collection, storage, processing, and transmission of personal data and certain other sensitive and proprietary data of collaborators, customers, and others. Additionally, we maintain sensitive and proprietary information relating to our business, such as our own proprietary information and personal data relating to our employees. An increasing number of organizations have disclosed breaches of their information security systems and other information security incidents, some of which have involved sophisticated and highly targeted attacks. We may be a target for attacks by state-sponsored actors and others designed to disrupt our operations or to attempt to gain access to our systems or data that is processed or maintained in our business. The ongoing effects of the COVID-19 pandemic have increased security risks due to personnel working remotely.

We are at risk for interruptions, outages and breaches of our: (a) operational systems, including business, financial, accounting, product development, data processing or production processes, owned by us or our third-party vendors or suppliers; (b) facility security systems, owned by us or our third-party vendors or suppliers; (c) transmission control modules or other in-product technology, owned by us or our third-party vendors or suppliers; (d) the integrated software in our units; or (e) customer data that we processes or that our third-party vendors or suppliers process on our behalf. Because techniques used to obtain unauthorized access to or to sabotage information systems change frequently and may not be known until launched against a target, we may be unable to anticipate or prevent these attacks, react in a timely manner, or implement adequate preventive measures, and may face delays in our detection or remediation of, or other responses to, security breaches and other proprietary or competitively sensitive information; compromise certain information of customers, employees, suppliers, or others; jeopardize the security of our facilities; or affect the performance of in-product technology and the integrated software in our units. Certain efforts may be state-sponsored or supported by significant financial and technological resources, making them even more difficult to detect, remediate, and otherwise respond to.

We plan to include product services and functionality that utilize data connectivity to monitor performance and timely capture opportunities to enhance performance and for safety and cost-saving preventative maintenance. The availability and effectiveness of our services depend on the continued operation of information technology and communications systems. Our systems will be vulnerable to damage or interruption from, among others, physical theft, fire, terrorist attacks, natural disasters, power loss, war, telecommunications failures, viruses, denial or degradation of service attacks, ransomware, social engineering schemes, insider theft or misuse or other attempts to harm our systems. We intend to use our product services and functionality to log information about each unit's use in order to aid us in diagnostics and servicing. Our customers may object to the use of this data, which may require us to implement new or modified data handling policies and mechanisms, increase our unit maintenance costs and costs associated with data processing and handling, and harm our business prospects.

Although we are in the process of implementing certain systems and processes that are designed to protect our data and systems within our control, prevent data loss, and prevent other security breaches and security incidents, these security measures cannot guarantee security. The IT and infrastructure used in our business may be vulnerable to cyberattacks or security breaches, and third parties may be able to access data, including personal data and other sensitive and proprietary data of us and our customers, collaborators and partners, our employees' personal data, or other sensitive and proprietary data, accessible through those systems. Employee error, malfeasance, or other errors in the storage, use, or transmission of any of these types of data could result in an actual or perceived privacy or security breach or other security incident.

Moreover, there are inherent risks associated with developing, improving, expanding and updating our current systems, such as the disruption of our data management, procurement, production execution, finance, supply chain and sales and service processes. These risks may affect our ability to manage our data and inventory, procure parts or supplies or manufacture, deploy, deliver and service our units, adequately protect our intellectual property or achieve and maintain compliance with, or realize available benefits under, applicable laws, regulations and contracts. We cannot be sure that these systems upon which we rely, including those of our third-party vendors or suppliers, will be effectively implemented, maintained or expanded as planned. If we do not successfully implement, maintain or expand these systems as planned, our operations may be disrupted, our ability to accurately and timely report our financial results could be impaired, and deficiencies may arise in our internal control over financial reporting, which may impact our ability to certify our financial results. Moreover, our proprietary information or intellectual property could be compromised or misappropriated, and our reputation may be adversely affected. If these systems do not operate as we expect them to, we may be required to expend significant resources to make corrections or find alternative sources for performing these functions.

Any actual or perceived security breach or security incident, or any systems outages or other disruption to systems used in our business, could interrupt our operations, result in loss or improper access to, or acquisition or disclosure of, data or a loss of intellectual property protection, harm our reputation and competitive position, reduce demand for our products, damage our relationships with customers, partners, collaborators, or others, or result in claims, regulatory investigations, and proceedings and significant legal, regulatory, and financial exposure, and any such incidents or any perception that our security measures are inadequate could lead to loss of confidence in us and harm to our reputation, any of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations. Any actual or perceived breach of privacy or security, or other security incident, impacting any entities with which we share or disclose data (including, for example, our third-party technology providers) could have similar effects. We expect to incur significant costs in an effort to detect and prevent privacy and security breaches and other privacy- and security-related incidents and may face increased costs and requirements to expend substantial resources in the event of an actual or perceived privacy or security breach or other incident.

We are subject to evolving laws, regulations, standards, policies, and contractual obligations related to data privacy and security laws and regulations, and our actual or perceived failure to comply with such obligations could harm our reputation, subject us to significant fines and liability, or otherwise adversely affect our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results.

We are subject to or affected by a number of federal, state and local laws and regulations, as well as contractual obligations and industry standards, that impose certain obligations and restrictions with respect to data privacy and security, and govern our collection, storage, retention, protection, use, processing, transmission, sharing and disclosure of personal information, including that of our employees, customers and others. Most jurisdictions have enacted laws requiring companies to notify individuals, regulatory authorities and others of security breaches involving certain types of data. Such laws may be inconsistent or may change or additional laws may be adopted. In addition, our agreements with certain customers may require us to notify them in the event of a security breach. Such mandatory disclosures are costly, could lead to negative publicity, result in penalties or fines, result in litigation, may cause our customers to lose confidence in the effectiveness of our security measures and require us to expend significant capital and other resources to respond to and/or alleviate problems caused by the actual or perceived security breach.

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The global data protection landscape is rapidly evolving, and implementation standards and enforcement practices are likely to remain uncertain for the foreseeable future. We may not be able to monitor and react to all developments in a timely manner. For example, California adopted the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA"), which became effective in January 2020. The CCPA establishes a privacy framework for covered businesses, including an expansive definition of personal information and data privacy rights for California residents. The CCPA includes a framework with potentially severe statutory damages and private rights of action. The CCPA requires covered businesses to provide new disclosures to California residents, provide them new ways to opt-out of certain disclosures of personal information, and allow for a new cause of action for data breaches. Additionally, a new privacy law, the California Privacy Rights Act ("CPRA"), was approved by California voters in the November 3, 2020 election. The CPRA creates obligations relating to consumer data beginning on January 1, 2022, with implementing regulations expected on or before July 1, 2022, and enforcement beginning July 1, 2023. The CPRA significantly modifies the CCPA, potentially resulting in further uncertainty. Some observers have noted that the CCPA could mark the beginning of a trend toward more stringent privacy legislation in the United States. Other states have begun to propose and enact similar laws. For example, Virginia has enacted the Virginia Consumer Data Protection Act, which provides for obligations similar to the CCPA, and which will go into effect January 1, 2023. As we expand our operations, the CCPA, CPRA, and other laws and regulations relating to privacy and data security may increase our compliance costs and potential liability. Compliance with any applicable privacy and data security laws and regulations is a rigorous and time-intensive process, and we may be required to put in place additional mechanisms to comply with such law

Additionally, as our international presence expands, we may become subject to or face increasing obligations under laws and regulations in countries outside the United States, many of which, such as the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR") and national laws supplementing the GDPR, as well as legislation substantially implementing the GDPR in the United Kingdom, are significantly more stringent than those currently enforced in the United States. The GDPR requires companies to meet stringent requirements regarding the handling of personal data of individuals located in the European Economic Area ("EEA"). The GDPR also includes significant penalties for noncompliance, which may result in monetary penalties of up to the higher of ϵ 20 million or 4% of a group's worldwide turnover for the preceding financial year for the most serious violations. The United Kingdom's version of the GDPR, the UK GDPR, which it maintains along with its Data Protection Act (collectively, the "UK GDPR"), also provides for substantial penalties that, for the most serious violations, can go up to the greater of £17.5 million or 4% of a group's worldwide turnover for the proceeding financial year of a group's worldwide turnover and the greater of £17.5 million or 4% of a group's worldwide turnover and the greater of £17.5 million or 4% of a group's worldwide turnover for the greater of £17.5 million or 4% of a group's worldwide turnover for the greater of £17.5 million or 4% of a group's worldwide turnover for the preceding financial year. Many other jurisdictions globally are considering or have enacted legislation providing for local storage of data or otherwise imposing privacy, data protection and data security obligations in connection with the collection, use and other processing of personal data.

We publish privacy policies and other documentation regarding our collection, processing, use and disclosure of personal information and/or other confidential information. Although we endeavor to comply with our published policies and other documentation, we may at times fail to do so or may be perceived to have failed to do so. Moreover, despite our efforts, we may not be successful in achieving compliance, including if our employees, contractors, service providers or vendors fail to comply with our published policies and documentation. Such failures can subject us to potential action by governmental or regulatory authorities if they are found to be deceptive, unfair, or misrepresentative of our actual practices. We are also aware of certain media reports relating to the use of our robots as elements in law enforcement surveillance efforts. As a general policy, we do not share data with law enforcement, except in certain narrow circumstances where (1) we are required to share data when served with a warrant or subpoena, or (2) there are insurance claims, active incident investigations, or acts of armed violence or theft attempts involving our personnel or property. Public perception of our involvement in such surveillance activities could harm our reputation, and consequently, our business prospects and financial condition. Any actual or perceived inability of us to adequately address privacy and security concerns or comply with applicable laws, rules and regulations relating to privacy, data protection or data security, or applicable privacy notices, could lead to investigations, claims, and proceedings by governmental entities and private parties, damages for contract breach, and other significant costs, penalties, and other liabilities. Any such claims or other proceedings could be expensive and time-consuming to defend and could result in adverse publicity. Any of the foregoing may have an adverse effect on our business, prospects, results of operations, and financial condition.

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We are subject to U.S. and foreign anti-corruption and anti-money laundering laws and regulations. We can face criminal liability and other serious consequences for violations, which can harm our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results.

We are subject to the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended (the "FCPA"), the U.S. domestic bribery statute contained in 18 U.S.C. § 201, the U.S. Travel Act, and other anti-corruption, anti-bribery and anti-money laundering laws in countries in which we conduct activities. Anti-corruption laws are interpreted broadly and prohibit companies and their employees, business partners, third-party intermediaries, representatives, and agents from authorizing, promising, offering or providing, directly or indirectly, improper payments or anything else of value to government officials, political candidates, political parties, or commercial partners for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business or securing an improper business advantage.

We have direct and indirect interactions with foreign officials, including in furtherance of sales to governmental entities in non-U.S. countries. We sometimes leverage third parties to conduct our business abroad, and our third-party business partners, representatives, and agents may have direct or indirect interactions with officials and employees of government agencies or state-owned or affiliated entities. We can be held liable for the corrupt or other illegal activities of our employees or these third parties, even if we do not explicitly authorize or have actual knowledge of such activities. The FCPA and other applicable laws and regulations also require that we keep accurate books and records and maintain internal controls and compliance procedures designed to prevent any such actions. While we have policies and procedures to address compliance with such laws, there can be no assurance that all of our employees, business partners, third-party intermediaries, representatives, and agents will not take actions in violation of our policies and applicable law, for which we may be ultimately held responsible. Our exposure for violating these laws increases as our international presence expands and as we increase sales and operations in foreign jurisdictions.

Any violations of the laws and regulations described above may result in whistleblower complaints, adverse media coverage, investigations, substantial civil and criminal fines and penalties, damages, settlements, prosecution, enforcement actions, imprisonment, the loss of export or import privileges, suspension or debarment from government contracts, tax reassessments, breach of contract and fraud litigation, reputational harm and other consequences, any of which could adversely affect our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results. In addition, responding to any investigation or action will likely result in a significant diversion of management's attention and resources and significant defense costs and other professional fees.

Being a public company can be administratively burdensome and will significantly increase our legal and financial compliance costs.

As a public reporting company, we are subject to the information and reporting requirements of the Securities Act, the Exchange Act and other federal securities laws, rules and regulations related thereto, including compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act"), and the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act"). In addition, the listing requirements of any national securities exchange or other exchange and other applicable securities rules and regulations impose various requirements on public companies. Our management and other personnel will need to devote a substantial amount of time to these compliance initiatives. Moreover, these rules and regulations will significantly increase our legal and financial compliance costs and will make some activities more time-consuming and costly. Among other things, we are required to:

- maintain and evaluate a system of internal controls over financial reporting in compliance with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the related rules and regulations of the SEC and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board;
- maintain policies relating to disclosure controls and procedures;
- prepare and distribute periodic reports in compliance with our obligations under federal securities laws;
- institute a more comprehensive compliance function, including with respect to corporate governance; and
- involve, to a greater degree, our outside legal counsel and accountants in the above activities.

The costs of preparing and filing annual and quarterly reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC and furnishing audited reports to stockholders is expensive and much greater than that of a privately-held company, and compliance with these rules and regulations will require us to hire additional financial reporting, internal controls and other finance personnel, and will involve a material increase in regulatory, legal and accounting expenses and the attention of our board of directors (the "Board") and management. In addition, being a public company makes it more expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance. In the future, we may be required to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain this coverage. These factors could also make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified executives and members of our Board.

Although the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act") may for a limited period of time somewhat lessen the cost of complying with these additional regulatory and other requirements, we nonetheless expect a substantial increase in legal, accounting, insurance and certain other expenses in the future, which will negatively impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our management as a group has limited experience in operating a publicly traded company.

Our management team may not successfully or effectively manage operating as a public company subject to significant regulatory oversight and reporting obligations under U.S. securities laws. Our executive officers as a group have limited experience in the management of a publicly traded company. Their limited experience in dealing with the increasingly complex laws pertaining to public companies could be a significant disadvantage in that it is likely that an increasing amount of their time may be devoted to these activities which will result in less time being devoted to the management and growth of our company. We may not have adequate personnel with the appropriate level of knowledge, experience and training in the accounting policies, practices or internal control over financial reporting required of public companies. Any failure by us to effectively and efficiently meet our obligations as a publicly traded company could have a material adverse effect on our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results and/or result in legal liability or other negative consequences.

Risks Related to Ownership of Our Common Stock

There is currently no market for our common stock and there can be no assurance that any market will ever develop. You may therefore be unable to resell shares of our common stock at times and prices that you believe are appropriate.

Our common stock is not listed on a national securities exchange or any other exchange, or quoted on an over-the-counter market. Therefore, there is no trading market, active or otherwise, for our common stock and our common stock may never be included for trading on any stock exchange, automated quotation system or any over-the-counter market. Accordingly, our common stock is highly illiquid, and you will likely experience difficulty in re-selling such shares at times and prices that you may desire.]

The market price and trading volume of our common stock may be volatile and could decline significantly following the Merger.

The quotation systems, including the OTC Markets QB tier, or stock exchanges, including the Nasdaq Stock Market, on which our common stock may be quoted or on which our common stock may be listed in the future have from time to time experienced significant price and volume fluctuations. Even if an active, liquid and orderly trading market develops and is sustained for our common stock, the market price of our common stock may be volatile and could decline significantly. In addition, the trading volume in our common stock may fluctuate and cause significant price variations to occur. If the market price of our common stock declines significantly, you may be unable to resell your shares at or above the market price of our common stock as of the date of the consummation of the Merger (as defined herein). We cannot assure you that the market price of common stock will not fluctuate widely or decline significantly in the future in response to a number of factors, including, among others, the following:

- the realization of any of the risk factors presented in this annual report;
- actual or anticipated differences in our estimates, or in the estimates of analysts, for our revenues, results of operations, level of indebtedness, liquidity or financial condition;
- additions and departures of key personnel;
- failure to comply with the requirements of the OTCQB market, or following our potential up listing on Nasdaq;
- failure to comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act or other laws or regulations;
- future issuances, sales, resales or repurchases or anticipated issuances, sales, resales or repurchases, of our common stock;
- publication of research reports about us, or our industry;
- the performance and market valuations of other similar companies;
- broad disruptions in the financial markets, including sudden disruptions in the credit markets;
- speculation in the press or investment community;
- actual, potential or perceived control, accounting or reporting problems; and
- changes in accounting principles, policies and guidelines.

In the past, securities class-action litigation has often been instituted against companies following periods of volatility in the market price of their shares. This type of litigation could result in substantial costs and divert our management's attention and resources, which could have a material adverse effect on us.

Future sales, or the expectation of future sales, of a substantial number of our common shares could depress the trading price of our common stock.

Currently, there is not a public market for our common stock. Future sales of our common stock, including shares issued upon the exercise of options or warrants that we may issue, in the public market, or the perception that those sales may occur, could cause the prevailing price for our common stock to fall or impair our ability to raise equity capital in the future. A limited number of shares of our common stock will be available for sale in the public market for a period of several months after consummation of the Merger (as defined below) due to contractual and legal restrictions on resale pursuant to the lock-up agreements. Future sales of our common stock in the public market either before (to the extent permitted) or after restrictions lapse, or the perception that those sales may occur, could adversely affect the prevailing price of our common stock at such time and our ability to raise equity capital at a time and price we deem appropriate. As of February 23, 2024, we had 24,832,814 shares of common stock outstanding. Of those outstanding shares, 7,724,869 shares of common stock are freely tradable, without restriction, as of February 23, 2024. No shares issued in connection with the Merger or the Private Placement (as defined below) can be publicly sold under Rule 144 under the Securities Act until at least 12 months have elapsed from the date on which we provided Form 10 information in our Form 8-K, as amended by the Form 8-K/A filed with the SEC on August 16, 2023.



The designation of our common stock as "penny stock" would limit the liquidity of our common stock.

Our common stock may be deemed a "penny stock" (as that term is defined under Rule 3a51-1 of the Exchange Act) in any market that may develop in the future. Generally, a "penny stock" is a common stock that is not listed on a securities exchange and trades for less than \$5.00 a share. Prices often are not available to buyers and sellers and the market may be very limited. Penny stock in start-up companies is among the riskiest equity investments. Broker-dealers who sell penny stock must provide purchasers with a standardized risk-disclosure document prepared by the SEC. The document provides information about penny stock and the nature and level of risks involved in investing in the penny stock market. A broker must also provide purchasers with bid and offer quotations and information regarding broker and salesperson compensation and make a written determination that the penny stock is a suitable investment for the purchaser and obtain the purchaser's written agreement to the purchase. Many brokers choose not to participate in penny stock transactions. If our common stock is deemed "penny stock", because of penny stock rules, there may be less trading activity in any market that develops for our common stock in the future and stockholders are likely to have difficulty selling their shares.

FINRA sales practice requirements may limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our common stock.

The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or FINRA, has adopted rules requiring that, in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative or low-priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, FINRA has indicated its belief that there is a high probability that speculative or low-priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. If these FINRA requirements are applicable to us or our securities, they may make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that at least some of their customers buy our common stock, which may limit the ability of our stockholders to buy and sell our common stock and could have an adverse effect on the market for and price of our common stock.

We are obligated to develop and maintain proper and effective internal control over financial reporting. If we fail to develop and maintain an effective system of disclosure controls and internal control over financial reporting, our ability to produce timely and accurate financial statements or comply with applicable laws and regulations could be impaired. In addition, the presence of a material weakness increases the risk of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements.

We are a public company and are required, pursuant to Section 404(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, to furnish a report by management on, among other things, the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting on our annual report on Form 10-K. Effective internal control over financial reporting is necessary for reliable financial reports and, together with adequate disclosure controls and procedures, such internal controls are designed to prevent fraud. Any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or difficulties encountered in their implementation, could cause us to fail to meet its reporting obligations. Ineffective internal controls could also cause investors to lose confidence in reported financial information, which could have a negative effect on the trading price of our common stock.

The report by management is required to include disclosure of any material weaknesses identified in internal control over financial reporting. However, for as long as we are an "emerging growth company" under the JOBS Act, our independent registered public accounting firm will not be required to attest to the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. Management's assessment of internal controls, when implemented, could detect problems with internal controls, and an independent assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls by our auditors could detect further problems that management's assessment might not, and could result in the identification of material weaknesses that were not otherwise identified. Undetected material weaknesses in internal controls could lead to financial statement restatements and require us to incur the expense of remediation. We are required to disclose changes made in internal control and procedures on a quarterly basis. To comply with the public company requirements, we may need to undertake various actions, such as implementing new internal controls and procedures and hiring accounting or internal audit staff.

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We are in the early stages of developing the system and processing documentation necessary to perform the evaluation needed to comply with Section 404. We may not be able to complete its evaluation, testing, and any required remediation in a timely fashion. During the evaluation and testing process, if we identify material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting, we will be unable to assert that internal control over financial reporting is effective.

As discussed elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we completed the Merger on July 31, 2023. Prior to the Merger, Serve was a private company and, therefore, its controls were not required to be designed or maintained in accordance with Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act. The design and implementation of internal control over financial reporting post-Merger has required and will continue to require significant time and resources from management and other personnel. Because of this, the design and ongoing development of our framework for implementation and evaluation of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023. Accordingly, we are excluding management's report on internal control over financial reporting pursuant to Section 215.02 of the SEC Division of Corporation Finance's Regulation S-K Compliance & Disclosure Interpretations. However, management concluded that as of December 31, 2023, we had material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting.

A "material weakness" is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is more than a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Management concluded that we did not have a comprehensive and formalized accounting and financial reporting policies and procedures manual which details the information needed for our financial reporting process and that we did not have a robust review process by which management could monitor for potential errors or technical accounting requirements.

If we are unable to assert that our internal control over financial reporting is effective, or if our independent registered public accounting firm is unable to express an opinion on the effectiveness of its internal control, including as a result of the material weaknesses described above, we could lose investor confidence in the accuracy and completeness of financial reports, which would cause the price of our common stock to decline, and we may be subject to investigation or sanctions by the SEC. In addition, if we are unable to continue to meet these requirements, we may not be able to remain quoted on any over-the-counter trading system, or following any potential listing, listed on any securities exchange.

We are an emerging growth company and a smaller reporting company, and any decision on our part to comply only with certain reduced reporting and disclosure requirements applicable to emerging growth companies and smaller reporting companies could make our common stock less attractive to investors.

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act, and, for as long as we continue to be an emerging growth company, we may choose to take advantage of exemptions from various reporting requirements applicable to other public companies but not to emerging growth companies, including:

- not being required to have our independent registered public accounting firm audit our internal control over financial reporting under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act;
- reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports and annual report on Form 10-K; and
- exemptions from the requirements of holding non-binding advisory votes on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

We could be an emerging growth company for up to five years following the completion of our initial public offering. Our status as an emerging growth company will end as soon as any of the following takes place:

- the last day of the fiscal year in which we have more than \$1.235 billion in annual revenues;
- the date we qualify as a "large accelerated filer," with at least \$700 million of equity securities held by non-affiliates;
- the date on which we have issued, in any three-year period, more than \$1.00 billion in non-convertible debt securities; or
- the last day of the fiscal year ending after the fifth anniversary of the completion of the Merger.

We cannot predict if investors will find our common stock less attractive if we choose to rely on any of the exemptions afforded emerging growth companies. If some investors find our common stock less attractive because we rely on any of these exemptions, there may be a less active trading market for our common stock and the market price of our common stock may be more volatile.

Under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can also delay adopting new or revised accounting standards until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We have elected to avail ourselves of this provision of the JOBS Act. As a result, we will not be subject to new or revised accounting standards at the same time as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies. Therefore, our consolidated financial statements may not be comparable to those of companies that comply with new or revised accounting pronouncements as of public company effective dates.

We are also a "smaller reporting company" as defined in the Exchange Act. We may continue to be a "smaller reporting company" even after we are no longer an emerging growth company. We may take advantage of certain of the scaled disclosures available to smaller reporting companies and will be able to take advantage of these scaled disclosures for so long as our voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$250.0 million measured on the last business day of our second fiscal quarter, or our annual revenues is less than \$100.0 million during the most recently completed fiscal year and our voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$700.0 million measured on the last business day of our second fiscal quarter.

Anti-takeover provisions in our charter documents and under Delaware law could make an acquisition of us, which may be beneficial to our stockholders, more difficult and may prevent attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management.

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws that became effective upon completion of the Merger contain provisions that could delay or prevent a change in control of our company. These provisions could also make it difficult for stockholders to elect directors who are not nominated by current members of our Board or take other corporate actions, including effecting changes in our management. These provisions:

- establish a classified Board so that not all members of our board are elected at one time;
- permit only the Board to establish the number of directors and fill vacancies on the board;
- provide that directors may only be removed "for cause" and only with the approval of two-thirds of our stockholders;
- require super-majority voting to amend some provisions in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and restated bylaws;
- authorize the issuance of "blank check" preferred stock that our board could use to implement a stockholder rights plan;
- eliminate the ability of our stockholders to call special meetings of stockholders;
- prohibit stockholder action by written consent, which requires all stockholder actions to be taken at a meeting of our stockholders;
- prohibit cumulative voting; and
- establish advance notice requirements for nominations for election to our board or for proposing matters that can be acted upon by stockholders at annual stockholder meetings.

In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the exclusive forum for: any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf; any action asserting a breach of fiduciary duty; any action asserting a claim against us arising pursuant to the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL"), our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, or our amended and restated bylaws; or any action asserting a claim against us that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine.



Section 22 of the Securities Act creates concurrent jurisdiction for federal and state courts over all claims brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Securities Act or the rules and regulations thereunder. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that the federal district courts of the United States of America will, unless we consent in writing to an alternative forum, be the exclusive forum for resolving any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act ("Federal Forum Provision"). Our decision to adopt a Federal Forum Provision followed a decision by the Supreme Court of the State of Delaware holding that such provisions are facially valid under Delaware law. While there can be no assurance that federal courts or state courts will follow the holding of the Delaware Supreme Court or determine that the Federal Forum Provision should be enforced in a particular case, application of the Federal Forum Provision means that suits brought by our stockholders to enforce any duty or liability created by the Securities Act must be brought in federal court and cannot be brought in state court. While neither the exclusive forum provision nor the Federal Forum Provision applies to suits brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Exchange Act creates exclusive federal jurisdiction over all claims brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Exchange Act or the rules and regulations thereunder. Accordingly, actions by our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding any interest in any of our securities shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to our exclusive forum provisions, including the Federal Forum Provision. These provisions may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum of their choosing for disputes with us or our directors, officers or other employees, which may discourage lawsuits against us and our directors, officers, and other employees.

In addition, Section 203 of the DGCL may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company. Section 203 imposes certain restrictions on mergers, business combinations and other transactions between us and holders of 15% or more of our common stock.

General Risk Factors

We may face risks related to securities litigation that could result in significant legal expenses and settlement or damage awards.

We may in the future become subject to claims and litigation alleging violations of the securities laws or other related claims, which could harm our business and require us to incur significant costs. Significant litigation costs could impact our ability to comply with certain financial covenants under our credit agreement. We are generally obliged, to the extent permitted by law, to indemnify our current and former directors and officers who are named as defendants in these types of lawsuits. Regardless of the outcome, litigation may require significant attention from management and could result in significant legal expenses, settlement costs or damage awards that could have a material impact on our business, results of operation and financial condition.

We do not intend to pay dividends for the foreseeable future and, as a result, your ability to achieve a return on your investment will depend on appreciation in the price of our common stock.

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our capital stock, and we do not intend to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Any determination to pay dividends in the future will be at the discretion of our Board. Accordingly, investors must rely on sales of their common stock after price appreciation, which may never occur, as the only way to realize any future gains on their investments.

If securities or industry analysts do not publish research or publish unfavorable or inaccurate research about our business, our stock price and trading volume could decline.

The trading market for our common stock will depend in part on the research and reports that securities or industry analysts publish about us or our business, as well as the way analysts and investors interpret our financial information and other disclosures. Securities and industry analysts do not currently, and may never, publish research on our business. If few, or no, securities or industry analysts commence coverage of us, our stock price could be negatively affected. If securities or industry analysts downgrade our common stock, or publish negative reports about our business, our stock price would likely decline. If one or more of these analysts cease coverage of us or fail to publish reports on us regularly, demand for our common stock could decrease, which might cause our stock price to decline and could decrease the trading volume of our common stock.

We are and may continue to be significantly impacted by the worldwide economic downturn due to pandemics, outbreaks of other contagious diseases, and other catastrophic events.

The extent to which any catastrophic event affects our business and financial results will depend on future developments, including the duration of such event and the global response to it, its impact on capital and financial markets, its impact on global supply chains, and whether the impacts may result in temporary or permanent changes in consumer behavior among others, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. In addition, we cannot predict the impact any future pandemic or outbreak of a disease, or a catastrophic event will have on our business partners and thirdparty merchants and suppliers, and we may be adversely impacted as a result of the adverse impact our business partners and third-party merchants and suppliers suffer. For example, if we are unable to produce our robots due to manufacturing strains, we may not be able to build and deploy our robots as planned and scale our business. This impact would mean we'd need to raise additional capital in order to cover our operating expenses and meet our revenue targets. To the extent a pandemic or other catastrophic event adversely affects our business and financial results, it may also have the effect of heightening many of the other risks described in this "Risk Factors" section. Any of the foregoing factors, or other cascading effects of the pandemic that are not currently foreseeable, could adversely impact our business, financial performance and condition, and results of operations.

Item 1B. Unresolved staff comments

None.

Item 1C. Cybersecurity

Cybersecurity Risk Management and Strategy

We recognize the importance of assessing, identifying, and managing material risks associated with cybersecurity threats, as such term is defined in Item 106(a) of Regulation S-K. These risks include, among other things, operational risks; intellectual property theft; fraud; extortion; harm to employees or customers; violation of privacy or security laws and other litigation and legal risk; and reputational risks. We have implemented several cybersecurity processes, technologies, and controls to aid in our efforts to assess, identify, and manage such material risks.

Our process for identifying and assessing material risks from cybersecurity threats operates alongside our broader overall risk assessment process, covering all company risks. As part of this process, appropriate disclosure personnel will collaborate with subject matter specialists, as necessary, to gather insights for identifying and assessing material cybersecurity threat risks, their severity, and potential mitigations.

We also have a cybersecurity specific risk assessment process, which helps identify our cybersecurity threat risks. As part of this process, and our processes to provide for the availability of critical data and systems, maintain regulatory compliance, identify and manage our risks from cybersecurity threats, and to protect against, detect, and respond to cybersecurity incidents, as such term is defined in Item 106(a) of Regulation S-K, we undertake the below listed activities, among others:

- closely monitor emerging data protection laws and implement changes to our processes designed to comply;
- undertake regular reviews of our consumer facing policies and statements related to cybersecurity;
- proactively inform our customers of substantive changes related to customer data handling;
- through policy, practice and contract (as applicable) require employees, as well as third parties who provide services on our behalf, to treat customer information and data with care;
- carry information security risk insurance that provides protection against the potential losses arising from a cybersecurity incident;
- maintain and follow an internal information security and incident response program;
- follow common industry security standards, such as having two-factor authentication for all accounts, using corporate VPN for service access; and
- minimize the period of time customers' personal information is stored in our database.

Our information security program coordinates the activities we take to prepare for, detect and respond to cybersecurity incidents, which include processes to triage, assess severity for, escalate, contain, investigate, and remediate the incident.

Our processes also address cybersecurity threat risks associated with our use of third-party service providers, including those in our supply chain or who have access to our customer and employee data or our systems. Third-party risks are included within our broader overall risk assessment process, as well as our cybersecurity-specific risk identification program, both of which are discussed above. In addition, cybersecurity considerations affect the selection and oversight of our third-party service providers. We perform diligence on third parties that have access to our systems, data or facilities that house such systems or data, and continually monitor cybersecurity threat risks identified through such diligence. Where necessary, we require those third parties that could introduce significant cybersecurity risk to us to agree by contract to manage their cybersecurity risks in specified ways, and to agree to be subject to cybersecurity audits, which we conduct as appropriate. Please see the risk factor entitled "We are subject to cybersecurity risks to our operational systems, security systems, infrastructure, integrated software in our products and data processed by us or third-party vendors." in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors in this report for more information.

In the last three fiscal years, we have not experienced any material cybersecurity incidents and the expenses we have incurred from cybersecurity incidents were immaterial. We have not been faced with any penalties or settlements related to cybersecurity.

Cybersecurity Governance

Cybersecurity is an important part of our risk management processes and an area of increasing focus for our Board and management.

The audit committee of the Board is responsible for the oversight of risks from cybersecurity threats. Beginning fiscal year 2024, at least annually, the audit committee receives an overview from management of our cybersecurity threat risk management and strategy processes covering topics such as data security posture, results from third-party assessments, progress towards pre-determined risk-mitigation-related goals, our incident response plan, and material cybersecurity threat risks or incidents and developments, as well as the steps management has taken to respond to such risks. In such sessions, the audit committee will generally receive materials including a cybersecurity scorecard and other materials indicating current and emerging material cybersecurity threat risks, and describing the Company's ability to mitigate those risks, and will discuss such matters with our VP of Software Platform. Members of the audit committee are also encouraged to regularly engage in ad hoc conversations with management on cybersecurity-related news events and discuss any updates to our cybersecurity risk management and strategy programs. Material cybersecurity threat risks will also be considered during separate Board meeting discussions of important matters like risk management, operational budgeting, business continuity planning, mergers and acquisitions, brand management, and other relevant matters.

Our cybersecurity risk management and strategy processes, which are discussed in greater detail above, are led by our VP of Software Platform. This individual has over 20 years of prior work experience in various roles involving managing information security, developing cybersecurity strategy, implementing effective information and cybersecurity programs in the healthcare and robotics industries.

The VP of Software Platform is informed about and monitor the prevention, mitigation, detection, and remediation of cybersecurity incidents through their management of, and participation in, the cybersecurity risk management and strategy processes described above, including the operation of our incident response plan.

The VP of Software Platform reports to the audit committee about cybersecurity threat risks, among other cybersecurity related matters.

Item 2. Properties

Our current headquarters are located in Redwood City, California, where we lease 4,200 square feet of office and industrial space pursuant to a lease that expires in 2025. We have an option to extend that lease by a four-year term. Our headquarters contain research and development, operations and selling, general and administrative functions as well as test tracks for our robots. We also lease two other offices in Los Angeles, our current delivery area.

We believe our facilities are adequate and suitable for our current needs and that, should it be needed, suitable additional or alternative space will be available to accommodate our operations.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm business.

We are currently not aware of any pending legal proceedings to which we are a party or of which any of our property is the subject, nor are we aware of any such proceedings that are contemplated by any governmental authority.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.



<u>Part II</u>

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Market Information

No public market currently exists for our common stock.

Holders of Common Stock

As of December 31, 2023, we have 24,832,814 shares of common stock outstanding held by approximately 244 stockholders of record.

Dividends

We have never paid any cash dividends on our capital stock and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. We intend to retain future earnings to fund ongoing operations and future capital requirements. Any future determination to pay cash dividends will be at the discretion of our Board and will be dependent upon financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements and such other factors as the Board deems relevant.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Magna Warrant

In connection with the strategic partnership with Magna New Mobility USA, Inc. ("Magna"), on February 7, 2024, the Company issued to Magna a warrant (the "Magna Warrant") to purchase up to 2,145,000 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Magna Warrant Shares"), subject to adjustments as provided therein, at an exercise price per share of \$0.01.

The Magna Warrant will be exercisable in two equal tranches: (i) the first tranche will become exercisable no later than May 15, 2024, subject to certain conditions; and (ii) the second tranche will become exercisable upon the achievement by Magna of a certain manufacturing milestone as set forth in a production and purchase agreement to be entered into with respect to the contract manufacturing of the Company's autonomous delivery robots by Magna or one of its affiliates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, all of Magna Warrant Shares will vest and become exercisable upon any Change of Control (as defined in the Magna Warrant).

The Magna Warrant Shares that may be issued pursuant to the exercise of the Magna Warrant were offered and sold in a transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

Convertible Promissory Notes Offering

At an initial closing on January 2, 2024 and subsequent closings on January 12, 2024, January 22, 2024 and January 26, 2024, we issued an aggregate of 5.0 million in convertible promissory notes to accredited investors. These transactions were exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act as not involving any public offering or Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

Secured Subordinated Promissory Note

On December 27, 2023, Serve issued the December 2023 Kashani Note to Ali Kashani, a holder of greater than 5% of the Company's capital stock who serves as Chief Executive Officer and is a member of the Board, in exchange for a loan with the aggregate principal amount of \$70,000. Pursuant to the December 2023 Kashani Note, the loan accrued interest on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 7.67% per annum, computed as simple interest. Serve repaid the December 2023 Kashani Note on January 3, 2024.



The issuance of the December 2023 Kashani Note was exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506(b) of Regulation D promulgated by the SEC thereunder.

The Bridge Financing

On April 21, 2023, in connection with the Bridge Financing, Serve offered and sold to accredited investors \$3,001,500 principal amount of the Bridge Notes in a private placement. The Bridge Notes bore interest at 10% per annum and were payable on October 21, 2023, subject to earlier conversion as described below.

On July 31, 2023, upon the closing of the Merger and the initial closing of the Private Placement, the outstanding principal amount of the Bridge Notes was automatically converted into 937,961 shares of our common stock at a conversion price of \$3.20 per share, and investors in the Bridge Notes received Bridge Warrants to purchase a number of shares of common stock equal to 50% of the number of shares of common stock into which the Bridge Notes were converted, at an exercise price of \$3.20 per share for a term of three years. If at any time after the Registration Effectiveness Date there is no effective registration statement registering for resale, or the prospectus contained therein is not available for the resale of the shares of common stock issuable upon exercise of the Bridge Warrants by the holder, the Bridge Warrants may also be exercised, in whole or in part, at such time by means of a "cashless" net exercise.

In connection with the sale of the Bridge Notes, Serve agreed to cause the Company to issue to the Bridge Brokers, upon closing of the Merger and the Private Placement, Bridge Broker Warrants to purchase a number of shares of Serve's common stock equal to 8% of the number of shares of common stock into which the Bridge Notes, other than those purchased by Insider Investors, would convert at the closing of the Merger and Private Placement, with an exercise price per share of \$3.20 and a term of three years. The Bridge Brokers were entitled to be issued Bridge Broker Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 74,662 shares of our common stock.

The private placement of the Bridge Notes, and the grant of the Bridge Warrants and Bridge Broker Warrants were exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506(b) of Regulation D promulgated by the SEC thereunder. The Bridge Notes were sold to "accredited investors," as defined in Regulation D, and the offering was conducted on a "reasonable best efforts" basis.

Private Placement

On July 31, 2023, in connection with the Private Placement, we issued an aggregate of 2,782,378 shares of common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share for aggregate gross consideration of approximately \$11.13 million to 71 accredited investors. These transactions were exempt from registration under Section 4(a) (2) of the Securities Act as not involving any public offering or Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

On August 30, 2023, in connection with the Private Placement, we issued an aggregate of 257,762 shares of common stock at a price of 4.00 per share for aggregate gross consideration of approximately 1.03 million to 5 accredited investors. These transactions were exempt from registration under Section 4(a) (2) of the Securities Act as not involving any public offering or Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

On October 26, 2023, in connection with the Private Placement, we issued an aggregate of 143,531 shares of common stock at a price of \$4.00 per share for aggregate gross consideration of approximately \$0.57 million to 8 accredited investors. These transactions were exempt from registration under Section 4(a) (2) of the Securities Act as not involving any public offering or Regulation D promulgated thereunder.

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Placement Agent Warrants

In connection with the Private Placement and subject to the closing of the Private Placement, we agreed to pay each of the Placement Agents, Aegis Capital Corp. and Network 1 Financial Services, Inc., each a U.S. registered broker-dealer, a cash placement fee of 8% of the gross proceeds raised from investors in the Private Placement (or 4% of gross proceeds raised from Insider Investors) and to issue to them Placement Agent Warrants consisting of (a) Placement Agent A Warrants to purchase a number of shares of our common stock equal to 8% of the number of shares of common stock sold in the Private Placement (other than to Insider Investors), with a term expiring three years after the common stock begins to trade on Nasdaq or NYSE and an exercise price of \$4.00 per share and (b) Placement Agent B Warrants to purchase 125,000 shares of common stock with the same term as the Placement Agent A Warrants and an exercise price of \$0.001 per share.

The grant of the Placement Agent Warrants was exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506(b) of Regulation D promulgated by the SEC thereunder.

Securities Issued in Connection with the Merger

On July 31, 2023, pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, 3,091,672 shares of Serve's Series Seed preferred stock, 2,440,411 shares of Serve's Series Seed-1 preferred stock, 2,088,696 shares of Serve's Series Seed-2 preferred stock, and 357,836 shares of Serve's Series Seed-3 stock were converted into an aggregate of 7,978,616 shares of our common stock. These transactions were exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act as not involving any public offering or Regulation D promulgated thereunder. None of the securities were sold through an underwriter and, accordingly, there were no underwriting discounts or commissions involved.

Sales of Unregistered Securities of Serve

The following list sets forth information as to all securities Serve sold from January 15, 2021, through immediately prior to the consummation of the Merger, which were not registered under the Securities Act. The following description is historical and has not been adjusted to give effect to the Merger. The proceeds from these sales were used by the Company for working capital.

- 1. Between April 27, 2021 and June 25, 2021, Serve issued a total of 3,535,400 shares of Serve's common stock at a price per share of \$0.0012 to stockholders of Serve for gross proceeds of \$4,400. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 2. Between April 12, 2021 and September 19, 2021, Serve issued a total of 3,663,819 shares of common stock at a price per share of \$0.0013 to service providers of Serve pursuant to the Serve Plan, of which 2,775,306 are outstanding for gross proceeds of \$4,725.27. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Rule 701 of the Securities Act.
- 3. Between August 23, 2022 and September 7, 2022, Serve issued a total of 338,122 shares of common stock at a price per share of \$0.49 to service providers of Serve pursuant to the Serve Plan. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Rule 701 of the Securities Act.
- 4. Between December 23, 2021 and October 8, 2022, Serve issued options to purchase a total of 1,229,755 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.49 per share to service providers of Serve pursuant to the Serve Plan, of which 829,749 are outstanding. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Rule 701 of the Securities Act.
- 5. On February 24, 2021, Serve issued a simple agreement for future equity for an aggregate purchase amount of \$1.00 million (the "February 2021 SAFE") to an investor of Serve. The February 2021 SAFE converted into 2,440,411 shares of Serve's Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock at a price per share of \$1.5161 on October 4, 2021. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 6. Between January 29, 2021 and March 16, 2021, Serve issued SAFEs for an aggregate purchase amount of \$5.68 million (the "2021 SAFEs") to investors of Serve. The 2021 SAFEs converted into 2,088,696 shares of Serve's Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock at a price per share of \$2.7170 on October 4, 2021. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.



- 7. On July 13, 2021, Serve issued a simple agreement for future equity for an aggregate purchase amount of \$1.25 million (the "Bridge SAFE") to investors of Serve. The Bridge SAFE converted into 357,836 shares of Serve's Series Seed-3 Preferred Stock at a price per share of \$3.4932 on October 4, 2021. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 8. On October 4, 2021, Serve entered into a Series Seed Preferred Stock Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Company issued 3,091,672 shares of Serve's Series Seed Preferred Stock at a price per share of \$3.8814, 2,440,411 shares of Serve's Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock, 2,088,696 shares of Serve's Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock, and 357,836 shares of Serve's Series Seed-3 Preferred Stock to stockholders of Serve. Serve raised a total of \$12.00 million from the sale of Serve's Series Seed Preferred Stock. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 9. On October 4, 2021, Serve issued a warrant to purchase 128,819 shares of Serve's Series Seed Preferred Stock at an exercise price of \$3.88 per share. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 10. On November 11, 2021, Serve issued a warrant to purchase 13,911 shares of Serve's common stock at an exercise price of \$3.88 per share. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 11. Between February 4, 2022 and March 9, 2022, Serve issued SAFEs for an aggregate purchase amount of \$10.59 million to investors of Serve. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 12. On March 1, 2022, Serve issued a warrant to purchase 40,292 shares of Serve's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.49 per share. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 13. Between December 1, 2022 and January 18, 2023, Serve issued simple agreement for future equity for an aggregate purchase amount of \$4.97 million to investors of Serve. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Regulation 4(2) under the Securities Act.
- 14. On March 15, 2023, Serve issued options to purchase a total of 255,240 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.50 per share to service providers of Serve pursuant to the Serve Plan. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Rule 701 of the Securities Act.
- 15. On June 7, 2023, Serve issued options to purchase a total of 510,237 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.86 per share to service providers of Serve pursuant to the Serve Plan. Serve relied upon the exemption from registration provided by Rule 701 of the Securities Act.
- 16. On June 28, 2023, Serve issued the June 2023 Kashani Note to Ali Kashani, in exchange for a loan with the aggregate principal amount of \$449,000. Pursuant to the June 2023 Kashani Note, the loan accrued interest on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 7.67% per annum, computed as simple interest. Dr. Kashani was entitled to an exit fee equal to 16% of the stated principal amount of the June 2023 Kashani Note, less the total amount of interest that accrued on the June 2023 Kashani Note prior to the Closing of the Merger. Serve paid the Kashani Exit Fee and repaid the June 2023 Kashani Note upon the Closing of the Merger. On August 4, 2023, payment of \$520,840 was made to Dr. Kashani as repayment of the promissory note, which includes \$449,000 in principal and \$71,840 in interest. No additional fees were paid. The issuance of the June 2023 Kashani Note was exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506(b) of Regulation D promulgated by the SEC thereunder.

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Item 6. [Reserved]

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

The following discussion of the financial condition and results of operations of the Company should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to those statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2023. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risk, uncertainties and assumptions. You should read Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors of this report for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.

Note about Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report on Form 10-K includes statements that constitute "forward-looking statements." These forward-looking statements are often characterized by the terms "may," "believes," "projects," "intends," "plans," "expects," or "anticipates," and do not reflect historical facts.

Specific forward-looking statements contained in this portion of the report include, but are not limited to: (i) statements that are based on current projections and expectations about the markets in which we operate, (ii) statements about current projections and expectations of general economic conditions, (iii) statements about specific industry projections and expectations of economic activity, (iv) statements relating to our future operations, prospects, results, and performance, and (v) statements that the cash on hand and additional cash generated from operations together with potential sources of cash through issuance of debt or equity will provide the Company with sufficient liquidity for the next 12 months.

Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors and risks that could affect our results, future performance and capital requirements and cause them to materially differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements include those identified in the "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and the *Part 1, Item 1A. Risk Factors* in this report, as well as other factors that we are currently unable to identify or quantify, but that may exist in the future.

In addition, the foregoing factors may generally affect our business, results of operations and financial position. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date the statements were made. We do not undertake and specifically decline any obligation to update any forward-looking statements. Any information contained on our website www.serverobotics.com or any other websites referenced in this report are not part of this report.

Our Company

We are an operating company which has experienced losses since our inception. Our sources of cash to date have been capital invested by shareholders and venture capital investors/lenders.

The following discussion contains forward-looking statements, as discussed above. Please see the sections entitled "*Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements*" and *Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors* in this report for a discussion of the uncertainties, risks and assumptions associated with these forward-looking statements.

Our principal offices are located at 730 Broadway, Redwood City, CA 94063, our telephone number is (818) 860-1352 and our corporate website (which does not form part of this report) is located at www.serverobotics.com.

Overview

On July 31, 2023, Patricia Acquisition Corp., Acquisition Sub, and Serve entered into a Merger Agreement. Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, on the Closing Date, Acquisition Sub merged with and into Serve, with Serve continuing as the surviving corporation and our wholly owned subsidiary. As a result of the Merger, we acquired the business of Serve and will continue the existing business operations of Serve as a public reporting company under the name Serve Robotics Inc. On the Closing Date, Serve's predecessor was renamed Serve Operating Co.



The Merger was treated as a recapitalization and reverse acquisition for us for financial reporting purposes, and Serve is considered the acquirer for accounting purposes. As a result of the Merger and the change in our business and operations, a discussion of the past financial results of Patricia Acquisition Corp. is not pertinent, and under applicable accounting principles, the historical financial results of Serve, the accounting acquirer, prior to the Merger are considered our historical financial results.

Our discussion and analysis are organized as follows:

- Executive Summary Summary analysis of financial and other highlights to provide context for the discussion and analysis.
- Results of Operations An analysis of our financial results.
- Liquidity, and Capital Resources An analysis of changes in our balance sheets and cash flows and a discussion of our financial condition and potential sources of liquidity.
- Critical Accounting Estimates Accounting estimates that management believes are the most important to understanding the assumptions and judgments incorporated in our financial results and forecasts and involve a significant level of estimation uncertainty.

Serve Robotics

Serve is shaping the future of sustainable, self-driving delivery. We design, develop, and operate low-emissions robots that serve people in public spaces, starting with food delivery. Starting in 2017, our core technology was developed by our co-founders and a majority of our product and engineering team in San Francisco, California as a special project within Postmates, one of the pioneering food delivery startups in the United States. By the end of 2020, the team had developed a fleet of sidewalk robots that had successfully performed over 10,000 commercial deliveries for Postmates in California, augmenting Postmates' fleet of human couriers. Postmates was acquired by Uber in 2020, and in February of 2021, Uber's leadership team agreed to contribute the intellectual property developed by the team and assets relating to this project to Serve. In return for this contribution and an investment of cash into the Company, Uber acquired a minority equity interest in the business. By the end of the first quarter of 2021, the majority of the team that had worked on this project at Postmates joined Serve as full time employees.

Because we started this project within a food delivery company, our team comes with a depth of combined expertise in food delivery, automation, and robotics. Our expertise positions us to service the growing on-demand delivery market, including food delivery, where approximately half of all deliveries are less than 2.5 miles and well-suited to delivery by sidewalk robots. We provide a robotic delivery experience that delights customers, improves reliability for merchants, and reduces traffic congestion and eliminates vehicle emissions. At scale, our delivery robots can complete deliveries at lower cost than human couriers, making on-demand delivery more affordable and accessible in areas we operate.

Recent Developments

License and Services Agreement

On February 20, 2024, Serve entered into a License and Services Agreement (the "LSA") with Magna as a part of a strategic partnership with Magna. Pursuant to the LSA, Serve, as an independent contractor of Magna, agreed to (i) grant a non-exclusive license to the Serve AMR Technology in the Licensed Fields of Use (each as defined in the LSA) to Magna and its affiliates and (ii) provide all reasonable engineering, technical and related support services that Magna may request from time to time in writing and in furtherance of commercialization of the Serve AMR Technology and products (including software) using, practicing, or incorporating the Serve AMR Technology, and manufactured using, practicing or incorporating the Serve AMR Technology (such services and support, the "Development Services"). Except as expressly set forth in the LSA, any Development Services shall be provided under the MSA (as defined below) and, if expired or terminated, under terms and conditions that are consistent with the terms therein. The term of the LSA will continue unless terminated by either party pursuant to and in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the LSA.

Master Services Agreement

On February 1, 2024, Serve entered into a Master Services Agreement (the "MSA") with Magna, retroactively effective as of January 15, 2024 (the "Effective Date"). Pursuant to the MSA, Serve agreed to provide certain services to Magna as described in one or more statements of work ("SOWs"). Such SOWs will contain a description of the scope, the time to be spent on performance, the fees to be paid to Serve, the functional requirements and technical specifications and, to the extent applicable, the timetable, schedule or milestones for the performance of the requested services. Serve and Magna entered into the first SOW on the Effective Date. The term of the MSA commenced on the Effective Date and will continue for a term of three months, unless terminated earlier or mutually extended in accordance with its terms.

In connection with the strategic partnership with Magna, on February 7, 2024, we issued the Magna Warrant to purchase up to 2,145,000 shares of our common stock, subject to adjustments as provided therein, at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share.

The Magna Warrant will be exercisable in two equal tranches: (i) the first tranche will become exercisable no later than May 15, 2024, subject to certain conditions; and (ii) the second tranche will become exercisable upon Magna's achievement of a certain manufacturing milestone as set forth in a production and purchase agreement to be entered into with respect to the contract manufacturing of our autonomous delivery robots by Magna or its affiliates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Magna Warrant Shares will vest and become exercisable upon any "change of control" (as defined in the Magna Warrant).

The Magna Warrant Shares that may be issued pursuant to the exercise of the Magna Warrant were offered and sold in a transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act.

Convertible Promissory Notes Offering

At an initial closing on January 2, 2024 and subsequent closings on January 12, 2024, January 22, 2024 and January 26, 2024, we issued to certain accredited investors convertible promissory notes, for which the Company received an aggregate of \$5.0 million in proceeds. The convertible promissory notes bear interest at a rate of 6.00% per year, compounded annually, due and payable upon request by each investor on or after the 12-month anniversary of the original issuance date of each note. The Company may not prepay or repay the notes in cash without the consent of the investors.

Note Payable - Related Party

On December 27, 2023, Serve issued a senior secured promissory note to its Chief Executive Officer for which Serve received \$70,000 in proceeds. The note bore interest at 7.67% per annum. The agreement contained a clause that the terms would be updated if subsequent notes were issued at a more favorable term. Serve repaid the note on January 3, 2024.

Merger Agreement

On July 31, 2023, the Company, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Serve Acquisition Co., a corporation formed in the State of Delaware on July 10, 2023 ("Acquisition Sub"), and Serve entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization (the "Merger Agreement"). Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, on July 31, 2023 (the "Closing Date"), Acquisition Sub merged with and into Serve, with Serve continuing as the surviving corporation and our wholly-owned subsidiary (the "Merger").

As a result of the Merger, we acquired the business of Serve, a leading autonomous sidewalk delivery company based in Redwood City, California. See *Part I, Item 1. Business* of this report. At the time the certificate of merger reflecting the Merger was filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware (the "Effective Time"), each of Serve's shares of capital stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Merger was converted into the right to receive 0.8035 of a share of our common stock (in the case of shares held by accredited investors), with the maximum number of shares of our common stock issuable to the former holders of Serve's capital stock equal to 20,948,917 shares after adjustments due to rounding for fractional shares. Immediately prior to the Effective Time, an aggregate of 3,500,000 shares of our common stock owned by our stockholders prior to the Merger were forfeited and canceled (the "Stock Forfeiture").

In addition, pursuant to the Merger Agreement, (i) options to purchase 1,984,951 shares of Serve's common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Merger under the Serve Plan were assumed and converted into options to purchase 1,594,800 shares of our common stock, (ii) warrants to purchase 160,323 shares of Serve's Series Seed preferred stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Merger were assumed and converted into warrants to purchase 128,819 shares of our common stock, and (iii) warrants to purchase 17,314 shares of Serve's common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Merger were assumed and converted into warrants to purchase 13,911 shares of our common stock and (iv) SAFEs totaling \$15,551,953 were converted into 4,372,613 shares of our common stock.

Private Placement

Following the Effective Time of the Merger, we sold 3,183,671 shares of our common stock pursuant to a private placement offering in multiple closings (the "Private Placement"). We also issued 937,961 shares of our common stock to convert the outstanding principal and interest of outstanding Bridge Notes in connection with the consummation of the Merger.

Each investor in the Private Placement was required to represent that, at the time of the applicable closing, it (i) has a substantive, pre-existing relationship with us, or has direct contact with us or the Placement Agents or other enumerated parties outside of the Private Placement and (ii) did not independently contact us as a result of general solicitation by means of this report, any press release or any other public disclosure disclosing the material terms of the Private Placement.

Note Payable – Related Party

In June and July 2023, the Company issued a senior secured promissory note with its Chief Executive Officer for which the Company received \$449,000 in proceeds. The note bore interest at 7.67% per annum and matured upon the Merger. The agreement contained a clause that the terms would be updated if subsequent notes were issued at a more favorable term. Accordingly, based on loans in July 2023, notes were issued that contained a 16% exit fee. Serve repaid the notes upon the closing of the Merger.

Secured Subordinated Promissory Notes

On July 6, 2023, Serve issued Secured Subordinated Promissory Notes (the "Promissory Notes") to accredited investors in an aggregate principal loan amount of \$750,000. Pursuant to the Promissory Notes, the loans accrued interest on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 18.00% per annum, computed as simple interest. Each holder of the Promissory Notes was entitled to an exit fee equal to 16% of the stated principal amount of such holder's Promissory Note, less the total amount of interest that accrued on such Promissory Note prior to the closing of the Merger (the "Exit Fee"). Serve repaid the Promissory Notes and the Exit Fee upon the closing of the Merger.

Outlook And Challenges Facing Our Business

There are a number of industry factors that affect our business which include, among others:

Overall Demand for Last-mile Delivery on Partner Platforms.

Our potential for growth depends significantly on continued demand for last-mile delivery of food and other items on our partner platforms. This demand can fluctuate based on various market cycles and weather and local community health conditions, as well as evolving competitive dynamics. Our largest stream of projected revenue comes from maximizing utilization of our robots to perform deliveries on our partner platforms. Matching algorithms on these platforms as well as the extent of their merchant and end-customer participation in robotic delivery directly impacts the utilization rate of our robots, both of which can be challenging to predict. These uncertainties make demand difficult to forecast for us and our partners.

Customer Concentration.

We currently have a limited number of customers. Sales to Uber represented 71% of our revenues for the year ended December 31, 2023, and if Uber were to breach, cancel, or amend our agreement, it may have an outsized effect on our revenue, cash on hand, and profitability. Our business development team is actively pursuing new delivery and branding customers to diversify our customer base.

Inflation and Market Considerations; Availability of Materials, Labor & Services.

We consider most on-demand purchases as discretionary spending for consumers, and we are therefore susceptible to changes in discretionary spending patterns and economic slowdowns in the geographic areas in which merchants on our partners' platforms operate and in the economy at large. Discretionary consumer spending can be impacted by general economic conditions, unemployment, consumer debt, inflation, rising gasoline prices, interest rates, consumer confidence, and other macroeconomic factors. Inflation can lead to increased cost of material and labor for restaurants and merchants who may in turn raise prices on the item they sell and result in a reduction in demand for those items. To the extent inflation reduces economic activity and consumer demand for items we deliver, it could negatively impact our financial results. Continued uncertainty in or a worsening of the economy, generally or in a number of our markets, and consumers' reactions to these trends could adversely affect our business and cause us to, among other things, reduce the number and frequency of new market openings or cease operations in existing markets. It is important to note, however, that inflation can also serve as a tailwind that would accelerate the adoption of automated robotic last-mile delivery as labor becomes more expensive and drives up the cost of delivery by humans.

Intellectual Property.

We rely on patented and non-patented proprietary information relating to product development, manufacturing capabilities, and other core competencies of our business. Protection of intellectual property is critical. Therefore, steps such as additional patent applications, confidentiality, and non-disclosure agreements, as well as other security measures are important. While we believe we have a strong patent portfolio and there is no actual or, to our knowledge, threatened litigation against us for patent-related matters, litigation or threatened litigation is a common method to effectively enforce or protect intellectual property rights. Such action may be initiated by or against us and would require significant management time and expenses.

Supply Chain Constraints.

The global supply shortage of electrical components, including semiconductor chips and other hardware components essential to the manufacturing and maintenance of our robots, continued to impact our supply chain throughout 2023. As a result, we experienced increases in our lead times and costs for certain components to build our robots. Although our supply chain normalized during 2023, we cannot be sure whether global supply chain shortages will impact our future robot build plans. In order to mitigate supply chain risks, we would need to incur higher costs to secure available inventory and place non-cancellable purchase commitments with our suppliers, which could introduce inventory risk if our forecasts and assumptions prove inaccurate. Higher costs of components would impact our cash runway and delays in the manufacturing of our robots would push out our revenue forecasts.

Governmental and Regulatory Conditions.

Our potential for growth depends on continued permission and acceptance by local governments and municipalities where our robots perform deliveries. Changes in regulations such as the imposition of a cap on the number of robots or technical requirements such as robot size and weight restrictions or limitations on autonomy within a certain geographic area could reduce or limit our ability to generate revenues and/or impact our unit economics in those markets.

Future Prospects.

We anticipate that we will continue to experience operating losses in 2023 and 2024 as we seek to implement our long-term strategic plan, using the net proceeds from the Private Placement to accelerate our development through increased research and development spending, scale our robotic fleet, expand our sales and business development efforts, and increase our overall headcount in order to achieve efficiencies through scaled growth. Our goal over the next two years is to scale our operating fleet by a factor of 10 and expand our geographic coverage to new markets beyond our current operating area in Los Angeles. With such an increase, we anticipate proportional increases in capital costs, overhead, and operating expenses. We aim to initially achieve profitability in 2025, with increased profitability thereafter; however, doing so is dependent upon numerous factors, including the development of revenues, general business and economic conditions, and other risks and uncertainties, including those listed under *Part 1, Item 1A. Risk Factors*.

Components of Results of Operations

Revenue

Our revenue currently consists primarily of (1) delivery revenues and (2) revenues from branding.

Operating Expenses

Cost of revenue. Cost of revenue consists primarily of allocations of depreciation on robot assets used for revenue-producing activities, personnel time related to revenue-producing activities, and costs related to data, software and similar costs that allow the robots to function as intended and for the Company to communicate with the robots while in service.

Operations. Operations expenses primarily consist of costs for field operations personnel.

Research and Development. Costs incurred in the research and development of the Company's products are expensed as incurred. Research and development costs include product design, hardware and software costs.

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses include personnel costs and public relations expenses. Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and included in sales and marketing expenses.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses primarily consist of personnel-related expenses for executive management and administrative functions, including finance and accounting, legal, and human resources, as well as general corporate expenses and general insurance. General and administrative expenses also include depreciation on property and equipment as well as amortization of right of use assets. These costs are expensed as incurred.

Interest Expense

Interest expense consists of stated rates of interest on financing instruments, fees incurred related to financing instruments or accretion of debt discounts.

Changes in Fair Value of future equity obligations

Changes in the fair value of the simple agreements for future equity ("SAFEs") relate to updated assumptions and estimates are recognized within the statements of operations.

Other Income, Net

Other income, net of other expenses, consists primarily of income generated from our interest-bearing deposit account.

Financial Overview

For the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, we generated revenues of \$0.21 million and \$0.11 million, respectively, and reported net loss of \$24.81 million and \$21.86 million, respectively.

As noted in our consolidated financial statements, as of December 31, 2023, we had an accumulated deficit of \$68.33 million.

Results of Operations

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

The following table summarizes our operating results as reflected in our unaudited statements of operations during the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and provides information regarding the dollar and percentage increase (or decrease) during such periods.

		Year Ended December 31,				
	2	023		2022		Change
Revenues	\$	207,545	\$	107,819	\$	99,726
Cost of revenues		1,730,262		1,148,426		581,836
Gross loss	(1,522,717)		(1,040,607)		(482,110)
Operating expenses:						
General and administrative	4	4,618,499		3,786,124		832,375
Operations		2,564,930		2,035,063		529,867
Research and development		9,947,258		13,565,765		(3,618,507)
Sales and marketing		605,205		525,494		79,711
Impairment of long-lived assets		1,468,995		-		1,468,995
Total operating expenses	19	9,204,887		19,912,446		(707,559)
Loss from operations	(20	0,727,604)	(2	20,953,053)		225,449
Other income (expense), net:						
Interest expense, net	(2	2,264,426)		(636,330)		(1,628,096)
Change in fair value of derivative liability		(149,000)		-		(149,000)
Change in fair value of simple agreements for future equity	(1,672,706)		(265,744)		(1,406,962)
Total other income (expense), net	(4	4,086,132)		(902,074)		(3,184,058)
Provision for income taxes		-		-		-
Net loss	\$ (24	4,813,736)	\$ (2	21,855,127)	\$	(2,958,609)
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	14	4,204,078		6,896,769		
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	\$	(1.75)	\$	(3.17)		

Revenues were \$0.21 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, compared with \$0.11 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. The increase was because 2023 had a full year of operations, whereas 2022 had partial year, which resulted in more delivery fees.

Cost of revenues was \$1.73 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, compared with \$1.15 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. The increase was because 2023 had a full year of operations, whereas 2022 had partial year, which resulted in more costs.

General and administrative expense increased \$0.83 million to \$4.62 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 from \$3.79 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, due primarily to an increase in costs related to administrative functions, including finance and accounting, legal, and human resources, as well as general corporate expenses.

Operations expense increased \$0.53 million to \$2.56 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, compared with \$2.04 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, due primarily to servicing the larger scale of the robot fleet.

Research and development expense, which represented 51.8% and 68.1% of total operating expenses for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, decreased \$3.62 million to \$9.95 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 from \$13.57 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, due primarily to a reduction in workforce effective December 2022.

Sales and marketing expenses increased \$0.08 million to \$0.61 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 from \$0.53 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, due primarily to an increase in personnel costs and public relations expenses.

For the year ended December 31, 2023 an impairment of long-lived asset expense of \$1.47 million was recognized. Based on evaluating the forecasted cash flows through the assets' remaining useful life, and technology becoming obsolete once a new generation of robots is expected to launch, in 2024, management concluded to record a full impairment of the assets. Due to the discounted cash flows being negative through the remaining useful life (November 2024) and the technology becoming obsolete once a new generation of robots is launched, it was determined that there was an impairment and the expense recognized.

Operating expense decreased \$0.71 million to \$19.20 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 from \$19.91 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, due primarily to a reduction in workforce effective December 2022.

Interest expense increased \$1.63 million to \$2.26 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to \$0.64 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. This increase is related to the accretion of debt discounts which is a result of debts entered into that contained redemption features requiring derivative accounting and warrants issued with debt that discounted the debts. The majority of the increase is due to accretion and to a lesser extent, the interest on the Farnam Lease.

The change in fair value of future equity obligations increased by \$1.41 million to \$1.67 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to \$0.27 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 primarily due to the revaluation of SAFEs immediately prior to conversion into common stock.

The change in fair value of derivative liability increased by \$0.15 million to \$0.15 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to \$0.00 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 primarily due to the revaluation of derivative immediately prior to conversion into common stock, and there was no such derivative in the prior year.

Other expenses were \$4.09 million and \$0.9 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively primarily due to the increases in interest expense described above.

Net loss increased \$2.96 million to \$24.81 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 from \$21.86 million for the same period in 2022. The increase in net loss was primarily attributed to other expenses such as conversion of SAFEs and derivative liability into common stock as well as the impairment on the robot asset in 2023.

Key metrics

We regularly review the following key business metrics to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends affecting our business, formulate business plans, and make strategic decisions:

	Year Ended	December 31,
	2023	2022
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Key Metrics		
Daily Active Robots	34	28
Daily Supply Hours	260	211

Daily Active Robots: We define daily active robots as the average number of robots performing daily deliveries during the period. Daily active robots reflect our operation team's capacity to have active robots in the field performing deliveries and/or generating branding revenues. We closely monitor and strive to increase our daily active robots efficiently as we improve our autonomy and resultant human-to-robot ratios and increase the number of merchants and brand advertisers on our platform.

Daily Supply Hours: We define daily supply hours as the average number of hours our robots are ready to accept offers and perform daily deliveries during the period. Supply hours represent the aggregate number of robot hours per day during which we can utilize our robots for delivery. Supply hours increase as we add active robots and increase the operating window of those robots in a day. We closely monitor and strive to efficiently increase our fleet's daily supply hours.



Liquidity and Capital Resources

Net cash generated by financing activities is our primary source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2023, we had current assets of \$1.46 million and current liabilities of \$6.39 million, which included \$0.01 million in cash and cash equivalents.

We plan to raise additional working capital to fund operations through the issuance of stock to investors and/or issuance of notes payable. We believe, but there is no assurance, that the net proceeds of approximately \$10 million from the initial closing of the Private Placement and our existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to fund our current operating plans.

Our ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on our ability to raise adequate capital to fund operating losses until we can generate liquidity from our business operations. To the extent sufficient financing is not available, we may not be able to, or may be delayed in, developing our offerings and meeting our obligations. We will continue to evaluate our projected expenditures relative to our available cash and evaluate financing alternatives in order to satisfy our working capital and other cash requirements.

Cash Flows

As of December 31, 2023, our cash and cash equivalents were \$0.01 million. The following table shows a summary of our cash flows for the periods presented in millions:

	 Year E Deceml		
	 2023	2022	Change
Net cash (used in) provided by:			
Operating activities	\$ (15,970,878)	\$ (21,402,786)	\$ 5,431,908
Investing activities	(4,914)	(4,060,962)	4,056,048
Financing activities	13,266,829	20,213,606	(6,946,777)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (2,708,963)	\$ (5,250,142)	\$ 2,541,179

Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$15.97 and \$21.40 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The decrease of \$5.43 million was attributable primarily to a decrease in operating expenses including headcount and personnel costs, research and development, and support to revenue-producing activities.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$0.00 and \$4.06 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The usage of cash in 2022 related to the build of our second-generation robots, whereas in 2023, there were no new builds of robots.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$13.27 and \$20.21 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The decrease of \$6.95 million was attributable primarily to reduced proceeds from SAFEs in 2023 compared to 2022, and lower proceeds from Silicon Valley Bank loan in 2022.



Indebtedness

In March 2022, we entered into a term loan with Silicon Valley Bank for gross proceeds of \$2.50 million with a maturity date of March 1, 2025. The loan accrues interest at the greater of 3.25% or prime rate. Principal payments commenced on October 1, 2022, and the loan is repayable in 30 installments of principal and accrued interest.

We also entered into an equipment financing lease agreement with Farnam in June 2022, commencing November 2022, for the cost of building robots, calling for 24 monthly payments of approximately \$0.19 million based on an expected total cost of \$4.46 million of robot parts and manufacturing costs. In December 2023, the agreement was modified for three monthly payments of approximately \$0.03 million and 12 monthly payments of approximately \$0.19 million, subject to certain terms and effective in 2024.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

The following is a summary of our significant contractual obligations as of December 31, 2023.

	Remaining Period of 2024	More than One Year and Less than Three Years	More than Three Years and Less than Five Years	More than Five Years	Total
Operating lease obligations	\$ 527,983	214,775		-	742,758
Loan Financing Facility	1,070,000	250,000	-	-	1,320,000
Equipment Financing Facility	2,363,807	-	-	-	2,363,807
Total	\$ 3,961,790	464,775	-		4,426,565

On December 31, 2021, we entered into a strategic supply agreement with a manufacturer of component parts used for our robot assets. The agreement calls for a minimum of \$2.30 million in purchases over a two-year period ending December 2023. At the end of the two-year period, the vendor may invoice us for any shortfall in orders. As of December 31, 2023, the minimum purchase commitment was extended one year.

We have minimum spend agreements related to simulation software and storage services. The purchase commitments extend for a period of two to three years.

Off-Balance Sheet Transactions

We did not have during the periods presented, and we do not currently have, any off-balance sheet financing arrangements or any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as structured finance or special purpose entities, that were established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included in this report are prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles. The preparation of consolidated financial statements also requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs and expenses, and related disclosures. Our most critical accounting estimates relate to impairment of long-lived assets, valuation of SAFEs, stock-based compensation and right of use assets and liabilities. These estimates are critical as they require management judgment for inputs that are not observable. These estimates are developed based on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ significantly from the estimates made by management. To the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operation, and cash flows will be affected. We believe that the accounting policies described below involve a greater degree of judgment and complexity. Accordingly, these are the policies we believe are most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our consolidated financial condition and results of operations.

Revenue Recognition

We account for revenue in accordance with ASC 606 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"). We determine revenue recognition through the following steps:

- Identification of a contract with a customer;
- Identification of the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determination of the transaction price;
- Allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Recognition of revenue when or as the performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. As a practical expedient, we do not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component if, at contract inception, the period between customer payment and the transfer of goods or services is expected to be one year or less.

To date, we have generated initial revenues from our delivery services as well as branding fees. For delivery services, we satisfy our performance obligation when the delivery is complete, which is the point in time control of the delivered product transfers to the customer. We recognize branding fees over time as performance obligations are completed over the term of the agreement.

Lease Recognition

We account for leases under ASC 842 – Leases. We do not apply the recognition requirements for leases with a term of twelve months or less. We determine if an arrangement is a lease, or includes an embedded lease, at inception for each contract or agreement. A contract is or contains an embedded lease if the contract meets all of the below criteria:

- (i) there is an identified asset;
- (ii) we obtain substantially all of the economic benefits of the asset; and
- (iii) we have the right to direct the use of the asset.



Our operating lease agreements include office and warehouse space. Right-of-use ("ROU") assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and operating lease liabilities represent the obligation to make payments arising from the lease or embedded lease. Operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term. As most leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use an incremental borrowing rate that is based on the estimated rate of interest for a collateralized borrowing of a similar asset, using a similar term as the lease payments at the commencement date. Indirect capital costs are capitalized and included in the ROU assets at commencement.

The operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities include any lease payments made, including any variable amounts that are based on an index or rate, and exclude lease incentives. Variability that is not due to an index or rate, such as payments made based on hourly rates, are excluded from the lease liability. Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease.

Renewal option periods are included within the lease term and the associated payments are recognized in the measurement of the operating ROU asset and operating lease liability when they are at our discretion and considered reasonably certain of being exercised. Over the lease term, we use the effective interest rate method to account for the lease liability as lease payments are made and the ROU asset is amortized in a manner that results in straight-line expense recognition.

We have elected the practical expedient not to recognize leases with an initial term of 12 months or less on our balance sheets and lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the short-term lease.

Stock-Based Compensation

We account for stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, *Compensation - Stock Compensation*. We measure all stock-based awards granted to employees, directors and non-employee consultants based on the fair value on the date of the grant and recognizes compensation expense for those awards, net of estimated forfeitures, over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period of the respective award. For awards with service-based vesting conditions, we record the expense for using the straight-line method. For awards with performance-based vesting conditions, we record the expense if and when we conclude that it is probable that the performance condition will be achieved.

We classify stock-based compensation expenses in our statement of operations in the same manner in which the award recipient's payroll costs are classified or in which the award recipient's service payments are classified.

The fair value of each stock option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. We historically have been a private company and lacks company-specific historical and implied volatility information for our stock. Therefore, we estimate our expected stock price volatility based on the historical volatility of publicly traded peer companies and expect to continue to do so until such time as we have adequate historical data regarding the volatility of our own traded stock price. The expected term of our stock options has been determined utilizing the "simplified" method for awards that qualify as "plain-vanilla" options. The risk-free interest rate is determined by reference to the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant of the award for time periods approximately equal to the expected term of the award. Expected dividend yield is based on the fact that we have never paid cash dividends on common stock and do not expect to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Determining the appropriate fair value of stock-based awards requires the input of subjective assumptions. The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of stock-based awards represent management's judgment. As a result, if factors change and management uses different assumptions, stock-based compensation expenses could be materially different for future awards.

Emerging Growth Company and Smaller Reporting Company Status

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act. The JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of an extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards. This provision allows an emerging growth company to either early adopt or delay the adoption of some accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. We have elected to use the extended transition period under the JOBS Act until the earlier of the date we (i) are no longer an emerging growth company or (ii) affirmatively and irrevocably opt out of the extended transition period provided in the JOBS Act. As a result, our financial statements may not be comparable to companies that comply with new or revised accounting pronouncements as of public company effective dates.

We are also a "smaller reporting company" meaning that the market value of our stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$700 million and our annual revenue was less than \$100 million during the most recently completed fiscal year. We may continue to be a smaller reporting company if either (i) the market value of our stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$250 million or (ii) our annual revenue was less than \$100 million during the most recently completed fiscal year and the market value of our stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$250 million or (ii) our annual revenue was less than \$100 million during the most recently completed fiscal year and the market value of our stock held by non-affiliates is less than \$700 million. If we are a smaller reporting company at the time we cease to be an emerging growth company, we may continue to rely on exemptions from certain disclosure requirements that are available to smaller reporting companies. Specifically, as a smaller reporting company we may choose to present only the two most recent fiscal years of audited financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and, similar to emerging growth companies, smaller reporting companies have reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are a smaller reporting company, as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act, for this reporting period and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Serve Robotics Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Serve Robotics Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company's has sustained net losses, used cash flows from operations, and requires additional capital to operate. These factors raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regards to these matters are also described in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ dbbmckennon

Newport Beach, California February 29, 2024 We have served as the Company's auditor since 2022

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Serve Robotics Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets As of December 31, 2023 and 2022

	_	Year Ended	,	
	_	2023		2022
ASSETS				
Current assets:	.		<i>•</i>	
Cash	\$	6,756	\$	2,715,719
Accounts receivable		2,955		23,697
Inventory		774,349		618,262
Prepaid expenses		676,969		81,339
Total current assets		1,461,029		3,439,017
Property and equipment, net		48,422		3,376,427
Right of use asset		782,439		1,215,968
Deposits		512,659		512,659
Total assets	\$	2,804,549		8,544,071
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	2,050,605	\$	162,034
Accrued liabilities	ψ	2,050,005	φ	37,434
Note payable, current		1,000,000		1,000,000
Note payable - related party		70,000		1,000,000
Right of use liability, current portion		496,963		483,186
Lease liability, current portion		2,363,807		
Total current liabilities			_	2,214,348
		6,237,224		3,897,002
Note payable, net of current portion		230,933		1,214,600
Simple agreements for future equity		-		13,150,745
Restricted stock award liability		158,617		162,747
Right of use liability		211,181		708,143
Lease liability		-		1,862,980
Total liabilities		6,837,955	_	20,996,217
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)				
Stockholders' equity (deficit):				
Series Seed preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 4,008,079 ¹ shares authorized, 0 and 3,091,672 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively				309
Series Seed-1 preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 3,037,227 ¹ shares authorized, 0 and 2,440,411 shares issued and		-		505
outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively		-		244
Series Seed-2 preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 2,599,497 ¹ shares authorized, 0 and 2,088,696 shares issued and				200
outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively		-		209
Series Seed-3 preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 445,347 ¹ shares authorized, 0 and 357,836 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively		-		36
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding as of December 31, 2023		-		-
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized, 24,832,814 and 7,161,654 shares issued and				
24,508,795 and 6,826,352 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively		2,450		683
Additional paid-in capital		64,468,141		31,232,737
Subscription receivable		(169,616)		(165,719
Accumulated deficit		(68,334,381)		(43,520,645
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)		(4,033,406)		(12,452,146
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)	_		_	
rour nuomnos and stockholders' equity (denot)	—	2,804,549	_	8,544,071

¹ The authorized shares of preferred stock in the consolidated balance sheets above reflect the historical authorized shares of Serve. Upon the Merger, shares issued and outstanding have been retroactively restated to reflect the exchange ratio of 0.8035 as described in Note 4.

See accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

Serve Robotics Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Year I Decem	Ended ber 31,
	2023	2022
Revenues	\$ 207,545	\$ 107,819
Cost of revenues	1,730,262	1,148,426
Gross loss	(1,522,717)	(1,040,607)
Operating expenses:		
General and administrative	4,618,499	3,786,124
Operations	2,564,930	2,035,063
Research and development	9,947,258	13,565,765
Sales and marketing	605,205	525,494
Impairment of long-lived assets	1,468,995	-
Total operating expenses	19,204,887	19,912,446
Loss from operations	(20,727,604)	(20,953,053)
Other income (expense), net:		
Interest expense, net	(2,264,426)	(636,330)
Change in fair value of derivative liability	(149,000)	-
Change in fair value of simple agreements for future equity	(1,672,706)	(265,744)
Total other income (expense), net	(4,086,132)	(902,074)
Provision for income taxes	-	-
Net loss	(24,813,736)	(21,855,127)
	-	
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	14,204,078	6,896,769
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	(1.75)	(3.17)

See accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

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Serve Robotics Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit) For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

		Series Seed Preferred Stock		Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock		Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock		Series Seed-3 Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Subscription	Accumulated	Total Stockholders	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Receivable	Deficit	Equity (Defic	
alances at December															
31, 2021	2,834,033	\$ 283	2,440,411	\$ 244	2,088,696	\$ 209	357,836	\$ 36	7,111,123	\$ 711	\$29,984,430	\$ -	\$ (21,665,518) \$	\$ 8,320,3	
suance of															
Series Seed preferred															
stock	257,639	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	999,973	-	-	999,9	
estricted stock															
awards repurchased	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	(287,591)	(28)	28	_	-		
ested restricted									(207,071)	(20)	20				
stock															
purchased with recourse															
notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,820	-	4,250	(165,719)	-	(161,4	
arrants issued															
in connection with note															
payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,000	-	-	49,0	
ock-based															
compensation et loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	195,056	-	(21.955.127)	195,0	
lances at													(21,855,127)	(21,855,1	
December															
31, 2022	3,091,672	309	2,440,411	244	2,088,696	209	357,836	36	6,826,352	683	31,232,737	(165,719)	(43,520,645)	(12,452,	
uance of common															
stock															
pursuant to															
private placement									3,040,140	304	12,160,256			12,160,	
nversion of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,040,140	504	12,100,250	-	-	12,100,	
convertible															
note and derivative															
into common															
stock in															
connection									027.061	0.4	2 751 791			2 751	
with Merger nversion of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	937,961	94	3,751,781	-	-	3,751,	
SAFEs into															
common															
stock in connection															
with Merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,372,601	437	17,489,967	-	-	17,490,	
nversion of															
preferred stock into															
common															
stock in															
connection with Merger	(3,091,672)	(309)	(2,440,411)	(244)	(2,088,696)	(209)	(357,836)	(36)	7,978,616	798	-	-	-		
ricia shares	(3,0)1,0/2)	(50))	(2,110,111)	, (211)	(2,000,090)	(20))	(557,050)	(50)	1,970,010	170					
converted															
into common stock upon															
he Merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	150	(150)		-		
uance of															
common stock															
oursuant to															
orivate															
olacement offering, net															
of offering															
costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143,531	14	574,110	-	-	574	
sted restricted															
purchased															
with recourse															
notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,194	-	13,735	(3,897)	-	9	
stricted stock wards															
repurchased	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(319,118)	(32)	29	-	-		
rrants issued															
with convertible															
note	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	991,000	-	-	991	
ercise of															
warrants															
Merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,518	2	(2)) –	-		
ck-based									. ,	-					
compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	544,375	-	-	544,	
fering costs consists in															
connection															
with issuance															
of common stock															
pursuant to															
Merger	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,289,697)	- 1	-	(2,289,	
1 Ber	_												(24,813,736)	(24,813	
loss															
ances at December															

See accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

Serve Robotics Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Year Ended December 31				
		2023		2022	
Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss	\$	(24,813,736)	\$	(21,855,127)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:					
Depreciation		1,863,924		388,139	
Stock-based compensation		544,375		195,056	
Change in fair value of simple agreements for future equity		1,672,706		265,744	
Amortization of debt discount		1,811,798		13,600	
Change in fair value of derivative liability		149,000		-	
Impairment of long-lived assets		1,468,995		-	
Interest on recourse loan		(3,897)		-	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		20,742		(23,697)	
Inventory		(156,087)		(154,840)	
Prepaid expenses		(595,630)		(81,339)	
Other current assets		-		11,163	
Accounts payable		1,888,568		(174,278)	
Accrued liabilities		228,020		37,434	
Right of use liabilities, net		(49,656)		(24,641)	
Net cash used in operating activities	-	(15,970,878)	_	(21,402,786)	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchase of property and equipment		(4,914)		(3,644,950)	
Deposits		-		(416,012)	
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(4,914)		(4,060,962)	
Cash flows from financing activities:	_		_		
Proceeds from simple agreement for future equity		2,666,953		12,885,001	
Proceeds from notes payable		750,000		2,500,000	
Repayments of notes payable		(1,750,000)		(250,000)	
Proceeds from convertible notes payable		2,798,410		-	
Proceeds from notes payable, related party		519,000		-	
Repayments of notes payable, related party		(449,000)		-	
Proceeds from lease liability financing		-		4,455,852	
Repayment of lease liability financing		(1,713,518)		(378,524)	
Issuance of restricted common stock, net of repurchases		(3)		1,278	
Issuance of common stock pursuant to Merger and private placement, net of offering costs		10,444,987		-	
Issuance of Series Seed preferred stock		-		999,999	
Net cash provided by financing activities	_	13,266,829	_	20,213,606	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	_	(2,708,963)	_	(5,250,142)	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,715,719		7,965,861	
	_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	=	6,756	_	2,715,719	
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:					
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	_	\$	-	
Cash paid for interest	\$	507,193	\$	622,730	
	ψ	507,175	ψ	022,750	
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:					
Restricted stock award liability	\$	-	\$	162,747	
Derivative liability in connection with convertible note	\$	601,000	\$	-	
Debt discount issued as accrued liability	\$		\$	-	
Conversion of simple agreement for future equity into common stock	\$	17,490,404	\$	-	
Conversion of convertible note and derivative into common stock in connection with Merger	\$		\$	-	
Warrants issued in connection with note payable	\$	991,000	\$	49,000	
Subscription receivable	\$	-	\$	165,719	

See accompanying notes to these consolidated financial statements.

Serve Robotics Inc. Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS, HISTORY, ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

Serve Operating Co. (formerly known as Serve Robotics Inc.) (the "Company" or "Serve") is a corporation formed on January 15, 2021 under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company is developing next generation robots for last-mile delivery services. The Company is headquartered in Redwood City, California.

In February 2021, the Company entered into a contribution and license agreement with Postmates, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Postmates"). Pursuant to the agreement, Postmates transferred over certain contracts and agreements, intellectual property and patents and hardware and equipment to the Company. As the contribution was without consideration, the agreement did not have any effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

On July 31, 2023, Patricia's wholly-owned subsidiary, Serve Acquisition Corp., a corporation formed in the State of Delaware on July 10, 2023 ("Acquisition Sub"), merged with and into the Company. Pursuant to this transaction (the "Merger"), the Company was the surviving corporation and became Patricia's wholly owned subsidiary, and all of the outstanding stock of Serve was converted into shares of Patricia's common stock. All of Serve's outstanding warrants and options were assumed by Patricia. In addition, on July 31, 2023, the board of directors of Patricia Acquisition Corp., a Delaware corporation incorporated on November 9, 2020 ("Patricia") and all of its pre-Merger stockholders approved a restated certificate of incorporation, which was effective upon its filing with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on July 31, 2023, and through which Patricia changed its name to "Serve Robotics Inc." Following the consummation of the Merger, Serve changed its name to "Serve Operating Co."

As a result of the Merger, Patricia acquired the business of Serve and will continue the existing business operations of Serve as a public reporting company under the name Serve Robotics Inc. In accordance with "reverse merger" or "reverse acquisition" accounting treatment, the Company was determined the accounting acquirer. Patricia's historical financial statements before the Merger has been replaced with the historical financial statements of Serve before the Merger in filings with the SEC since the Merger unless otherwise noted.

2. GOING CONERN

The Company has evaluated whether there are certain conditions and events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are issued.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company sustained net losses of \$24,813,736 and \$21,855,127 during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and had cash used in operations of \$15,970,878 during the year ended December 31, 2023. The Company requires additional capital to operate and expects losses to continue for the foreseeable future. These factors raise substantial doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern until it reaches profitability is dependent upon its ability to generate cash from operating activities and to raise additional capital to fund operations. Management plans to raise additional capital to fund operations through debt and/or equity financings. Through the issuance date of the consolidated financial statements, the Company has raised \$5.0 million in convertible promissory notes (see Note 13). Our failure to raise additional capital could have a negative impact on not only our financial condition but also our ability to execute our business plan. No assurance can be given that the Company will be successful in these efforts. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The Company may not be able to obtain financing on acceptable terms, or at all.

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3. REVERSE MERGER ACCOUNTING

On July 31, 2023, Acquisition Sub, merged with and into the Company. Pursuant to the Merger, the Company was the surviving corporation and became Patricia's wholly owned subsidiary, and all of the outstanding stock of Serve was converted into shares of Patricia's common stock. All of Serve's outstanding warrants and options were assumed by Patricia. Following the consummation of the Merger, Serve changed its name to "Serve Operating Co."

The merger was accounted for as a reverse-merger, and recapitalization in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP"). Serve Robotics Inc. was the acquirer for financial reporting purposes and Patricia was the acquired company. Consequently, the assets and liabilities and the operations that are reflected in the historical financial statements prior to the merger are those of Serve Robotics Inc. and have been recorded at the historical cost basis of Serve Robotics Inc., and the financial statements after completion of the merger include the assets and liabilities of Patricia and Serve Robotics Inc., historical operations of Serve Robotics Inc. and operations of Patricia from the closing date of the merger. Common stock and the corresponding capital amounts of Patricia pre-merger were retroactively restated as capital stock shares reflecting the exchange ratio in the merger. In conjunction with the merger, the Company received no cash and assumed no liabilities from Patricia Acquisition Corp.

As a result of the Merger, each of Serve's shares of capital stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Merger was converted into the right to receive 0.8035 shares of Patricia's common stock (the "Common Share Conversion Ratio"). Accordingly, all share and per share amounts for all periods presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been adjusted retroactively, where applicable, to reflect the Common Share Conversion Ratio. There was no effect on the number of shares of common stock or preferred stock authorized for issuance under the Company's certificate of incorporation or the par value of such securities.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to GAAP. The Company's fiscal year is December 31.

Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Serve Operating Co. and Serve Robotics Canada Inc. All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.



Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions reflected in these financial statements include, but are not limited to, impairment of long-lived assets, right-of-use assets and liabilities, stock-based compensation and allocation of costs of revenue. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience, known trends and other market-specific or other relevant factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates when there are changes in circumstances, facts and experience. Changes in estimates are recorded in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents. The Company generally maintains balances in various operating accounts at financial institutions that management believes to be of high credit quality, in amounts that may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses related to its cash and cash equivalents and does not believe that it is subject to unusual credit risk beyond the normal credit risk associated with commercial banking relationships. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company's cash and cash equivalents were held at one accredited financial institution.

Concentrations

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, one customer accounted for 71% and 50% of revenue, respectively. The loss of this customer may have a material effect on the Company.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Fair Value Measurements

Certain assets and liabilities of the Company are carried at fair value under GAAP. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value are to be classified and disclosed in one of the following three levels of the fair value hierarchy, of which the first two are considered observable and the last is considered unobservable:

- Level 1—Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2—Observable inputs (other than Level 1 quoted prices), such as quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active for identical or similar assets or liabilities, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3—Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity that are significant to determining the fair value of the assets or liabilities, including pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques.



The carrying values of the Company's accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these assets and liabilities.

See Notes 5 and 8 for fair value disclosures of future equity obligations.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are derived from services delivered to customers and are stated at their net realizable value. The Company accounts for allowance for doubtful accounts under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 310-10-35. Each month, the Company reviews its receivables on a customer-bycustomer basis and evaluates whether an allowance for doubtful accounts is necessary based on any known or perceived collection issues. Any balances that are eventually deemed uncollectible are written off against the allowance after all means of collection have been exhausted and the potential for recovery is considered remote. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company determined there was no allowance for doubtful accounts necessary.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market value and accounted for using the specific identification cost method. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, inventory primarily consists of robotic component parts from the Company's suppliers. Management reviews its inventory for obsolescence and impairment annually and did not record a reserve for obsolete inventory for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense is recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset, which is three (3) to five (5) years for office equipment and two (2) years for the Company's robot assets. Estimated useful lives are periodically assessed to determine if changes are appropriate. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost of these assets and related accumulated depreciation or amortization are eliminated from the balance sheets and any resulting gains or losses are included in the statement of operations in the period of disposal.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company accounts for long-lived assets in accordance with the provisions of ASC 360-10-35, *Property, Plant and Equipment, Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets.* The Company continually monitors events and changes in circumstances that could indicate carrying amounts of long-lived assets may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances are present, the Company assesses the recoverability of long-lived assets by determining whether the carrying value of such assets will be recovered through undiscounted expected future cash flows. If the total of the future cash flows is less than the carrying amount of those assets, the Company recognizes an impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or the fair value less costs to sell.

At December 31, 2023, management determined that certain events and circumstances occurred that indicated that the carrying value of the Company's robot assets may not be recoverable. Based on the undiscounted cash flows over the remaining depreciable life, management determined an impairment of the remaining carrying value totaling \$1,468,995 was necessary.

Deferred Offering Costs

The Company complies with the requirements of ASC 340-10-S99-1 with regards to offering costs. Prior to the completion of an offering, offering costs are capitalized. The deferred offering costs are charged to additional paid-in capital or as a discount to debt, as applicable, upon the completion of an offering or to expense if the offering is not completed. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were no deferred offering costs.

Convertible Instruments

GAAP requires companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free-standing derivative financial instruments according to certain criteria. The criteria include circumstances in which (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable generally accepted accounting principles with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur and (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument. An exception to this rule is when the host instrument is deemed to be conventional as that term is described under applicable GAAP.

Subscription Receivable

The Company records stock issuances at the effective date. If the subscription is not funded upon issuance, the Company records a subscription receivable as an asset on a balance sheet, except when subscription receivable is not received prior to the issuance of financial statements at a reporting date in satisfaction of the requirements under ASC 505-10-45-2, in which case, the subscription is reclassified as a contra account to stockholders' equity (deficit) on the consolidated balance sheet.

Accounting for Preferred Stock

ASC 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity, includes standards for how an issuer of equity (including equity shares issued by consolidated entities) classifies and measures on its consolidated balance sheet certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity.

Management is required to determine the presentation for the preferred stock as a result of the redemption and conversion provisions, among other provisions in the agreement. Specifically, management is required to determine whether the embedded conversion feature in the preferred stock is clearly and closely related to the host instrument, and whether the bifurcation of the conversion feature is required and whether the conversion feature should be accounted for as a derivative instrument. If the host instrument and conversion feature are determined to be clearly and closely related (both more akin to equity), derivative liability accounting under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, is not required. Management determined that the host contract of the preferred stock is more akin to equity, and accordingly, liability accounting is not required by the Company. The Company has presented preferred stock within stockholders' equity.

Costs incurred directly for the issuance of the preferred stock are recorded as a reduction of gross proceeds received by the Company, resulting in a discount to the preferred stock. The discount is not amortized.



Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation ("ASC 718"). The Company measures all stock-based awards granted to employees, directors and non-employee consultants based on the fair value on the date of the grant and recognizes compensation expense for those awards over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period of the respective award. For awards with service-based vesting conditions, the Company records the expense for using the straight-line method. For awards with performance-based vesting conditions, the Company records the expense if and when the Company concludes that it is probable that the performance condition will be achieved.

The Company classifies stock-based compensation expense in its statement of operations in the same manner in which the award recipient's payroll costs are classified or in which the award recipient's service payments are classified.

The fair value of each stock option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Company historically has been a private company and lacks company-specific historical and implied volatility information for its stock. Therefore, it estimates its expected stock price volatility based on the historical volatility of publicly traded peer companies and expects to continue to do so until such time as it has adequate historical data regarding the volatility of its own traded stock price. The expected term of the Company's stock options has been determined utilizing the "simplified" method for awards that qualify as "plain-vanilla" options. The risk-free interest rate is determined by reference to the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant of the award for time periods approximately equal to the expected term of the award. Expected dividend yield is based on the fact that the Company has never paid cash dividends on common stock and does not expect to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Forfeitures are recognized as incurred. Determining the appropriate fair value of stock-based awards requires the input of subjective assumptions. The assumptions used in calculating the fair value of stock-based awards represent management's best estimates and involve inherent uncertainties and the application of management's judgment. As a result, if factors change and management uses different assumptions, stock-based compensation expense could be materially different for future awards.

Revenue Recognition

The Company accounts for revenue under ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The Company determines revenue recognition through the following steps:

- Identification of a contract with a customer;
- Identification of the performance obligations in the contract;
- Determination of the transaction price;
- Allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Recognition of revenue when or as the performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenue is recognized when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. As a practical expedient, the Company does not adjust the transaction price for the effects of a significant financing component if, at contract inception, the period between customer payment and the transfer of goods or services is expected to be one year or less.

To date, the Company has generated initial revenues from its delivery services as well as branding fees. For delivery services, the Company satisfies its performance obligation when the delivery is complete, which is the point in time control of the delivered product transfers to the customer. The Company recognizes branding fees over time as performance obligations are completed over the term of the agreement.

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During the year ended December 31, 2023, delivery revenue was \$146,462, branding fees were \$45,250 and other revenue was \$15,833, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2022, delivery revenue was \$54,423 and branding fees were \$53,575, respectively.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists primarily of allocations of depreciation on robot assets used for revenue-producing activities, personnel time related to revenueproducing activities, and costs related to data, software and similar costs that allow the robots to function as intended and for the Company to communicate with the robots while in service.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses include personnel costs and public relations expenses. Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and included in sales and marketing expenses. Advertising expenses were approximately \$184,000 and \$128,000 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Operations

Operations expenses primarily consist of costs for field operations personnel.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses primarily consist of personnel-related expenses for executive management and administrative functions, including finance and accounting, legal, and human resources, as well as general corporate expenses and general insurance. General and administrative expenses also include depreciation on property and equipment as well as amortization of right of use assets. These costs are expensed as incurred.

Research and Development Costs

Costs incurred in the research and development of the Company's products are expensed as incurred. Research and development costs include product design, hardware and software costs.

Leases

The Company accounts for leases under ASC 842 – Leases. The company does not apply the recognition requirements for leases with a term of twelve months or less.

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease, or includes an embedded lease, at inception for each contract or agreement. A contract is or contains an embedded lease if the contract meets all of the below criteria:

- (i) there is an identified asset
- (ii) the Company obtains substantially all of the economic benefits of the asset
- (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset



The Company's operating lease agreements include office and warehouse space. ROU assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and operating lease liabilities represent the obligation to make payments arising from the lease or embedded lease. Operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term. As most leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses an incremental borrowing rate that is based on the estimated rate of interest for a collateralized borrowing of a similar asset, using a similar term as the lease payments at the commencement date. Indirect capital costs are capitalized and included in the ROU assets at commencement.

The operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities include any lease payments made, including any variable amounts that are based on an index or rate, and exclude lease incentives. Variability that is not due to an index or rate, such as payments made based on hourly rates, are excluded from the lease liability. Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease.

Renewal option periods are included within the lease term and the associated payments are recognized in the measurement of the operating ROU asset and operating lease liability when they are at our discretion and considered reasonably certain of being exercised. Over the lease term, the Company uses the effective interest rate method to account for the lease liability as lease payments are made and the ROU asset is amortized in a manner that results in straight-line expense recognition. (See Note 12).

Income Taxes

The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in ASC 740, Income Taxes. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the basis differences reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is unlikely that the deferred tax assets will not be realized. We assess our income tax positions and record tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon our evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. In accordance with ASC 740-10, for those tax positions where there is a greater than 50% likelihood that a tax benefit will be sustained, the Company's policy will be to record the largest amount of tax benefit that is more likely than not to be realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where there is less than 50% likelihood that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit will be recognized in the financial statements.

Net Loss per Share

Net earnings or loss per share is computed by dividing net income or loss by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, excluding shares subject to redemption or forfeiture. The Company presents basic and diluted net earnings or loss per share. Diluted net earnings or loss per share reflect the actual weighted average of common shares issued and outstanding during the period, adjusted for potentially dilutive securities are excluded from the computation of the diluted net loss per share if their inclusion would be antidilutive. As all potentially dilutive securities are anti-dilutive as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, diluted net loss per share is the same as basic net loss per share for each year. Potentially dilutive items outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	December 31,		
	2023	2022	
Series Seed preferred stock (convertible to common stock)	-	3,091,672	
Series Seed-1 preferred stock (convertible to common stock)	-	2,440,412	
Series Seed-2 preferred stock (convertible to common stock)	-	2,088,696	
Series Seed-3 preferred stock (convertible to common stock)	-	357,836	
Common stock warrants	1,090,272	54,203	
Preferred stock warrants	-	128,819	
Stock options	1,515,386	861,309	
Unvested restricted common stock	324,019	-	
Total potentially dilutive shares	2,929,677	9,022,947	



Excluded in the table of December 31, 2022 are the number of shares that would be issuable upon the conversion of Simple Agreements for Future Equity, for which the number of shares are indeterminable as of December 31, 2022. Upon consummation of the Merger, all outstanding SAFEs were converted into 4,372,601 shares of common stock (see Notes 5, 8 and 9).

Upon the Merger, all outstanding shares of preferred stock were converted into an aggregate of 7,978,616 shares of common stock. Furthermore, all outstanding warrants to purchase shares of Series Seed preferred stock were converted into 128,819 warrants to purchase shares of common stock.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards could have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements. As new accounting pronouncements are issued, the Company will adopt those that are applicable under the circumstances.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's financial assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurements on a recurring basis and the level of inputs used for such measurements were as follows:

		Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2023 Using:				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Liabilities:						
Simple agreement for future equity	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Derivative liability	-	-	-	-		
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
		Fair Value Measurements as of December 31, 2022 Using:				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Liabilities:						
Simple agreement for future equity	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,150,745	\$ 13,150,745		
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,150,745	\$ 13,150,745		

Simple Agreements for Future Equity

The Company measures the simple agreements for future equity ("SAFE" or "SAFEs") at fair value based on significant inputs not observable in the market, which causes it to be classified as a Level 3 measurement within the fair value hierarchy. The valuation of the future equity obligations uses assumptions and estimates the Company believes would be made by a market participant in making the same valuation. The Company assesses these assumptions and estimates on an on-going basis as additional data impacting the assumptions and estimates are obtained. Changes in the fair value of the simple agreements for future equity related to updated assumptions and estimates are recognized within the statements of operations.

The simple agreements for future equity may change significantly as additional data is obtained, impacting the Company's assumptions regarding probabilities of outcomes used to estimate the fair value of the liability. In evaluating this information, considerable judgment is required to interpret the data used to develop the assumptions and estimates. The estimates of fair value may not be indicative of the amounts that could be realized in a current market exchange. Accordingly, the use of different market assumptions and/or different valuation techniques may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts, and such changes could materially impact the Company's results of operations in future periods.

The Company utilized a probability-weighted average approach based on the estimated market value of the underlying securities and the potential settlement outcomes of the simple agreements for future equity, including a liquidity event or future equity financing as well as other settlement alternatives. Both the market value of the underlying securities and the probability of settlement outcomes include unobservable Level 3 inputs.



As of December 31, 2022, the Company assumed a 85% probability of a liquidity and/or equity financing events as the primary ultimate settlement outcomes of the future equity obligations. Immediately prior to the Merger, the Company revalued the remaining outstanding SAFEs using a 100% probability of an equity financing and \$4.00 as the fair value of the underlying common stock (see Note 9). Upon the Merger, the SAFEs converted into 4,372,601 shares of common stock at a fair value of \$17,490,404.

Derivative Liability

In connection with the Company's convertible notes, the Company recorded a derivative liability (see Note 7). The estimated fair value of the derivative liability is recorded using significant unobservable measures and other fair value inputs and is therefore classified as a Level 3 financial instrument.

The fair value of the derivative liability is valued using a probability-weighted scenario analysis utilizing the terms of the notes and assumptions regarding cash settlement or conversion to equity. Immediately prior to the Merger, the Company determined a 100% probability of conversion into equity.

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of our Level 3 financial instrument liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Simple Agreement For Future Equity	Embedded Derivative Liability	Total
Outstanding as of December 31, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Issuance of simple agreements for future equity	12,885,001	-	12,885,001
Change in fair value	265,744	-	265,744
Outstanding as of December 31, 2021	13,150,745	-	13,150,745
Issuance of simple agreements for future equity	2,666,953	-	2,666,953
Issuance of embedded derivative liability	-	601,000	601,000
Change in fair value	1,672,706	149,000	1,821,706
Conversion to common stock upon Merger	(17,490,404)	(750,000)	(18,240,404)
Outstanding as of December 31, 2023	\$ -	\$-	\$ -

6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

The following is a summary of property and equipment:

	Decem	ber 31,
	2023	2022
Office equipment	\$ 250,661	\$ 245,747
Robot assets	2,092,293	3,561,288
Total	2,342,954	3,807,035
Less: accumulated depreciation	(2,294,532)	(430,608)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 48,422	\$ 3,376,427

Depreciation expense was \$1,863,924 and \$388,139 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company fully impaired the carrying amount of the robot assets pursuant to its annual impairment assessment. The Company recorded an impairment expense of \$1,468,995.



7. NOTE PAYABLE

Silicon Valley Bank

In March 2022, the Company entered into a promissory note with Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB") for a principal amount of \$2,500,000. The note matures on March 1, 2025 and bears interest at the greater of 3.25% or prime rate. The loan had interest-only payments through September 2022, and then requires monthly principal payments of \$83,333, plus interest, beginning October 2022. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company made repayments of \$1,000,000 and \$2,500,000, and \$1,250,000 and \$2,250,000 remained outstanding, all respectively. Interest expense was \$72,639 and \$58,463 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, all of which were paid. The note is subject to subordination related to financed assets of the Company.

In connection with the note, the Company issued SVB 40,292 warrants to purchase common stock. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.49 per share, are immediately exercisable and have a term of 12 years. The fair value of the warrant was \$49,000, which was recognized as a debt discount and will be amortized to interest expense over the life of the note. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, amortization of debt discount was \$16,333 and \$13,600, respectively. During 2023, SVB exercised 40,292 warrants through a cashless exercise, which resulted in the issuance of 17,518 shares of the Company's common stock.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, note payable, net of unamortized discount of \$19,067 and \$35,400, was \$1,230,933 and 2,214,600, all respectively.

Short-Term Notes

Prior to the Merger, the Company received \$750,000 in proceeds from short-term notes. The loans accrued interest on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 18% per annum. Each holder of the notes (with the exception of one) was entitled to an exit fee equal to 16% of the stated principal amount of such holder's note, less the total amount of interest that accrued on such note prior to the closing of the Merger (the "Exit Fee"). Upon the Merger, the Company fully repaid the notes and exit fee for a total of \$870,015.

Convertible Note Payable

In April 2023, the Company entered into bridge financing totaling \$3,001,500 in principal for which the Company received \$2,798,410 in net proceeds (the "April Notes"), after deducting offering costs of \$203,090. The April Notes bore interest at 10% per annum and were payable six months from the date of the bridge financing, subject to conversion. The April Notes were convertible into shares of common stock at a conversion price equal to 80% of the price per the PIPE offering (the "Private Placement"), which initially closed simultaneously with the Merger on July 31, 2023 (see Note 9). Upon the closing of the Merger and the initial closing of the Private Placement, the outstanding principal amount of the Bridge Notes was automatically converted into 937,961 shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$3.20 per share. Furthermore, accrued interest on the April Notes were forgiven; therefore, no interest was recognized as of the closing of the Merger.

The Company evaluated the terms of the conversion features of the April Notes as noted above in accordance with ASC Topic No. 815 - 40, Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity's Own Stock, and determined they are not indexed to the Company's common stock and that the conversion feature, which is akin to a redemption feature, meet the definition of a liability. The notes contain an indeterminate number of shares to settle with conversion options outside of the Company's control. Therefore, the Company bifurcated the conversion feature and accounted for it as a separate derivative liability. Upon issuance of the April Notes, the Company recognized a derivative liability at a fair value of \$601,000 (see Note 5), which was recorded as a debt discount and was amortized over the life of the notes. Upon the Merger and the Private Placement, the derivative liability had a fair value of \$750,000, which was recorded to additional paid-in capital in connection with the conversion of the underlying notes.

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company amortized \$804,465 of the debt discount to interest expense. Upon the Merger, the outstanding balances were converted to 937,961 shares of common stock, and there were no remaining balances due.

In connection with the April Notes, the Company recorded a charge of \$991,000 based on contingent warrants issued upon conversion. See Note 10.

Note Payable – Related Party

In June and July 2023, the Company issued senior secured promissory notes with its Chief Executive Officer for which the Company received \$449,000 in proceeds. The notes bore interest at 7.67% per annum.

In connection with these notes, the Company agreed to pay an exit fee upon repayment of the note equal to 16% of the principal, less the total interest that accrued until repayment. Upon the Merger, the Company fully repaid the notes and exit fee for a total of \$520,840.

In December 2023, the Company issued a senior secured promissory note to its Chief Executive Officer for which Serve received \$70,000 in proceeds. The note bore interest at 7.67% per annum. The note was outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and fully repaid on January 3, 2024.

8. FUTURE EQUITY OBLIGATIONS

During 2022, the Company issued SAFEs for an aggregate purchase amount of \$12,885,001 to investors of Serve (the "2022 SAFEs"). The 2022 agreements, which provide the right of the investors to future equity in the Company, were subject to a valuation cap of \$65.0 million with an 80% discount rate for \$2,300,000 of the purchase amount with the remaining agreements being uncapped with a 90% discount rate. The agreements had a discount rate of 80%.

In 2023, the Company entered into SAFEs for aggregate purchase amounts of \$2,666,953. The 2023 agreements, which provide the right of the investors to future equity in the Company, were subject to a valuation cap of \$65 million. The agreements had a discount rate of 80%.

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In 2023, the terms of certain 2022 SAFE agreements were modified where previously uncapped agreements were amended to a valuation cap of \$80 million. Furthermore, the discount rates were amended from 90% to 80%. The amendments were accounted for as a modification. The SAFEs were marked-to-market, and the effects of modification was included in the change in fair value of SAFEs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Upon the Merger in July 2023, all remaining outstanding SAFEs were converted into 4,372,601 shares of common stock.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the fair value of SAFEs was \$0 and \$13,150,745, respectively. See Note 6 for fair value disclosures.

9. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock

Before the consummation of the Merger, the Company had issued Series Seed, Series Seed-1, Series Seed-2 and Series Seed-3 convertible preferred stock (collectively referred to as "Pre-Merger Preferred Stock"). The Company's certificate of incorporation, as amended and restated, had authorized the Company to issue a total of 10,090,150 shares of Pre-Merger Preferred Stock, of which 4,008,079 shares were designated as Series Seed-1 Preferred Stock, 2,599,497 shares were designated as Series Seed-2 Preferred Stock and 445,347 shares were designated as Series Seed-3 Preferred Stock. The Preferred Stock have a par value of \$0.0001 per share.

The liquidation preferences were as follows:

		December 31,			
	2023	1	2022		
Series Seed preferred stock	\$	- 3	5 11,999,997		
Series Seed-1 preferred stock		-	3,699,950		
Series Seed-2 preferred stock		-	5,674,962		
Series Seed-3 preferred stock		-	1,250,000		
	\$	- 5	\$ 22,624,909		

Upon the Merger, there were 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, authorized for issuance.

Transactions

In February 2022, the Company issued 257,639 shares of Series Seed Preferred Stock for gross proceeds of \$999,999, or \$3.88 per share.

Upon consummation of the Merger in July 2023, all shares of Serve Preferred Stock were converted into 7,978,616 shares of common stock of the newly merged entity.

Common Stock

Upon the Merger, the Company has authorized 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.

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Dividend Rights

Subject to applicable law and the rights and preferences, if any, of any holders of any outstanding series of preferred stock, the holders of our common stock are entitled to receive dividends if our Board, in its discretion, determines to issue dividends and then only at the times and in the amounts that our Board may determine, payable either in cash, in property or in shares of capital stock.

Voting Rights

Holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. Except as otherwise required by law, holders of common stock are not entitled to vote on any amendment to the amended and restated certificate of incorporation (including any certificate of designation relating to any series of preferred stock) that relates solely to the terms of one or more outstanding series of preferred stock if the holders of such affected series are entitled, either separately or together as a class with the holders of one or more other such series, to vote on such amendment pursuant to the amended and restated certificate (including any certificate of designation relating to any series of preferred stock). We have not provided for cumulative voting for the election of directors in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation. Accordingly, holders of a majority of the shares of our common stock will be able to elect all of our directors. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation establishes a classified board of directors, divided into three classes with staggered three-year terms. Only one class of directors will be elected at each annual meeting of our stockholders, with the other classes continuing for the remainder of their respective three-year terms.

Transactions

Immediately following the Merger, the Company issued 2,782,378 shares of common stock pursuant to a private placement offering for gross proceeds of \$11,129,512, or at a purchase price of \$4.00 per share. On August 31, 2023, the Company issued an additional 257,762 shares of common stock pursuant to the private placement offering for gross proceeds of \$1,031,048, or \$4.00 per share. The private placement offerings are referred to herein as the "Private Placement."

Upon consummation of the Merger, Patricia's predecessor shares converted into 1,500,000 shares of common stock of the newly merged entity.

Upon consummation of the Merger, all outstanding SAFEs were converted into 4,372,601 shares of common stock (see Notes 5 and 8).

Upon consummation of the Merger, the outstanding convertible note was converted into 937,961 shares of common stock (see Note 7).

Upon consummation of the Merger, all shares of Serve Preferred Stock were converted into 7,978,616 shares of common stock.

On October 26, 2023, the Company completed a subsequent closing of the Private Placement and issued 143,531 shares of common stock for gross proceeds of \$547,123, or \$4.00 per share. The Company received \$529,127 in net proceeds.



Restricted Common Stock

During 2022, the Company issued 338,121 shares of restricted common stock for recourse notes totaling \$164,116. The shares were issued with a corresponding note receivable, a recourse loan that was collateralized by the underlying shares. The Company plans to enforce the recourse terms for the holders. As such, in accordance with ASC 505-10-45-2, the Company recognized a subscription receivable of \$165,719, inclusive of interest on the note, which is included as a contra-equity on the consolidated balance sheets. The Company recorded a corresponding restricted stock award liability of \$162,747 for the potential settlement if the call right for the shares of restricted common stock is exercised and unvested shares repurchased. The Company reduced the liability and increased additional paid-in capital for the value of the note associated with vested shares no longer subject to the call right. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, 11,194 and 2,820 shares of restricted common stock vested for a value of \$13,735 and \$4,250, all respectively. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the subscription receivable balance was \$169,616 and 165,719 and the corresponding restricted stock award liability were \$158,617 and 162,747, all respectively.

Prior to December 31, 2023, the Company has issued 6,842,490 shares of common stock subject to vesting requirements, whereby the Company can repurchase unvested shares at its option upon an employees termination. As of December 31, 2023, 2,877,761 shares remained unvested and will vest over approximately 1.6 years.

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company recorded stock-based compensation pertaining to vesting of restricted common stock of \$263,893 and \$141,446, respectively. Total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted common stock amounted to approximately \$638,000 as of December 31, 2023.

During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company repurchased restricted stock awards of 319,118 and 287,591 shares of common stock, respectively, for nominal value.

Warrants

Upon the consummation of the Merger, (i) warrants to purchase 17,314 shares of Serve's common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Merger were assumed and converted into warrants to purchase 13,911 shares of Patricia's common stock, and (ii) warrants to purchase 160,323 shares of Serve's Series Seed preferred stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Merger were assumed and converted into warrants to purchase 128,819 shares of Patricia's common stock.

In connection with the April Notes (see Note 7), the Company granted each holder warrants to purchase common stock equal to 50% of the number of shares of common stock into which the loan is convertible at an exercise price of \$3.20 per share. Furthermore, the Company granted warrants to the Bridge Brokers equal to 8% of the number of shares of common stock into which April Notes, other than those purchased by insider investors, would convert at the closing of the Merger, with an exercise price of \$3.20 per share. As the issuance of the warrants noted above were contingent on the closing of the Merger, they were not considered granted until July 31, 2023. Upon the closing of the Merger, the Company issued 468,971 warrants to the holders of the April Notes and 74,662 warrants to the Bridge Brokers. The Company calculated the fair value of the warrants using a Black-Scholes pricing model. The Company valued the warrants using a common stock fair value of \$4.00, exercise price of \$3.20 per share, a term of five years, a volatility of 75% and a risk-free interest rate of 4.18%. The Company recognized a note discount for \$991,000 in relation to the warrants, which was immediately recognized in interest expense as of the note conversion date on July 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2023, all of the warrants were outstanding and were immediately exercisable.

In connection with the Private Placement as of December 31, 2023, the Company granted an additional 403,909 warrants to purchase common stock to the placement agents. Of these, 153,909 warrants had an exercise price of \$4.00 per share and 250,000 warrants had an exercise price of \$0.001 per share. The warrants are immediately exercisable. The warrants are both an increase to additional paid-in capital and net against the proceeds of the offering for a net zero effect to additional paid-in capital.

As of December 31, 2023, there were an aggregate of 1,090,272 warrants to purchase common stock outstanding with a weighted-average exercise price of \$2.67 per share and a weighted-average remaining term of 3.2 years.



10. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

2023 Equity Incentive Plan

The 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2023 Plan") permits the grant of incentive stock options, nonstatutory stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs") and stock bonus awards (all such types of awards, collectively, "stock awards").

Subject to adjustments as set forth in the 2023 Plan, the maximum aggregate number of shares of common stock that may be issued under the 2023 Plan will not exceed 1,594,800 shares. The shares may be authorized, but unissued, or reacquired common stock. Furthermore, subject to adjustments as set forth in the 2023 Plan, in no event shall the maximum aggregate number of shares that may be issued under the 2023 Plan pursuant to Incentive Stock Options exceed the number set forth above plus, to the extent allowable under Section 422 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder, any shares that again become available for issuance pursuant to the 2023 Plan.

The number of shares available for issuance under the 2023 Plan may, at the discretion of the Plan Administrator (as defined below), be increased on October 1st of each fiscal year beginning with the 2023 fiscal year until the 2023 Plan terminates, in each case, in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) at the discretion of our Board, 4% of the shares of common stock issued and outstanding on the last day of the immediately preceding month on a fully-diluted and as-converted basis and (ii) such other number of shares determined by our Board.

To the extent, stock awards or awards or shares issued under the 2021 Plan that are assumed by the Company pursuant to the Merger Agreement ("Existing Plan Awards") expire or are forfeited or becomes unexerciseable for any reason without having been exercised in full, or are surrendered pursuant to an exchange program (as defined in the 2023 Plan), the unissued shares that were subject thereto shall continue to be available under the 2023 Plan for issuance pursuant to future stock awards. In addition, any shares which are retained by us upon exercise of a stock award or Existing Plan Award in order to satisfy the exercise or purchase price for such stock award or Existing Plan Award or any withholding taxes due with respect to such stock award or Existing Plan Award or Existing Plan Award shall be treated as not issued and shall continue to be available under the 2023 Plan for issuance pursuant to future stock award and later forfeited to us due to the failure to vest or repurchased by us at the original purchase price paid to us for the shares (including without limitation upon forfeiture to or repurchase by us in connection with a participant ceasing to be a service provider) shall again be available for future grant under the 2023 Plan. To the extent a stock award under the 2023 Plan or Existing Plan Award is paid out in cash rather than shares, such cash payment will not result in reducing the number of shares available for issuance under the 2023 Plan.

Serve Robotics 2021 Equity Incentive Plan

The Company has adopted the Serve Robotics 2021 Equity Incentive Plan ("2021 Plan"), as amended and restated, which provides for the grant of shares of stock options and stock appreciation rights ("SARs") and restricted common shares to employees, non-employee directors, and non-employee consultants. The number of shares authorized by the 2021 Plan was 4,870,663 shares as of December 31, 2023. The option exercise price generally may not be less than the underlying stock's fair market value at the date of the grant and generally have a term of ten years. The amounts granted each calendar year to an employee or non-employee is limited depending on the type of award. As of December 31, 2023, there were 38,582 shares available for grant under the 2021 Plan. Stock options granted under the 2021 Plan typically vest over a four-year period, with a one-year cliff as well as via specified milestones.



A summary of information related to stock options for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

		Weighted			
		Average		Intrinsic	
	Options	Exe	ercise Price		Value
Outstanding as of December 31, 2021	590,073	\$	0.49	\$	-
Granted	639,682	\$	0.49		
Exercised	-		-		
Forfeited	(368,446)				
Outstanding as of December 31, 2022	861,309	\$	0.49	\$	-
Granted	765,477	\$	0.75		
Exercised	-		-		
Forfeited	(111,400)	\$	0.60		
Outstanding as of December 31, 2023	1,515,386	\$	0.61	\$	5,111,928
Exercisable as of December 31, 2023	722,264	\$	0.66	\$	2,413,853
Exercisable and expected to vest at December 31, 2023	1,515,386	\$	0.61	\$	5,111,928

As of December 31, 2023, the weighted average duration to expiration of outstanding options was 8.50 years.

Stock-based compensation expense for stock options of \$280,482 and \$57,860 was recognized for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock option awards amounted to approximately \$356,000 as of December 31, 2023, which will be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.50 years.

The stock options were valued using the Black-Scholes pricing model using the range of inputs as indicated below:

	Years End	ded
	December	31,
	2023	2022
Risk-free interest rate	3.58% - 3.91%	2.98%
Expected term (in years)	5.52-6.27	6.0-6.3
Expected volatility	75.0%	79.1%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%

The weighted average grant date fair value of options granted during 2023 and 2023 were \$0.41 and \$0.27, respectively.

Classification

Stock-based compensation expense for stock options and restricted common stock (Note 9) was classified in the statements of operations as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,			
		2023		2022
General and administrative	\$	59,002	\$	23,650
Operations		49,139		14,625
Research and development		416,838		152,739
Sales and marketing		19,396		4,042
	\$	544,375	\$	195,056

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11. INCOME TAXES

Deferred taxes are recognized for temporary differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes. The differences relate primarily to net operating loss carryforwards and temporary differences from capitalized research and development costs under tax purposes. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had net deferred tax assets before valuation allowance of \$14,412,164 and \$9,026,439, respectively. The following table presents the deferred tax assets and liabilities by source:

	December 31,		
	2023		2022
Deferred tax assets:			
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 11,896,550	\$	8,940,441
Capitalized research and development costs	2,516,557		-
Other temporary differences	(943)		85,998
Valuation allowance	(14,412,164)		(9,026,439)
Net deferred tax assets	\$ -	\$	-

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets to the extent that it believes that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. In making such a determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax-planning strategies, and results of recent operations. The Company assessed the need for a valuation allowance against its net deferred tax assets and determined a full valuation allowance is required due to taxable losses for the periods ended 2023 and 2022, cumulative losses through December 31, 2022, and no history of generating taxable income. Therefore, valuation allowances of \$14,412,164 and \$9,026,439 were recorded as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Valuation allowance increased by \$5,385,725 and \$6,043,682 during the periods ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Deferred tax assets were calculated using the Company's combined effective tax rate, which it estimated to be 28.0%. The effective rate is reduced to 0% due to the full valuation allowance on its net deferred tax assets.

The Company's ability to utilize net operating loss carryforwards will depend on its ability to generate adequate future taxable income. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards available to offset future taxable income in the amount of \$42,321,416 and \$31,805,199, respectively, and net operating loss carryforwards do not expire under current tax regulations.

The Company has evaluated its income tax positions and has determined that it does not have any uncertain tax positions. The Company will recognize interest and penalties related to any uncertain tax positions through its income tax expense.

The Company may in the future become subject to federal, state and local income taxation though it has not been since its inception, other than minimum state tax. The Company is not presently subject to any income tax audit in any taxing jurisdiction, though its 2021-2023 tax years remain open to examination.

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Leases - Right of Use Asset and Liability

The Company has three leases for office and warehouse space with monthly ranging from \$9,862 to \$18,358, and terms expiring prior to August 31, 2025.

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The components of lease costs are as follows:

		Years I			Ended		
	Financial Statement		Decem	ber 3	1,		
Туре	Line Item		2023		2022		
Operating lease	General and administrative	\$	49,810	\$	621,388		
Operating lease	Operations		665,961		-		
Operating lease	Research and development		217,890		-		
Total lease costs		\$	933,661	\$	621,388		

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases are as follows:

	Years Ended		
	 December 31,		
	2023		2022
Operating cash flows paid for operating leases	\$ 550,470	\$	381,457
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations	\$ -	\$	1,535,230

Supplemental information related to leases are as follows:

	Decembe	r 31,
	2023	2022
Weighted-average remaining lease term (in years)	1.30	2.30
Weighted-average discount rate	7.25%	7.25%

Future minimum payments under operating leases as of December 31, 2023, are as follows:

2024	\$ 527,983
2025	214,775
Total undiscounted future cash flows	742,758
Less: imputed interest	(34,614)
Total	\$ 708,144

Finance Lease – Failed Sales-Leaseback

In November 2022, the Company entered into a lease agreement with Farnam Capital for its second-generation of robot assets. As per ASC 842-40-25-1, the transaction was considered a failed sales-leaseback and therefore the lease was accounted for as a financing agreement. In total, the Company received proceeds of \$4,455,852 related to robot assets constructed with the same value that are held as collateral. The agreement calls for monthly payments through October 31, 2024 of \$189,262 and required a security deposit of \$378,524. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company made repayments totaling \$1,713,521 and \$378,524, respectively. The outstanding liability at December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$2,363,807 and \$4,077,328, respectively. The Company has the option to purchase the assets at the end of the lease for 45% of the original equipment cost, and there was a partial purchase of 20%. In December 2023, the Company entered into a modification that would modify and extend the lease payments subject to certain conditions being met; however, based on the terms of the modification as of December 31, 2023, all remaining lease payments were to be in 2024.

Minimum Purchase Commitments

On December 31, 2021, the Company entered into a strategic supply agreement with a manufacturer of component parts used for the Company's robot assets. The agreement calls for a minimum of \$2.30 million in purchases over a two-year period ending December 2023. At the end of the two-year period, the vendor may invoice the Company for any shortfall in orders. As of December 31, 2023, the minimum purchase commitment was extended one year.

Contingencies

The Company may be subject to pending legal proceedings and regulatory actions in the ordinary course of business. The results of such proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, but the Company does not anticipate that the final outcome arising out of any such matters will have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition or results of operations.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 29, 2024, the date the condensed financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, no material events were identified which require adjustment or disclosure in these condensed financial statements, other than as reported below.

Convertible Debt

At an initial closing on January 2, 2024 and subsequent closings on January 12, 2024, January 22, 2024 and January 26, 2024, the Company issued to certain accredited investors convertible promissory notes, for which the Company received an aggregate of \$5.0 million in proceeds. The convertible promissory notes bear interest at a rate of 6.00% per year, compounded annually, and are due and payable upon request by each investor on or after the 12-month anniversary of the original issuance date of each note. The Company may not prepay or repay the notes in cash without the consent of the investors. The notes convert upon a qualified offering into common stock at the lesser of the price paid per share multiplied by 75% or the quotient resulting from dividing \$80,000,000 by the outstanding shares of common stock on a fully diluted basis prior to the financing. If the Company consummates a financing that does not constitute a qualified financing, the holders can elect to treat such as a qualified financing and convert at the same terms as if such was a qualified financing. The holders may also elect to convert, at any time, at a quotient by dividing \$80,000,000 by the outstanding shares of common stock on a fully diluted basis.

License and Services Agreement

On February 20, 2024, Serve entered into a License and Services Agreement (the "LSA") with Magna New Mobility USA, Inc. ("Magna") as a part of a strategic partnership with Magna. Pursuant to the LSA, Serve, as an independent contractor of Magna, agreed to (i) grant a non-exclusive license to the Serve AMR Technology in the Licensed Fields of Use (each as defined in the LSA) to Magna and its affiliates and (ii) provide all reasonable engineering, technical and related support services that Magna may request from time to time in writing and in furtherance of commercialization of the Serve AMR Technology and products (including software) using, practicing, or incorporating the Serve AMR Technology, and manufactured using, practicing or incorporating the Serve AMR Technology (such services and support, the "Development Services"). Except as expressly set forth in the LSA, any Development Services shall be provided under the MSA (as defined below) and, if expired or terminated, under terms and conditions that are consistent with the terms therein. The term of the LSA will continue unless terminated by either party pursuant to and in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the LSA.

Master Services Agreement

On February 1, 2024, Serve entered into a Master Services Agreement (the "MSA") with Magna, retroactively effective as of January 15, 2024 (the "Effective Date"). Pursuant to the MSA, Serve agreed to provide certain services to Magna as described in one or more statements of work ("SOWs"). Such SOWs will contain a description of the scope, the time to be spent on performance, the fees to be paid to Serve, the functional requirements and technical specifications and, to the extent applicable, the timetable, schedule or milestones for the performance of the requested services. Serve and Magna entered into the first SOW on the Effective Date. The term of the MSA commenced on the Effective Date and will continue for a term of three months, unless terminated earlier or mutually extended in accordance with its terms.

In connection with the strategic partnership with Magna, on February 7, 2024, we issued to Magna a warrant (the "Magna Warrant") to purchase up to 2,145,000 shares of our common stock (the "Magna Warrant Shares"), subject to adjustments as provided therein, at an exercise price of \$0.01 per share.

The Magna Warrant will be exercisable in two equal tranches: (i) the first tranche will become exercisable no later than May 15, 2024, subject to certain conditions; and (ii) the second tranche will become exercisable upon Magna's achievement of a certain manufacturing milestone as set forth in a production and purchase agreement to be entered into with respect to the contract manufacturing of our autonomous delivery robots by Magna or its affiliates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Magna Warrant Shares will vest and become exercisable upon any "change of control" (as defined in the Magna Warrant).



Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision of and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2023, the end of the period covered by this report on Form 10-K. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as set forth in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the rules and forms promulgated by the SEC. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

As of December 31, 2023, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e)) pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are not effective.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

This report does not include a report of management's assessment regarding our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) as allowed by the SEC for reverse acquisitions between an issuer and a private operating company when it is not possible to conduct an assessment of the private operating company's internal control over financial reporting in the period between the consummation date of the reverse acquisition and the date of management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting (pursuant to Section 215.02 of the SEC Division of Corporation Finance's Regulation S-K Compliance & Disclosure Interpretations).

As discussed elsewhere in this report, we consummated the Merger on July 31, 2023, pursuant to which we acquired Serve and its subsidiary. Prior to the Merger, we were a "shell company" (as defined in Rule 12b-2 under the Exchange Act). As a result, previously existing internal controls are no longer applicable or comprehensive enough as of the assessment date as our operations prior to the Merger were insignificant compared to those of the consolidated entity post-Merger. The design of our internal control over financial reporting following the Merger has required and will continue to require significant time and resources from management and other personnel. Because of this, the design and ongoing development of our framework for implementation and evaluation of internal control over financial reporting is in its preliminary stages. If management were to conduct an assessment regarding our internal control over financial reporting set forth by the Internal Control Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on an initial assessment, we concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of December 31, 2023, because of the material weakness described below.

Material Weaknesses in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Although management did not conduct a formal assessment of internal control over financial reporting, in connection with the audits of our consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023, and 2022, management has identified material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting. Prior to the Merger, our size has prevented us from being able to employ sufficient resources to enable us to have an adequate level of supervision and segregation of duties. Therefore, management concluded that we did not have a comprehensive and formalized accounting and financial reporting policies and procedures manual which details the information needed for our financial reporting process and that we did not have a robust review process by which management could monitor for potential errors or technical accounting requirements, which have resulted in material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023.

We intend to take measures to remediate the aforementioned material weaknesses, including, but not limited to, increasing the capacity of our qualified financial personnel to ensure that accounting policies and procedures are consistent across the organization and that we have adequate control over our Exchange Act reporting disclosures and implementing a formal policies and procedures manual for accounting and financial reporting. The material weaknesses will not be considered remediated until management designs and implements effective controls that operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are effective. Our management will monitor the effectiveness of our remediation plans and will make changes management determines to be appropriate.

Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended December 31, 2023, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f) promulgated under the Exchange Act, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

During the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2023, none of our directors or officers informed us of the adoption, modification or termination of a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as those terms are defined in Regulation S-K, Item 408.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions That Prevent Inspections

Not applicable.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Executive Officers and Directors

The following table provides information regarding our executive officers and directors as of February 23, 2024:

Name	Age	Positions
Executive Officers		
Ali Kashani	39	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board
Touraj Parang	51	President, Chief Operating Officer and Director
April Pannell	41	Chief Financial Officer
Euan Abraham	47	Senior Vice President of Hardware Engineering
Non-Employee Directors		
James Buckly Jordan ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	43	Director
Sarfraz Maredia	40	Director
Ali Pourdad ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	42	Director
Olivier $Vincent^{(2)(3)}$	59	Director

(1) Member of the nominating and governance committee.

(2) Member of the audit committee.

(3) Member of the compensation committee.

Executive Officers

Ali Kashani co-founded Serve Robotics Inc. in January 2021 and has served as its Chief Executive Officer and a member of the board of directors of Serve since then. Prior to co-founding Serve, he served as Vice President of Postmates Inc., an on-demand food delivery platform, from July 2017 to January 2021. Dr. Kashani received both his Bachelor of Science in Computer Engineering and his Doctorate in Robotics from the University of British Columbia. Dr. Kashani has served on the Board since the Company's formation, and we believe he is qualified to remain on the Board due to the institutional knowledge he brings as Co-Founder and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and his business and robotics experience.

Touraj Parang has served as Serve's Chief Operating Officer and as a member of the Board since March 2021, and was appointed President of Serve in July 2022. Prior to joining Serve, Mr. Parang worked at GoDaddy Inc. (NYSE: GDDY) from May 2014 to March 2021, where he began as Senior Director of Corporate Development and most recently served as Vice President of Corporate Development. Mr. Parang received his Bachelor of Arts in Philosophy and Economics from Stanford University and his Juris Doctorate from Yale Law School. We believe that Mr. Parang is qualified to serve on the Serve's Board due to his extensive experience with early-stage startups and prior leadership role at a publicly traded company.

Euan Abraham has served as Serve's Senior Vice President of Hardware Engineering since January 2022. Prior to joining Serve, Mr. Abraham served as Senior Vice President, Hardware Engineering at Latch, Inc. (NASDAQ: LTCH) from October 2018 to September 2021. Prior to that, he served as Vice President, Hardware Engineering at GoPro, Inc. (NASDAQ: GPRO) from October 2015 to October 2018. Mr. Abraham received his Bachelor of Engineering at the University of Sheffield.

April Pannell has served as Serve's Chief Financial Officer since May 1, 2023. Ms. Pannell has also served as Managing Partner and Director of AKW Financial since January 2019 and previously served as Chief Financial Officer and Global Controller of Fluitec, a company that provides green treatment solutions for hydraulic fluids, from August 2011 to December 2018. Ms. Pannell holds a Bachelors degree in Accounting from American International College.

Non-Employee Directors

James Buckly Jordan has served as a member of Serve's Board since October 2021. Mr. Jordan founded Vebu Labs, a food robotics and automation solutions company, in October 2018 and has served as its Chief Executive Officer since then. He is also the co-founder of Miso Robotics, a food robotics company, which he co-founded in 2016 and for which he currently serves as the acting President and Chairman of the Board of Directors. Mr. Jordan also founded Canyon Creek Capital, a venture capital fund, in July 2018 and has served as its Managing Partner since then. He received his Bachelor of Arts in Political Science from Indiana University and his Master of Business Administration from the University of California, Los Angeles Anderson School of Management. We believe Mr. Jordan is qualified to serve on our Board due to his early-stage investment experience in technology companies.

Sarfraz Maredia has served as a member of our Board since July 2023. Since September 2014, Mr. Maredia has been employed at Uber, most recently as Vice President for Delivery and Head of Americas at Uber, where he leads the largest segment of Uber Eats' marketplace business across the United States, Canada, and Latin America as well as overseeing Postmates. In September 2011, Mr. Maredia joined IQVIA (formerly IMS Health), a global information and technology services company focused on healthcare, where he was promoted to and served as Vice President of Corporate Development until September 2014. He previously advised technology clients as a management consultant at Bain & Company and worked as a private equity and public markets investor at TPG and Dodge & Cox, respectively. Mr. Maredia received his Bachelor's Degree in Finance from the University of Texas at Austin. We believe that Mr. Maredia's unique position leading one of the world's largest on-demand delivery platforms, and his experience in leadership, operations, finance, and technology qualify him to serve on the Board.

Ali Pourdad has served as a member of our Board since July 2023. Since March 2021, Mr. Pourdad has served as Chief Executive Officer of Quantfury Trading Limited, a global financial technology broker-dealer headquartered in the Bahamas ("Quantfury"). Prior to being named Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Pourdad was an advisor to Quantfury from September 2019 to March 2021. From January 2013 to September 2019, Mr. Pourdad served as Chief Executive Officer of Progressa, a consumer financial technology company. Mr. Pourdad is a Canadian Chartered Professional Accountant and holds a Bachelors degree in Finance from Simon Fraser University. We believe that Mr. Pourdad is qualified to serve on our Board due to his prior board experience and significant public company audit experience, including for NYSE and TSX listed companies.

Olivier Vincent has served as a member of our Board since July 2023. Mr. Vincent co-founded and has served as Chief Executive Officer of Autozen Technology Ltd., a marketplace start-up in the automobile world since March 2020. Prior to joining Autozen, Mr. Vincent served as Chief Executive Officer of Spliqs, an AI technology company from January 2019 until March 2020. From December 2016 until January 2019, Mr. Vincent served as President of WeatherBug, a weather application. Mr. Vincent has served on the board of directors of Wishpond Technologies Ltd., a Canadian public company traded on the TSX (OTCMKTS: WPNDF), since December 2020. Mr. Vincent holds a Masters of Engineering in Computer Science from Ecole Nationale Superieure de Techniques Avancées (ENSTA) Paris and a Masters of Business, Entrepreneurship from Hautes Etudes Commerciales (HEC) Paris. We believe that Mr. Vincent is qualified to serve on our Board due to his experience growing and managing technology companies.

Corporate Governance

Appointment of Officers

Our executive officers are appointed by, and serve at the discretion of, our Board provided, however, that the Board may empower the Chief Executive Officer of the Company to appoint any officer other than the Chief Executive Officer, the President, the Chief Financial Officer or the Treasurer.

Board Composition

Our Board currently consists of six members: James Buckly Jordan, Ali Kashani, Sarfraz Maredia, Touraj Parang, Ali Pourdad and Olivier Vincent.

Each of our current directors will continue to serve until the election and qualification of his or her successor, or his or her earlier death, resignation, disqualification or removal.

Classified Board of Directors

Our Board consists of six members, divided into three classes of directors, designated Class I, Class II and Class III, with staggered three-year terms. At each annual meeting of stockholders, a class of directors will be elected for a three-year term to succeed the same class whose term is then expiring. As a result, only one class of directors will be elected at each annual meeting of our stockholders, with the other classes continuing for the remainder of their respective three-year terms. Our current directors are divided among the three classes as follows:

- the Class I directors are Sarfraz Maredia and Ali Pourdad, and their terms will expire at the 2024 annual meeting of stockholders;
- the Class II directors are James Buckly Jordan and Olivier Vincent, and their terms will expire at the 2025 annual meeting of stockholders; and
- the Class III directors are Ali Kashani and Touraj Parang, and their terms will expire at the 2026 annual meeting of stockholders.

Each director's term continues until the election and qualification of his or her successor, or his or her earlier death, resignation, disqualification or removal. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and amended and amended and restated bylaws authorize, subject to the special rights of the holders of any series of preferred stock to elect directors, only our Board to fill vacancies on the Board. Any increase or decrease in the number of directors will be distributed among the three classes so that, as nearly as possible, each class will consist of one-third of the directors. This classification of our Board may have the effect of delaying or preventing changes in control of our Company.

Director Independence

We evaluate independence by the standards for director independence set forth in Nasdaq's listing requirements. The Nasdaq independence definition includes a series of objective tests, including that the director is not, and has not been for at least three years, one of our employees and that neither the director nor any of his or her family members has engaged in various types of business dealings with us. Under such rules, our Board has determined that all members of the Board except Ali Kashani and Touraj Parang are independent directors. In making such independence determination, our Board considered the relationships that each non-employee director has with us and all other facts and circumstances that our Board deemed relevant in determining their independence, including the beneficial ownership of our capital stock by each non-employee director.



Under the rules of Nasdaq, independent directors must comprise a majority of a listed company's board of directors within a specified period of listing. In addition, rules require that, subject to specified exceptions, each member of a listed company's audit, compensation, and nominating, governance, and corporate responsibility committees be independent. Under such rules, a director will only qualify as an "independent director" if, in the opinion of that company's board of directors, that person does not have a relationship that would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment in carrying out the responsibilities of a director.

Audit committee members must also satisfy the independence criteria set forth in Rule 10A-3 under the Exchange Act. In order to be considered independent for purposes of Rule 10A-3, a member of an audit committee of a listed company may not, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the audit committee, the board of directors, or any other board committee: (1) accept, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the listed company or any of its subsidiaries; or (2) be an affiliated person of the listed company or any of its subsidiaries.

Our Board has undertaken a review of the independence of each director and considered whether each director has a material relationship with us that could compromise his or her ability to exercise independent judgment in carrying out his or her responsibilities. As a result of this review, our Board determined that Messrs. Jordan, Maredia, Pourdad and Vincent are "independent directors" as defined under the applicable rules and regulations of the SEC and the listing requirements and rules of Nasdaq. In making these determinations, our Board reviewed and discussed information provided by the directors and us with regard to each director's business and personal activities and current and prior relationships as they may relate to us and our management, including the beneficial ownership of our capital stock by each non-employee director and the transactions involving them described in *Part III, Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence* of this report.

Family Relationships

There are no family relationships by between or among the members of the Board or other executive officers of the Company.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Our Board has an audit committee, a compensation committee, and a nominating and governance committee, each of which, pursuant to its respective charter, have the composition and responsibilities described below. Members serve on these committees until their resignation or until otherwise determined by our Board.

Audit Committee

Our audit committee is composed of Messrs. Jordan, Pourdad and Vincent. Mr. Pourdad is the chair of our audit committee. Each member of our audit committee is financially literate. Our Board has determined that each member of our audit committee is independent within the meaning of the Nasdaq director independence standards and applicable rules of the SEC for audit committee members. Our Board has also determined that Mr. Pourdad qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" under the rules of the SEC.

The primary purpose of our audit committee is to discharge the responsibilities of the Board with respect to our corporate accounting and financial reporting processes, systems of internal control and financial statement audits and to oversee our independent registered public accounting firm. The principal functions of our audit committee include, among other things:

- helping the Board oversee our corporate accounting and financial reporting processes;
- managing the selection, engagement, qualifications, independence, and performance of a qualified firm to serve as the independent registered public accounting firm to audit our financial statements;
- reviewing and discussing the scope and results of the audit with the independent registered public accounting firm, and reviewing, with management and the independent accountants, our interim and year-end operating results;
- obtaining and reviewing a report by the independent registered public accounting firm at least annually that describes our internal quality control procedures, any material issues with such procedures and any steps taken to deal with such issues when required by applicable law;



- establishing procedures for employees to submit concerns anonymously about questionable accounting or audit matters;
- overseeing our policies on risk assessment and risk management;
- overseeing compliance with our code of business conduct and ethics;
- reviewing related person transactions; and
- approving or, as required, pre-approving audit and permissible non-audit services to be performed by the independent registered public accounting firm.

Compensation Committee

Our compensation committee is composed of Messrs. Jordan and Vincent. Mr. Vincent is the chair of our compensation committee. The primary purpose of our compensation committee is to discharge the responsibilities of the Board in overseeing our compensation policies, plans and programs and to review and determine the compensation to be paid to our executive officers, directors and other senior management, as appropriate. The principal functions of our compensation committee include, among other things:

- reviewing, approving and determining, or making recommendations to the Board regarding, the compensation of our chief executive officer, other executive officers and senior management;
- reviewing, evaluating and recommending to the Board succession plans for our executive officers;
- reviewing and recommending to the Board the compensation paid to our non-employee directors;
- administering our equity incentive plans and other benefit programs;
- reviewing, adopting, amending and terminating incentive compensation and equity plans, severance agreements, profit sharing plans, bonus plans, change-of-control protections and any other compensatory arrangements for our executive officers and other senior management; and
- reviewing and establishing general policies relating to compensation and benefits of our employees, including our overall compensation philosophy.

Each member of our compensation committee is a non-employee director as defined in Rule 16b-3 of the Exchange Act. Our Board has also determined that each member of our compensation committee is also an independent director within the meanings of Nasdaq's director independence standards and applicable SEC rules.

Nominating and Governance Committee

Our nominating and governance committee is composed of Ali Pourdad who also serves as the chair of our nominating and governance committee. Our nominating and governance committee's principal functions include, among other things:

- identifying and evaluating candidates, including the nomination of incumbent directors for reelection and nominees recommended by stockholders, to serve on the Board;
- considering and making recommendations to the Board regarding the composition and chairmanship of the committees of the Board;
- instituting plans or programs for the continuing education of the Board and the orientation of new directors;



- developing and making recommendations to the Board regarding corporate governance guidelines and matters;
- overseeing our corporate governance practices;
- overseeing periodic evaluations of the Board' performance, including committees of the Board; and
- contributing to succession planning.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of the members of the compensation committee is currently, or has been at any time, one of our officers or employees. In addition, none of our executive officers has served as a member of the board of directors, or as a member of the compensation or similar committee, of any entity that has one or more executive officers who served on our Board.

Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

The Board has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to all of our directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. The Code of Business Conduct and Ethics is available under the "Investors" tab of our website at https://www.serverobotics.com/investors. In addition, we intend to post under the "Investors" tab on our website all disclosures that are required by law relating to any amendments to, or waivers from, any provision of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics.

Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities, to file with the SEC initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership of our common stock and other equity securities.

To our knowledge, based solely upon a review of Forms 3, 4, and 5 filed with the SEC during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, we believe that our directors, executive officers, and greater than 10% beneficial owners have complied with all applicable filing requirements during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information with respect to the Company's directors and executive officers after the closing of the Merger is described in the Part III, Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance of this report.

Non-Employee Director Compensation Policy

Since our incorporation, no compensation has been earned or paid to Ian Jacobs or Mark Tompkins, who were our sole directors prior to the Merger. Serve became our wholly-owned subsidiary upon the closing of the Merger on July 31, 2023. In connection with the closing of the Merger, Messrs. Jacobs and Tompkins resigned from our board directors, and the current members were appointed to our Board, effective as of July 31, 2023.

On February 16, 2024, we adopted our Outside Director Compensation Policy (the "Director Compensation Policy"), effective as of January 1, 2024, pursuant to which we pay each non-employee director annual cash retainers and equity awards, as further described below.

Pursuant to the Director Compensation Policy, each non-employee director is entitled to receive an annual cash retainer for service on the Board and an additional annual cash retainer for service on each committee on which the non-employee director is a member. All annual cash retainers are paid quarterly in arrears. In addition, James Buckly Jordan, Ali Pourdad and Olivier Vincent will each receive an initial cash compensation in the amount of \$11,250, payable on March 31, 2024. No compensation has previously been paid to our non-employee directors.

The fees paid to non-employee directors for service on the Board and for service on each committee of the Board of which the non-employee director is a member are as follows:

Annual Board Member Service Retainer

• All non-employee directors: \$20,000



Annual Committee Member Service Retainer

- Member of the Audit Committee: \$5,000
- Member of the Compensation Committee: \$5,000
- Member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee: \$5,000

The Director Compensation Policy provides that at each annual stockholder meeting following a non-employee director's appointment to the Board and subject to such non-employee director's service on the Board since December 31st of the calendar year prior to such annual meeting, each non-employee director will be granted an option to purchase 20,000 shares of our common stock under the 2023 Plan, which will vest in full upon the earlier of the first anniversary of the date of grant or the next annual stockholder meeting, prorated for partial quarters of service (including the initial quarter of service), subject to the applicable non-employee director's continuous service through the applicable vesting date; provided that if we do not have an effective Form S-8 registration statement on file with the SEC with sufficient shares available to cover the applicable equity award as of the date such award is granted (an "Effective S-8"), the grant of such equity award shall be delayed until such time there is an Effective S-8.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, for each non-employee director who remains in continuous service as a member of our Board until immediately prior to the consummation of a change in control, any unvested portion of an equity award granted in consideration of such non-employee director's service as a member of our Board will vest in full immediately prior to, and contingent upon, the consummation of a change in control.

The Director Compensation Policy further provides that upon consummation of our initial public offering and listing of our common stock on The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC or the New York Stock Exchange, each non-employee director would be granted an option to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock under the 2023 Plan (each, an "Initial Equity Grant"). Each Initial Grant shall vest in full on the one-year anniversary of the date of grant, subject to the applicable the non-employee director's continued service as a member of the Board through such date; provided that if we do not have an Effective S-8, the grant of such equity award shall be delayed until such time as there is an Effective S-8. Our Board will have discretion to grant additional equity awards to certain non-employee directors for services that exceed the expectations for a non-employee director or for other circumstances determined to be appropriate by our Board. We also reimburse our directors for their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses in connection with attending meetings of our Board and Board committees.

The non-employee director compensation program is intended to provide a total compensation package that enables us to attract and retain qualified and experienced individuals to serve as directors and to align our directors' interests with those of our stockholders.

Executive Compensation

Throughout this section, unless otherwise noted, "we," "us," "our," "Company" and similar terms refer to Serve prior to the closing of the Merger, and to the Company and its subsidiaries after the closing of the Merger.

This section discusses the material components of the executive compensation program for the Company's named executive officers who appear in the "2023 Summary Compensation Table" below. In 2023, the "named executive officers" and their positions with the Company were as follows:

- Ali Kashani: Chief Executive Officer
- Touraj Parang: President & Chief Operating Officer
- Euan Abraham: Senior Vice President of Hardware Engineering

This discussion may contain forward-looking statements that are based on our current plans, considerations, expectations and determinations regarding future compensation programs. Actual compensation programs that we adopt may differ materially from the currently planned programs summarized in this discussion.



2023 Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation of the named executive officers for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Option Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Ali Kashani	2023	105,738			36,984			142,722
Chief Executive Officer	2022	192,992				—	_	192,992
Touraj Parang	2023	238,500			11,655	—		250,155
President &	2022	260,583		_	_	_	_	260,583
Chief Operating Officer								
Euan Abraham	2023	270,000		_	10,393	_	_	280,393
Senior Vice President of	2022	295,000				—	_	295,000
Hardware Engineering								

(1) Stock awards and option awards are reported at aggregate grant date fair value in the year granted, as determined in accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC Topic 718. For the assumptions used in valuing these awards for purposes of computing this expense, please see Note 10 of the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Salaries

In fiscal year 2023, Dr. Kashani, Mr. Parang, and Mr. Abraham received an annual base salary of \$105,738, \$238,500, and \$270,000, respectively, to compensate them for services rendered to Serve. In fiscal year 2022, Dr. Kashani, Mr. Parang, and Mr. Abraham received an annual base salary of \$192,991, \$260,583, and \$295,000, respectively, to compensate them for services rendered to Serve. The base salary payable to each of Dr. Kashani, Mr. Parang, and Mr. Abraham was intended to provide a fixed component of compensation reflecting the executive's skill set, experience, role and responsibilities.

Equity Awards

On April 27, 2021, Dr. Kashani purchased 1,499,866 shares of Serve common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,866.67 (the "Kashani Time-Based Award"). On May 6, 2021, Mr. Parang purchased 535,163 shares of Serve common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$828.92 (the "Parang Time-Based Award"). On December 23, 2021, Mr. Abraham was granted an option to purchase 200,875 shares of Serve common stock (the "Abraham Time-Based Award" and together with the Kashani Time-Based Award and the Parang Time-Based Award, the "Time-Based Awards"). The Kashani Time-Based Award, the Parang Time-Based Award, and the Abraham Time-Based Award are each scheduled to vest as to 25% of the shares on February 18, 2022, March 22, 2022, and November 1, 2022, respectively, and as to 1/48th of the shares monthly over the 36 month-period thereafter, subject to the executive's continued employment through each vesting date.

On April 27, 2021, Dr. Kashani purchased 749,933 shares of Serve common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$933.34 (the "Kashani Milestone-Based Award"). On May 6, 2021, Mr. Parang purchased 267,581 shares of Serve common stock for an aggregate purchase price of \$414.46 (the "Parang Milestone-Based Award"). On December 23, 2021, Mr. Abraham was granted an option to purchase 100,437 shares of Serve common stock (the "Abraham Milestone-Based Award" and together with the Kashani Milestone-Based Award and the Parang Milestone-Based Award, the "Milestone-Based Awards").

The Milestone-Based Awards are each scheduled to vest as to 1/48th of the shares monthly over the 48 month-period following the achievement of a milestone prior to September 30, 2022. Between October and November 2022, the Board retroactively amended the vesting schedule to permit the 48-month vesting period to run from June 15, 2022, regardless of milestone achievement.

On June 6, 2023, Dr. Kashani, Mr. Parang and Mr. Abraham were each granted an option to purchase 45,182, 11,403, and 12,909 shares of Serve common stock, which fully vested on the one-month anniversary of the closing of the Merger, subject to the executive's continued employment through the vesting date. In addition, on June 6, 2023, Dr. Kashani, Mr. Parang and Mr. Abraham were each granted an option to purchase 19,373, 8,451, and 4,795 shares of Serve common stock, which are scheduled to vest as to 1/48th of the option shares on July 1, 2023 and monthly thereafter, subject to the executive's continued employment through each vesting date.

Serve 2021 Stock Plan

General. Serve's board of directors originally adopted, and Serve's stockholders approved, the Serve Robotics Inc. 2021 Stock Plan (the "2021 Stock Plan") in 2021. The 2021 Stock Plan provided for the grant of incentive stock options to Serve employees (and employees of any parent or subsidiary of Serve) and for the grant of non-statutory stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock purchase rights to Serve employees, directors and consultants (and employees and consultants of any parent, subsidiary or affiliate of Serve). The Serve board of directors terminated the 2021 Stock Plan, effective as of and contingent upon the closing of the Merger. Following termination of the 2021 Stock Plan, no new awards will be granted under such plan, but previously granted awards will continue to be subject to the terms and conditions of the 2021 Stock Plan and the stock award agreements pursuant to which such awards were granted.

Plan Administration. The Serve board of directors has administered the 2021 Stock Plan.

Types of Awards. The 2021 Stock Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock and restricted stock purchase rights.

Stock Options. The Serve board of directors granted stock options under the 2021 Stock Plan. The exercise price per share applicable to such options was equal to at least the fair market value per share of Serve common stock on the date of grant. The term of options granted under the 2021 Stock Plan did not exceed 10 years; provided, however, that any incentive stock option granted to a participant who owned more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of Serve stock, or of certain of Serve's subsidiary corporations, did not have a term in excess of five years and had an exercise price per share of at least 110% of the fair market value per share of Serve common stock on the grant date. Subject to the provisions of the 2021 Stock Plan, the Serve board of directors determined the remaining terms of the options (e.g., vesting). After the termination of service of an employee, director or consultant, the participant may exercise his or her option, to the extent vested, for the period of time stated in his or her option agreement. Generally, if termination is due to death or disability, the option will remain exercisable for 12 months. In all other cases except for a termination for cause, the option will generally remain exercisable for three months following the termination of service. In the event of a termination for cause, the option will immediately terminate. However, in no event may an option be exercised later than the expiration of its term.

Restricted Stock. The Serve board of directors granted stock options under the 2021 Stock Plan. Subject to the provisions of the 2021 Stock Plan, the Serve board of directors determined the terms of the restricted stock, including the number of shares that the participant will be entitled to purchase, the price to be paid, if any, the time within which such participant must accept the offer to purchase the restricted stock, and the other terms applicable to the award. Unless the Serve board of directors determines otherwise, the restricted stock purchase agreement evidencing the award grants Serve a repurchase option exercisable upon the voluntary or involuntary termination of the participant's service for any reason at a purchase price equal the original purchase price paid by the participant. The Serve board of directors determines the rate at which the repurchase option lapses. Once the restricted stock is purchase and the issuance of the shares is entered upon the records of the duly authorized transfer agent of the Company.

Non-transferability of Awards. Unless the Serve board of directors provided otherwise, the 2021 Stock Plan generally did not allow for the transfer of awards or shares acquired pursuant to an award and only the recipient of an option may exercise such an award during his or her lifetime.

Certain Adjustments. In the event of certain corporate events or changes in Serve's capitalization, to prevent diminution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits available under the 2021 Stock Plan, the Serve board of directors will make adjustments to the number of shares reserved for issuance under the 2021 Stock Plan, the exercise prices of and number of shares subject to each outstanding stock option and the purchase prices of and number of shares subject to each other outstanding stock award.

Corporate Transaction. The 2021 Stock Plan provides that in the event of certain significant corporate transactions, including: (i) a transfer of all or substantially all of Serve's assets, (ii) a merger, consolidation or other capital reorganization or business combination transaction of Serve with or into another corporation, entity or person, or (iii) the consummation of a transaction, or series of related transactions, in which any person becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of Serve's then outstanding capital stock, each outstanding award will be treated as the Serve board of directors determines.

Amendment or Termination. Serve's board of directors may amend or terminate the 2021 Stock Plan at any time, provided such action does not materially and adversely affect the rights of any participant without his or her consent. In addition, stockholder approval must be obtained to the extent necessary and desirable to comply with applicable laws. The Serve board of directors terminated the 2021 Stock Plan, effective as of and contingent upon the closing of the Merger. Following termination of the 2021 Stock Plan, no new awards will be granted under such plan, but previously granted awards will continue to be subject to the terms and conditions of the 2021 Stock Plan and the stock award agreements pursuant to which such awards were granted.

Benefits

In 2022, the Company provided benefits to its named executive officers on the same basis as provided to all of its employees, including medical, dental, vision, life and AD&D, and short- and long-term disability insurance, flexible spending accounts, vacation and paid holidays. The named executive officers are also eligible to participate in the Company's 401(k) plan.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth information regarding each unexercised stock option or unvested stock award held by each named executive officer as of December 31, 2023.

		Stock Awards ⁽²⁾								
Name	Grant Date		Number of securities underlying unexercised options exercisable (#)	Number of securities underlying unexercised options unexercisable (#)		Option exercise price (\$) ⁽³⁾	Option expiration date (\$)	Number of shares that have not vested (#)	Market value of shares that have not vested (\$) ⁽⁴⁾	
Ali Kashani	4/27/2021					_		437,461(5)	\$ 1,749,844	
	4/27/2021		—					468,708(6)	\$ 1,874,832	
	6/7/2023	(8)	45,182	—	\$	0.95	6/6/2028	—	—	
	6/7/2023	(9)	2,421	16,952	\$	0.95	6/6/2028	—		
Touraj Parang	5/6/2021		—					167,238(7)	\$ 668,952	
	5/6/2021		—	—		—	—	167,238(6)	\$ 668,952	
	6/7/2023	(8)	11,403	—	\$	0.86	6/6/2033	—		
	6/7/2023	(9)	1,055	7,396	\$	0.86	6/6/2033		_	
Euan Abraham	12/23/2021	(10)	104,622	96,253	\$	0.49	12/22/2031		_	
	12/23/2021	(11)	37,664	62,773	\$	0.49	12/22/2031			
	6/7/2023	(8)	12,909	_	\$	0.86	6/6/2033	_	_	
	6/7/2023	(9)	599	4,196	\$	0.86	6/6/2033		_	

(1) All stock options listed above cover shares of our common stock following the closing of the Merger and were granted under the 2021 Stock Plan.

(2) All restricted shares listed above cover shares of our common stock following the closing of the Merger. The restricted shares held by Mr. Parang were issued pursuant to the 2021 Stock Plan, while the restricted shares held by Dr. Kashani were issued outside of the 2021 Stock Plan.

(3) This column represents the fair market value of a share of Serve common stock on the date of grant, as determined by the Serve board of directors.

(4) This column represents the number of unvested restricted shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023, multiplied by \$4.00, which is the per share value of Serve common stock as of December 31, 2023that is based upon the purchase price per share of common stock in the Private Placement in July through October 2023.

- (5) The restricted shares are subject to a 4-year vesting schedule, with 25% of the shares vesting on February 18, 2022 and 1/48th of the shares vesting monthly over the 36 month-period thereafter, subject to the executive's continued employment through each vesting date.
- (6) The restricted shares are subject to a 4-year vesting schedule running from the date the Board retroactively determined that vesting should run regardless of Milestone achievement, with 1/48th of the shares vesting on July 15, 2022 and monthly thereafter, subject to the executive's continued employment through each vesting date.
- (7) The restricted shares are subject to a 4-year vesting schedule, with 25% of the shares vesting on March 22, 2022 and 1/48th of the shares vesting monthly over the 36 month-period thereafter, subject to the executive's continued employment through each vesting date.
- (8) 100% of the option shares vested and became exercisable on the one-month anniversary of the closing of the Merger, subject to the executive's continued employment through the vesting date.
- (9) The options are subject to a 4-year vesting schedule, with 1/48th of the option shares vesting on July 1, 2023 and monthly thereafter, subject to the executive's continued employment through each vesting date.
- (10) The options are subject to a 4-year vesting schedule, with 25% of the option shares vesting on November 1, 2022 and 1/48th of the option shares vesting monthly over the 36-month period thereafter, subject to the executive's continued employment through each vesting date.
- (11) The options are subject to a 4-year vesting schedule running from the date the Board retroactively determined that vesting should run regardless of Milestone achievement, with 1/48th of the option shares vesting on July 15, 2022 and monthly thereafter, subject to the executive's continued employment through each vesting date.

Executive Compensation Arrangements

Touraj Parang Offer Letter

On March 1, 2021, Serve entered into an offer letter with the Company's President and Chief Operating Officer, Touraj Parang, pursuant to which Mr. Parang is entitled to an annual base salary of \$250,000 per year.

Mr. Parang is eligible to participate in the Company employee benefits plans maintained by the Company and generally made available to similarly situated employees. Mr. Parang's employment is "at-will" and may be terminated by either party at any time.

Subject to the approval of the Board, Mr. Parang will be granted the Parang Time-Based Equity Award which consists of restricted stock award to purchase 666,040 shares of the Company's common stock. The Parang Time-Based Equity Award will vest over 4 years at the rate of 25% of the total number of the Parang Time-Based Equity Award shares on the one-year anniversary of Mr. Parang's start date and 1/48th of the total number of the Parang Time-Based Equity Award shares on each monthly anniversary thereafter, subject to his continuous service with the Company through each vesting date. In addition, subject to the approval of the Board, Mr. Parang will be granted the Parang Milestone-Based Equity Award which consists of restricted stock award to purchase 333,020 shares of the Company's common stock. Once the milestone is achieved, the Parang Milestone-Based Equity Award will vest over 4 years thereafter at the rate of 1/48th of the total number of Parang Milestone-Based Equity Award shares on each monthly anniversary dilestone-Based Equity Award shares on each monthly anniversary of Parang Milestone-Based Equity Award will vest over 4 years thereafter at the rate of 1/48th of the total number of Parang Milestone-Based Equity Award shares on each monthly anniversary of the Parang Milestone-Based Equity Award shares on each monthly anniversary of the Parang Milestone-Based Equity Award shares on each monthly anniversary of the Parang Milestone-Based Award and Parang Milestone-Based Award, please see the section below titled "*Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control — Time-Based Awards and Milestone-Based Awards.*"

Mr. Parang will continue to be employed by the Company under the terms of his offer letter with the Company.

For additional information regarding a termination payment letter entered into with Mr. Parang in fiscal year 2021, please see the section below titled "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control — Parang Termination Payment Letter."



Euan Abraham Offer Letter

On October 7, 2021, Serve entered into an offer letter whereby Euan Abraham agreed to serve as the Company's Senior Vice President of Hardware Engineering beginning January 1, 2022 pursuant to which Mr. Abraham is entitled to an annual base salary of \$300,000 per year. In November 2022, Mr. Abraham's annual base salary was adjusted to \$240,000 per year.

Mr. Abraham is eligible to participate in the Company employee benefits plans maintained by the Company and generally made available to similarly situated employees. Mr. Abraham's employment is "at-will" and may be terminated by either party at any time.

Mr. Abraham will continue to be employed by the Company under the terms of his offer letter with the Company.

Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control

Time-Based Awards and Milestone-Based Awards

The Time-Based Awards and Milestone-Based Awards granted to Dr. Kashani and Mr. Parang will fully vest upon a termination of service by the Company without "cause" or upon the executive's resignation for "good reason" (each, an "involuntary termination"). The acceleration of the Kashani Time-Based Award and the Kashani Milestone-Based Award is subject to Dr. Kashani's return of all Company property in his possession within 10 business days following the date of involuntary termination and his execution of a general release of all claims that becomes effective no later than the 30th day after the date of involuntary termination.

In the event the applicable executive's service with the Company terminates for any reason, any unvested shares subject to the Time-Based Awards and Milestone-Based Awards granted to Dr. Kashani and Mr. Parang may be repurchased by the Company within 3 months following the date of termination at the original purchase price paid for the shares. In addition, in the event the applicable executive's service with the Company terminates for any reason on or prior to February 18, 2025, any vested shares subject to the Milestone-Based Awards granted to Dr. Kashani and Mr. Parang may be repurchased by the Company within 3 months following the date of termination at the lesser of (x) a purchase price per share of the Company's common stock equal to \$500 million divided by the then fully diluted capitalization of the Company or (y) the then current fair market value per share of the Company's common stock (the "Award Call Option").

For purposes of the Time-Based Awards and the Milestone-Based Awards granted to Dr. Kashani and Mr. Parang, "cause" means: (i) any material breach by the executive of any material written agreement between the executive and the Company and the executive's failure to cure such breach within 30 days after receiving written notice thereof; (ii) any failure by the executive to comply with the Company's material written policies or rules as they may be in effect from time to time; (iii) neglect or persistent unsatisfactory performance of the executive's duties and the executive's failure to cure such condition within 30 days after receiving written notice thereof; (iv) the executive's repeated failure to follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the Board and the executive's failure to cure such condition within 30 days after receiving written notice thereof; (v) the executive's conviction of, or plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, any crime that results in, or is reasonably expected to result in, material harm to the business or reputation of the Company's business, property or reputation; or (viii) the executive's unauthorized use or disclosure of any proprietary information or trade secrets of the Company or any other party to whom the executive owes an obligation of nondisclosure as a result of the executive's relationship with the Company.

For purposes of the Kashani Time-Based Award and the Kashani Milestone-Based Award, "good reason" means the executive's resignation due to the occurrence of any of the following conditions which occurs without the executive's written consent, provided that the requirements regarding advance notice and an opportunity to cure set forth below are satisfied: (i) the executive's then-current base salary is reduced by more than 10% (other than as part of an across-the-board salary reduction applicable to all similarly situated employees); (ii) a material reduction of the executive's duties, authority, responsibilities or reporting relationship as in effect immediately prior to such reduction; or (iii) the Company (or its successor) conditions the executive's continued service on the executive being transferred to a site of employment that would increase the executive must provide written notice to the Company of the existence of the good reason condition within 30 days of the initial existence of such condition. Upon receipt of such notice, the Company will have 30 days during which it may remedy the condition and not be required to provide for the acceleration described herein as a result of such proposed resignation. If the condition is not remedied within such 30-day period, the executive may resign based on the condition specified in the notice effective no later than 60 days following the expiration of the Company's 30-day cure period.

For purposes of the Parang Time-Based Award and the Parang Milestone-Based Award, "good reason" means the executive's resignation due to the occurrence of any of the following conditions which occurs without the executive's written consent, provided that the requirements regarding advance notice and an opportunity to cure set forth below are satisfied: (i) a reduction of the executive's then current base salary by 10% or more unless such reduction is part of a generalized salary reduction affecting similarly situated employees; (ii) a change in the executive's position with the Company that materially reduces the executive's duties, level of authority or responsibility; or (iii) the Company conditions the executive's continued service with the Company on the executive's being transferred to a site of employment that would increase the executive's one-way commute by more than 35 miles from Purchaser's then principal residence.

Parang Termination Payment Letter

On June 23, 2021, Serve entered into a termination payment letter agreement with Mr. Parang (the "Termination Payment Letter"), which provides that if (i) the Company terminates Mr. Parang's service with the Company without cause on or prior to February 18, 2025 and (ii) the Company exercises its Award Call Option with respect to all or a portion of the Parang Milestone-Based Award, then the Company will pay Mr. Parang a termination payment equal to the product of (i) the shares repurchased by the Company pursuant to the Award Call Option, multiplied by (ii) the excess, if any, of (x) the purchase price per share of the Company's common stock equal to \$500 million divided by the Company's then fully diluted capitalization as of the date of termination over (y) the per share fair market value of the Company's common stock as of the date of termination. The termination payment is subject to Mr. Parang's return of all Company property in his possession within 10 business days following the date of involuntary termination and his execution of a general release of all claims that becomes effective no later than the 30th day after the date of termination.

Kashani Termination Payment Letter

On September 27, 2021, Serve entered into a termination payment letter agreement with Dr. Kashani (the "Termination Payment Letter"), which provides that if (i) the Company terminates Dr. Kashani's service with the Company without cause on or prior to February 18, 2025 and (ii) the Company exercises its Award Call Option with respect to all or a portion of the Kashani Milestone-Based Award, then the Company will pay Dr. Kashani a termination payment equal to the product of (i) the shares repurchased by the Company pursuant to the Award Call Option, multiplied by (ii) the excess, if any, of (x) the purchase price per share of the Company's common stock equal to \$500 million divided by the Company's then fully diluted capitalization as of the date of termination over (y) the per share fair market value of the Company's common stock as of the date of termination. The termination payment will be paid in a lump sum on the first regularly scheduled payroll date after the 30th day following the date of involuntary termination and his execution of a general release of all claims that becomes effective no later than the 30th day after the date of termination.

Compensation Recovery Policy

In accordance with the final rules adopted by the SEC and Nasdaq implementing the incentive-based compensation recovery provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act, our Board approved the Serve Robotics Inc. Compensation Recovery Policy, effective as of October 2, 2023, which provides that in the event the Company is required to restate any of its financial statements that have been filed with the SEC, then the Compensation Committee will seek to recover any erroneously awarded performance-based incentive-based compensation (including any performance-based cash and equity awards and salary increases earned wholly or in part based on the attainment of financial performance goals) received by any person who is or was a Section 16 officer during the three-fiscal year recovery period.

Description of the 2023 Equity Incentive Plan

Set forth below is a summary of the material features of the 2023 Plan. The 2023 Plan is set forth in its entirety as an exhibit to this report, and all descriptions of the 2023 Plan contained in this section are qualified by reference to the complete text of the 2023 Plan.

Purpose

The 2023 Plan is intended to (i) attract and retain the best available personnel to ensure our success and accomplish our goals, (ii) incentivize employees, directors and independent contractors with long-term equity-based compensation to align their interests with our stockholders, and (iii) promote the success of our business.

Types of Stock Awards

The 2023 Plan permits the grant of incentive stock options, nonstatutory stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs") and stock bonus awards (all such types of awards, collectively, "stock awards").

Share Reserve

Number of Shares

Subject to adjustments as set forth in the 2023 Plan, the maximum aggregate number of shares of common stock that may be issued under the 2023 Plan will not exceed 1,594,800 shares. The shares may be authorized, but unissued, or reacquired common stock. Furthermore, subject to adjustments as set forth in the 2023 Plan, in no event shall the maximum aggregate number of shares that may be issued under the 2023 Plan pursuant to Incentive Stock Options exceed the number set forth above plus, to the extent allowable under Section 422 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder, any shares that again become available for issuance pursuant to the 2023 Plan.

The number of shares available for issuance under the 2023 Plan may, at the discretion of the Plan Administrator (as defined below), be increased on October 1st of each fiscal year beginning with the 2023 fiscal year until the 2023 Plan terminates, in each case, in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) at the discretion of our Board, 4% of the shares of common stock issued and outstanding on the last day of the immediately preceding month on a fully-diluted and as-converted basis and (ii) such other number of shares determined by our Board.

Lapsed Awards

To the extent, stock awards or awards or shares issued under the 2021 Plan that are assumed by the Company pursuant to the Merger Agreement ("Existing Plan Awards") expire or are forfeited or becomes unexercisable for any reason without having been exercised in full, or are surrendered pursuant to an exchange program (as defined in the 2023 Plan), the unissued shares that were subject thereto shall continue to be available under the 2023 Plan for issuance pursuant to future stock awards. In addition, any shares which are retained by us upon exercise of a stock award or Existing Plan Award in order to satisfy the exercise or purchase price for such stock award or Existing Plan Award or any withholding taxes due with respect to such stock award or Existing Plan Award shall be treated as not issued and shall continue to be available under the 2023 Plan for issuance pursuant to future stock awards. Shares issued under the 2023 Plan or an Existing Plan Award and later forfeited to us due to the failure to vest or repurchased by us at the original purchase price paid to us for the shares (including without limitation upon forfeiture to or repurchase by us in connection with a participant ceasing to be a service provider) shall again be available for future grant under the 2023 Plan. To the extent a stock award under the 2023 Plan or Existing Plan Award is paid out in cash rather than shares, such cash payment will not result in reducing the number of shares available for issuance under the 2023 Plan.

Assumption or Substitution of Awards

The Plan Administrator (as defined below), from time to time, may determine to substitute or assume outstanding awards granted by another company, whether in connection with an acquisition of such other company or otherwise, by either: (a) assuming such award under the 2023 Plan or (b) granting a stock award under the 2023 Plan in substitution of such other company's award. Such assumption or substitution will be permissible if the holder of the substituted or assumed award would have been eligible to be granted a stock award under the 2023 Plan if the other company had applied the rules of the 2023 Plan to such grant. In the event the Plan Administrator elects to assume an award granted by another company, subject to the requirements of Section 409A of the Code ("Section 409A"), the purchase price or the exercise price, as the case may be, and the number and nature of shares issuable upon exercise or settlement of any such stock award will be adjusted appropriately. In the event the Plan Administrator elects to grant a new option in substitution rather than assuming an existing option, such new option may be granted with a similarly adjusted exercise price. Any awards that are assumed or substituted under the 2023 Plan shall not reduce the number of shares authorized for grant under the 2023 Plan or authorized for grant to a participant in any fiscal year.

Eligibility

Employees, directors and independent contractors or our affiliates are all eligible to participate in the 2023 Plan. However, Incentive Stock Options may only be granted to employees.

Administration

The 2023 Plan is administered by our Board or a committee thereof, which committee will be constituted to satisfy applicable laws (the "Plan Administrator"). To the extent desirable to qualify transactions under the 2023 Plan as exempt under Rule 16b-3 of the Exchange Act, the transactions contemplated un the 2023 Plan will be structured to satisfy the requirements for exemption under Rule 16b-3.

Subject to the terms of the 2023 Plan, the Plan Administrator has the authority, in its discretion, to (i) determine the fair market value in accordance with the 2023 Plan; (ii) select the service providers to whom stock awards may be granted under the 2023 Plan; (iii) determine the number of shares to be covered by each stock award granted under the 2023 Plan; (iv) approve forms of stock award agreements for use under the 2023 Plan; (v) determine the terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the 2023 Plan, of any stock award granted thereunder; (vi) institute and determine the terms and conditions of an exchange program under the terms of the 2023 Plan (subject to stockholder approval); (vii) construe and interpret the terms of the 2023 Plan and stock awards granted pursuant to the 2023 Plan; (viii) correct any defect, supply any omission or reconcile any inconsistency in the 2023 Plan, any stock award or any award agreement; (ix) prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the 2023 Plan; (x) modify or amend each stock award (subject to the terms of the 2023 Plan); (xi) adjust performance goals to take into account changes in applicable laws or in accounting or tax rules, or such other extraordinary, unforeseeable, nonrecurring or infrequently occurring events or circumstances as the Plan Administrator deems necessary or appropriate to avoid windfalls or hardships; (xii) allow participants to satisfy tax withholding obligations in such manner as prescribed in the 2023 Plan; (xii) allow a participant to defer the receipt of the payment of cash or the delivery of shares that would otherwise be due to such participant under a stock award; and (xv) make all other determinations deemed necessary or advisable for administering the 2023 Plan.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion and on such terms and conditions as it may provide, may delegate all or any part of its authority and powers under the 2023 Plan to one or more of our directors or officers. To the extent permitted by applicable laws, the Plan Administrator may delegate to one or more officers who may be (but are not required to be) insiders subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, the authority to do any of the following (i) designate employees who are not insiders to be recipients of stock awards, (ii) determine the number of shares to be subject to such stock awards granted to such designated employees, and (iii) take any and all actions on behalf of the Plan Administrator other than any actions that affect the amount or form of compensation of Insiders or have material tax, accounting, financial, human resource or legal consequences to us or our affiliates; provided, however, that the Plan Administrator resolutions regarding any delegation with respect to (i) and (ii) will specify the total number of shares that may be subject to the stock awards granted by such officer and that such officer may not grant a stock award to himself or herself. Any stock awards will be granted on the form of award agreement most recently approved for use by the Plan Administrator, unless otherwise provided in the resolutions approving the delegation authority.



The Plan Administrator will, in its sole discretion, determine the performance goals, if any, applicable to any stock award (including any adjustment(s) thereto that will be applied in determining the achievement of such performance goals) on or prior to the Determination Date (as defined in the 2023 Plan). The performance goals may differ from participant to participant and from stock award to stock award. The Plan Administrator shall determine and approve the extent to which such performance goals have been timely achieved and the extent to which the shares subject to such stock award have thereby been earned. Please refer to the discussion below under "*—Performance Goals*" for more information.

Stock awards granted to participants who are insiders subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act must be approved by two or more "non-employee directors" of the Board (as defined in the regulations promulgated under Section 16 of the Exchange Act).

Stock Options

Each stock option will be designated in the stock award agreement as either an incentive stock option (which is entitled to potentially favorable tax treatment) or a nonstatutory stock option. However, notwithstanding such designation, to the extent that the aggregate fair market value of the shares with respect to which incentive stock options are exercisable for the first time by the participant during any calendar year exceeds \$0.10 million, such stock options will be treated as nonstatutory stock options. Incentive stock options may only be granted to employees.

The term of each stock option will be stated in the stock award agreement. In the case of an incentive stock option, the term will be ten years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the stock award agreement. Moreover, in the case of an incentive stock option granted to a participant who owns stock representing more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of our stock or the stock of any subsidiary, the term of the incentive stock option will be five years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the stock award agreement.

The per share exercise price for the shares to be issued pursuant to exercise of a stock option will be determined by the Plan Administrator, subject to the following: in the case of an incentive stock option (i) granted to an employee who, at the time the incentive stock option is granted, owns stock representing more than 10% of the voting power of all classes of our stock or the stock of any subsidiary, the per share exercise price will be no less than 110% of the fair market value per share on the date of grant; and (ii) granted to any other employee, the per share exercise price will be no less than 100% of the fair market value per share on the date of grant. In the case of a nonstatutory stock option, the per share exercise price will be no less than 100% of the fair market value per share on the date of grant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, stock options may be granted with a per share exercise price of less than 100% of the fair market value per share on the date of grant pursuant to a corporate reorganization, liquidation, etc., described in Section 424(a) of the Code.

At the time a stock option is granted, the Plan Administrator will fix the period within which the stock option may be exercised and will determine any conditions that must be satisfied before the stock option may be exercised. A stock option may become exercisable upon completion of a specified period of service with us or one of our affiliates and/or based on the achievement of performance goals during a performance period as set out in advance in the participant's award agreement. If a stock option is exercisable based on the satisfaction of performance goals, then the Plan Administrator will: (x) determine the nature, length and starting date of any performance period for such stock option; (y) select the performance goals to be used to measure the performance; and (z) determine what additional vesting conditions, if any, should apply. Please refer to the discussion below under "*—Performance Goals*" for more information. The Plan Administrator will also determine the acceptable form of consideration for exercising a stock option, including the method of payment.

If a participant ceases to be a service provider other than for "Cause" (as defined in the 2023 Plan), the participant may exercise his or her stock option within such period of time as is specified in the stock award agreement to the extent that the stock option is vested on the date of termination (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such stock option). In the absence of a specified time in the stock award agreement, to the extent vested as of a participant's termination, the stock option will remain exercisable for 12 months following a termination for death or disability, and 3 months following a termination for any other reason. Any outstanding stock option (including any vested portion thereof) held by a participant shall immediately terminate in its entirety upon the participant being first notified of his or her termination for Cause.

Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs)

The Plan Administrator will determine the terms and conditions of each SAR, provided that the exercise price for each SAR will be no less than 100% of the fair market value of the underlying shares of common stock on the date of grant. An SAR may become exercisable upon completion of a specified period of service with us or one of our affiliates and/or based on the achievement of performance goals during a performance period as set out in advance in the participant's award agreement. If an SAR is exercisable based on the satisfaction of performance goals, then the Plan Administrator will: (x) determine the nature, length and starting date of any performance period for such SAR; (y) select the performance goals to be used to measure the performance; and (z) determine what additional vesting conditions, if any, should apply. Please refer to the discussion below under "*—Performance Goals*" for more information. Upon exercise of an SAR, a participant will receive payment from us in an amount determined by multiplying the difference between the fair market value of a share on the date of exercise over the exercise price by the number of shares with respect to which the SAR is exercised. SARs may be paid in cash or shares of common stock, as determined by the Plan Administrator. SARs are exercisable at the times and on the terms established by the Plan Administrator.

Restricted Stock and RSUs

Restricted stock awards are grants of shares of common stock that are subject to various restrictions, including restrictions on transferability and forfeiture provisions. Shares of restricted stock will vest and the restrictions on such shares will lapse in accordance with terms and conditions established by the Plan Administrator. Each RSU is a bookkeeping entry representing an amount equal to the fair market value of one share of common stock. Restrictions may lapse upon the completion of a specified period of service with us or one of our affiliates and/or based on the achievement of performance goals during a performance period as set out in advance in the participant's award agreement. If the unvested shares of restricted stock or RSUs are being earned upon the satisfaction of performance goals, then the Plan Administrator will: (x) determine the nature, length and starting date of any performance period for each unvested share or RSU; (y) select the performance goals to be used to measure the performance; and (z) determine what additional vesting conditions, if any, should apply.

In determining whether restricted stock or RSUs should be granted, and/or the vesting schedule for such a stock award, the Plan Administrator may impose whatever conditions on vesting as it determines to be appropriate. For example, the Plan Administrator may determine to grant restricted stock or RSUs only if performance goals established by the Plan Administrator are satisfied. Any performance goals may be applied on a Company-wide or an individual business unit basis, as determined by the Plan Administrator. Please refer to the discussion below under "*—Performance Goals*" for more information.

During the period of restriction, participants holding restricted stock may exercise full voting rights and will be entitled to receive all dividends and other distributions paid, in each case with respect to such shares unless the Plan Administrator determines otherwise. If any such dividends or distributions are paid in shares, the shares will be subject to the same restrictions, including without limitation restrictions on transferability and forfeitability, as the restricted stock with respect to which they were paid. During the period of restriction, such dividends or other distributions shall be subject to the same restrictions and risk of forfeiture as the shares of restricted stock with respect to which the dividends accrue and shall not be paid or distributed unless and until such related shares have vested and been earned.

During the vesting period, participants holding RSUs will hold no voting rights by virtue of such RSUs. The Plan Administrator may, in its sole discretion, award dividend equivalents in connection with the grant of RSUs that may be settled in cash, in shares of equivalent value, or in some combination thereof.

Stock Bonus Awards

A stock bonus award is an award of shares to an eligible person without a purchase price that is not subject to any restrictions. All stock bonus awards may but are not required to be made pursuant to an award agreement. The Plan Administrator will determine the number of shares to be awarded to the participant under a stock bonus award. Payment may be made in the form of cash, whole shares, or a combination thereof, based on the fair market value of the shares subject to the stock bonus award on the date of payment, as determined in the sole discretion of the Administrator.

Performance Goals

The Plan Administrator in its discretion may make performance goals applicable to a participant with respect to a stock award. In the Plan Administrator's discretion, one or more of the following performance goals may apply: (1) sales or non-sales revenue; (2) return on revenues; (3) operating income; (4) income or earnings including operating income; (5) income or earnings before or after taxes, interest, depreciation and/or amortization; (6) income or earnings from continuing operations; (7) net income; (8) pre-tax income or after-tax income; (9) net income excluding amortization of intangible assets, depreciation and impairment of goodwill and intangible assets and/or excluding charges attributable to the adoption of new accounting pronouncements; (10) raising of financing or fundraising; (11) project financing; (12) revenue backlog; (13) gross margin; (14) operating margin or profit margin; (15) capital expenditures, cost targets, reductions and savings and expense management; (16) return on assets, return on investment, return on capital, or return on stockholder equity; (17) cash flow, free cash flow, cash flow return on investment, net cash provided by operations, or cash flow in excess of cost of capital; (18) performance warranty and/or guarantee claims; (19) stock price or total stockholder return; (20) earnings or book value per share; (21) economic value created; (22) pre-tax profit or after-tax profit; (23) strategic business criteria; (24) objective goals relating to divestitures, joint ventures, mergers, acquisitions and similar transactions; (25) objective goals relating to staff management, results from staff attitude and/or opinion surveys, staff satisfaction scores, staff safety, staff accident and/or injury rates, compliance, headcount, performance management, completion of critical staff training initiatives; (26) objective goals relating to projects; and (27) enterprise resource planning. Stock awards issued to participants may take into account other criteria (including subjective criteri

Outside Director Limitations

Stock awards granted during a single fiscal year under the 2023 Plan or otherwise, taken together with any cash fees paid during such fiscal year for services on the Board, shall not exceed \$0.50 million in total value for any non-employee director ("Outside Director") (calculating the value of any such stock awards, in each case, based on the grant date fair value of such stock awards for financial reporting purposes). Such applicable limit shall include the value of any stock awards that are received in lieu of all or a portion of any annual committee cash retainers or other similar cash based payments. Stock awards granted to an individual while he or she was serving in the capacity as an employee or while he or she was an independent contractor but not an Outside Director will not count for purposes of these limitations.

Leaves of Absence / Transfer Between Locations

The Plan Administrator has the discretion to determine at any time whether and to what extent the vesting of stock awards shall be suspended during any leave of absence; provided that in the absence of such determination, vesting of stock awards will continue during any paid leave and will be suspended during any unpaid leave (unless otherwise required by applicable laws). A participant will not cease to be an employee in the case of (i) any leave of absence approved by the participant's employer or (ii) transfers between our locations or between us and any subsidiary. If an employee holds an incentive stock option and such leave exceeds 3 months then, for purposes of incentive stock option status only, such employee's service as an employee shall be deemed terminated on the first day following such 3 month period and the incentive stock option shall thereafter automatically be treated for tax purposes as a nonstatutory stock option in accordance with applicable laws, unless reemployment upon the expiration of such leave is guaranteed by contract or statute, or unless provided otherwise pursuant to a written Company policy.

Change in Time Commitment

In the event a participant's regular level of time commitment in the performance of his or her services for us or one of our affiliates is reduced (for example, and without limitation, if the participant is an employee and the employee has a change in status from full-time to part-time or takes an extended leave of absence) after the date of grant of any stock award, the Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, may (x) make a corresponding reduction in the number of shares or cash amount subject to any portion of such stock award that is scheduled to vest or become payable after the date of such change in time commitment, and (y) in lieu of or in combination with such a reduction, extend the vesting schedule applicable to such stock award (in accordance with Section 409A, as applicable). In the event of any such reduction, the participant will have no right with respect to any portion of the stock award that is so amended.

Nontransferability of Stock Awards

Unless determined otherwise by the Plan Administrator, a stock award may not be sold, pledged, assigned, hypothecated, transferred, or disposed of in any manner other than by will or by the laws of descent or distribution and may be exercised, during the lifetime of the participant, only by the participant. If the Plan Administrator makes a stock award transferable, such stock award will contain such additional terms and conditions as the Plan Administrator deems appropriate; provided, however, that in no event may any stock award be transferred for consideration to a third-party financial institution.

Recoupment Policy

The Plan Administrator may specify in an award agreement that the participant's rights, payments, and/or benefits with respect to a stock award will be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture, and/or recoupment upon the occurrence of certain specified events, in addition to any applicable vesting, performance or other conditions and restrictions of a stock award. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary under the 2023 Plan, a stock award granted under the 2023 Plan shall be subject to the Company's clawback policy as may be established and/or amended from time to time, including the Compensation Recovery Policy. The Plan Administrator may require a participant to forfeit or return to and/or reimburse us for all or a portion of the stock award and/or shares issued under the stock award, any amounts paid under the stock award, and any payments or proceeds paid or provided upon disposition of the shares issued under the stock award, pursuant to the terms of such company policy or as necessary or appropriate to comply with applicable laws. For the avoidance of doubt, each participant will be subject to compliance with applicable laws, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, and the Company's corporate policies, as applicable, including without limitation the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, (i) compliance with applicable law, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, and the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy eases to apply to such applicable and (ii) any awards under the 2023 Plan which are subject to the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy will not be earned or vested, even if already granted, paid or settled, until the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy ceases to apply to such awards and any other vesting conditions applicable to such awards are satisfied.

Adjustment

In the event of a stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend, combination, consolidation, recapitalization or reclassification of the shares, subdivision of the shares, a rights offering, a reorganization, merger, spin-off, split-up, repurchase, or exchange of common stock or other securities of us or other significant corporate transaction, or other change affecting common stock occurs, the Plan Administrator, in order to prevent dilution, diminution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the 2023 Plan, will, in such manner as it may deem equitable, adjust the number, kind and class of securities that may be delivered under the 2023 Plan and/or the number, class, kind and price of securities covered by each outstanding stock award; provided that all such adjustment will be made in a manner that does not result in taxation under Section 409A.



Corporate Transaction

In the event of (i) a transfer of all or substantially all of our assets, (ii) a merger, consolidation or other capital reorganization or business combination transaction of us with or into another corporation, entity or person, (iii) the consummation of a transaction, or series of related transactions, in which any person becomes the beneficial owner directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of our then outstanding capital stock or (iv) a Change in Control (as defined in 2023 Plan), each outstanding stock award (vested or unvested) will be treated as the Plan Administrator determines, which determination may provide for one or more of the following: (a) the continuation of such outstanding stock awards (if we are the surviving corporation); (b) the assumption of such outstanding stock awards by the surviving corporation or its parent; (c) the substitution by the surviving corporation or its parent of new stock options or other equity awards for such stock awards; (d) the cancellation of such stock awards in exchange for a payment to the participants equal to the excess of (1) the fair market value of the shares subject to such stock awards (which payment may be subject to the same conditions that apply to the consideration that will be paid (if any) for the shares subject to the stock awards (which payment may be subject to the same conditions that apply to the consideration that will be paid to holders of shares in connection with the transaction, subject to applicable law); (e) the full or partial acceleration of exercisability or vesting and accelerated expiration of an outstanding stock award; (e) the opportunity for participants to exercise the stock options prior to the occurrence of the corporate transaction and the termination (for no consideration) upon the consummation of such corporate transaction of any stock options not exercised prior thereto; or (f) the cancellation of outstanding stock awards in exchange for no consideration.

Change in Control

A stock award may be subject to additional acceleration of vesting and exercisability upon or after a "Change in Control" (as defined in the 2023 Plan) as may be provided in the award agreement for such stock award or as may be provided in any other written agreement between us or any affiliate and the participant, but in the absence of such provision, no such acceleration will occur.

Amendment, Termination and Duration of the 2023 Plan

The 2023 Plan will continue in effect for a term of 10 years measured from the date the 2023 Plan was approved by our Board, unless terminated earlier under the terms of the 2023 Plan. The Plan Administrator may at any time amend, alter, suspend or terminate the 2023 Plan.

U.S. Federal Tax Aspects

A participant who receives a stock option or SAR will not have taxable income upon the grant of the stock option or SAR. For nonstatutory stock options and SARs, the participant will recognize ordinary income upon exercise in an amount equal to the excess of the fair market value of the shares over the exercise price—the appreciation value—on the date of exercise. Any additional gain or loss recognized upon any later disposition of the shares generally will be long-term or short-term capital gain or loss, depending on whether the shares are held for more than one year.

The purchase of shares upon exercise of an incentive stock option will not result in any taxable income to the participant, except for purposes of the alternative minimum tax. Gain or loss recognized by the participant on a later sale or other disposition of the shares will be capital gain or loss and/or ordinary income depending upon whether the participant holds the shares transferred upon exercise for a specified period. If the shares are held for the specified period, any gain generally will be taxed at long-term capital-gain rates. If the shares are not held for the specified period, generally any gain up to the excess of the fair market value of the shares on the date of exercise over the exercise price will be treated as ordinary income. Any additional gain generally will be taxable at long-term capital-gain rates, depending on whether the participant held the shares for more than one year after the exercise date.



A participant who receives restricted stock will not have taxable income until vesting unless the participant timely files an election under Section 83(b) of the Code to be taxed at the time of grant ("Section 83(b) election"). The participant will recognize ordinary income equal to the fair market value of the shares at the time of vesting less the amount paid for such shares (if any) if no such election is made. Any additional gain or loss recognized upon any later disposition of the shares generally will be long-term or short-term capital gain or loss, depending on whether the shares are held for more than one year. If a participant timely files a Section 83(b) election, the participant will recognize ordinary income equal to the fair market value of the shares at the time of purchase or grant less the amount paid for such shares (if any).

A participant who receives RSUs, performance units or performance shares will not have taxable income upon grant of the stock award; instead the participant will be taxed upon settlement of the stock award. The participant will recognize ordinary income equal to the fair market value of the shares or the amount of cash received by the participant. In addition, Section 409A imposes certain restrictions on deferred compensation arrangements. Stock awards that are treated as deferred compensation under Section 409A are intended to meet the requirements of this section of the Code.

The Plan Administrator may, at its discretion and pursuant to such procedures as it may specify from time to time, permit a participant to satisfy such withholding or deduction obligations or any other tax-related items, in whole or in part by (without limitation) paying cash, electing to have us withhold otherwise deliverable cash or shares, or delivering to us already-owned shares; provided that, unless the Plan Administrator permits otherwise, any proceeds derived from a cashless exercise must be an approved broker-assisted cashless exercise or the cash or shares withheld or delivered must be limited to avoid financial accounting charges under applicable accounting guidance or shares must have been previously held for the minimum duration required to avoid financial accounting charges under applicable accounting guidance. The fair market value of the shares to be withheld or delivered will be determined based on such methodology that we deem to be reasonable and in accordance with applicable laws.

We will be entitled to a tax deduction in connection with a stock award under the 2023 Plan only in an amount equal to the ordinary income realized by the participant and at the time the participant recognizes the income. Section 162(m) of the Code places a limit of \$1 million on the amount of compensation that we may deduct as a business expense in any year with respect to certain of our most highly paid executive officers. While the Plan Administrator considers the deductibility of compensation as one factor in determining executive compensation, the Plan Administrator retains the discretion to award and pay compensation that is not deductible as it believes that it is in the best interests of our stockholders to maintain flexibility in our approach to executive compensation and to structure a program that we consider to be the most effective in attracting, motivating and retaining key employees.

New Plan Benefits

The 2023 Plan does not provide for set benefits or amounts of awards and we have not approved any stock awards that are conditioned on stockholder approval of the 2023 Plan. We have not approved any stock awards under the 2023 Plan in connection with the Merger. All future awards to directors, executive officers, employees and consultants under the 2023 Plan are discretionary and cannot be determined at this time.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of February 23, 2024 by:

- each of our named executive officers;
- each of our directors;
- all of our current directors and executive officers as a group; and
- each person, or group of affiliated persons, who beneficially owned more than 5% of our common stock.

We have determined beneficial ownership in accordance with the rules of the SEC, and the information is not necessarily indicative of beneficial ownership for any other purpose. Except as indicated by the footnotes below, we believe, based on information furnished to us, that the persons and entities named in the table below have sole voting and sole investment power with respect to all shares of common stock that they beneficially owned, subject to applicable community property laws.

The percentage of shares beneficially owned is computed on the basis of 24,832,814 shares of common stock outstanding as of February 23, 2024. Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each beneficial owner in the table below is c/o Serve Robotics Inc., 730 Broadway, Redwood City, CA 94063.

		Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned		
Name	Number	Percentage		
5% Stockholders				
Postmates, LLC ⁽¹⁾	3,963,808	16.0%		
NVIDIA ⁽²⁾	2,676,904	10.8%		
NEO 2.0 Entities ⁽³⁾	1,438,228	5.8%		
Mark Tompkins ⁽⁴⁾	1,843,750	7.4%		
Directors and Named Executive Officers				
Ali Kashani ⁽⁵⁾	2,360,543	9.5%		
Shares subject to voting proxy ⁽⁶⁾	6,860,053	27.6%		
Touraj Parang ⁽⁷⁾	815,904	3.3%		
James Buckly Jordan ⁽⁸⁾	809,936	3.3%		
Olivier Vincent	9,928	*		
Ali Pourdad ⁽⁹⁾	31,283	*		
Euan Abraham ⁽¹⁰⁾	181,301	*		
Sarfraz Maredia				
All directors and executive officers as a group (eight persons)	8,020,574	32.3%		

- * Represents beneficial ownership of less than 1%.
- (1) Postmates is the wholly-owned subsidiary of Uber. The address of Uber is 1725 3rd Street, San Francisco, California 94158.
- (2) The address of NVIDIA is 2788 San Tomas Expressway, Santa Clara, California 95051.
- (3) Consists of (i) 1,420,228 shares of common stock held by NEO 2.0, L.P. and (ii) 18,000 shares of Common stock held by NEO 2.0a, L.P. The general partner of each of NEO 2.0., L.P. and NEO 2.0a, L.P. is NEO GP 2.0, LLC. Ali Partovi is the Managing Director of NEO GP 2.0, LLC and has dispositive power over the shares of common stock controlled thereby. The address of NEO GP 2.0, LLC is 2121 S. El Camino Real, Ste 200, San Mateo, California 94403.
- (4) Consists of (i) 1,687,500 shares of common stock and (ii) 156,250 shares of common stock underlying the Bridge Warrants.
- (5) Consists of (i) 2,205,309 shares of common stock held directly by Ali Kashani, (ii) 16,070 shares of common stock held by Nikki Stoddart, the spouse of Dr. Kashani, (iii) 80,350 shares of common stock held by Salma Kashani, (iv) 8,035 shares of common stock held by Ali Sadeghi Hariri, (v) 1,562 shares underlying warrants to purchase common stock which are exercisable within 60 days of February 23, 2024, and (vi) 49,217 shares of common stock underlying options which are or will become exercisable within 60 days of February 23, 2024. Dr. Kashani shares control of the shares of common stock held by Ms. Stoddart. 1,124,900 shares of common stock held by Dr. Kashani are subject to a repurchase option held by the Company in the event that Dr. Kashani's service with the Company is terminated.
- (6) Consists of shares of common stock held by holders of pre-Merger common stock over which Dr. Kashani holds an irrevocable proxy, pursuant to the agreements between the Company and such stockholders. The Company does not believe that the parties to these voting agreements constitute a "group" under Section 13 of the Exchange Act, as Dr. Kashani exercises voting control over these shares. Dr. Kashani does not have dispositive control over these shares of common stock.

- (7) Consists of (i) 794,709 shares of Common stock held by Touraj Parang, (ii) 2,008 shares of common stock held by Armin Parang, Mr. Parang's brother, (iii) 2,008 shares of common stock held by Payman Parang, Mr. Parang's brother, (iv) 2,008 shares of common stock held by Shaghayegh Ahkami, Mr. Parang's sister-in-law, (v) 2,008 shares of common stock held by Shahyar Ahkami, Mr. Parang's brother-in-law, and (vi) 13,163 shares of common stock underlying options which are or will become exercisable within 60 days of February 23, 2024. Mr. Parang disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares of common stock held by Armin Parang, Payman Parang, Shaghayegh Ahkami and Shahyar Ahkami. 412,521 shares of common stock held by Mr. Parang are subject to a repurchase option held by the Company in the event that Mr. Parang's service with the Company is terminated.
- (8) Consists of (i) 659,035 shares of common stock held by Wavemaker Global Select II, LLC, (ii) 9,200 shares held by Future VC, LLC, (iii) 77,291 shares of common stock held by Match Robotics VC, LLC and (iv) 64,410 shares of common stock underlying warrants to purchase common stock which are exercisable within 60 days of February 23, 2024. James Buckly Jordan is the Managing Partner of Wavemaker Global Select II, LLC and has dispositive power over the shares of common stock held thereby. Future VC, LLC and Match Robotics VC, LLC are controlled by James Buckly Jordan. The address of Wavemaker Global Select II, LLC is 1 Nanson road #03-00, Singapore 238909. The address for Future VC, LLC is 1438 9th St., Santa Monica, California 90401. The address for Match Robotics VC, LLC is 1134 11th Street, Suite 101, Santa Monica, California 90403.
- (9) Shares of common stock are held by Pourdad Capital Corp. over which Ali Pourdad has control.

(10) Consists of (i) 181,301 options to purchase shares of common stock which are or will become exercisable within 60 days of February 23, 2024.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table sets forth information as of December 31, 2023 regarding shares of common stock that may be used under our equity compensation plans.

Plan Category Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a) 1,515,386 ⁽¹⁾	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c) 1,313,949 ⁽²⁾
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders			
Total	1,515,386 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 0.61	1,313,949 ⁽²⁾

(1) Includes 1,515,386 shares of our common stock issuable upon exercise of options originally granted under the 2021 Plan.

(2) Includes 1,313,949 shares of our common stock available for issuance under the 2023 Plan. The number of shares available for issuance under the 2023 Plan may, at the discretion of the Board or a committee thereof, be increased on October 1st of each fiscal year beginning with the 2023 fiscal year until the 2023 Plan terminates, in each case, in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) at the discretion of our Board, 4% of the shares of common stock issued and outstanding on the last day of the immediately preceding month on a fully-diluted and as-converted basis and (ii) such other number of shares determined by our Board.

See "Description of the 2023 Equity Incentive Plan" under Part III, Item 11. Executive Compensation and Note 10 of Notes to Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data of this report for additional information about our equity compensation plans and arrangements.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Below, we describe transactions since January 1, 2022, in which the amounts involved exceeded or will exceed the lesser of (i) \$120,000 and (ii) 1% of the average total assets of the Company at year end for the last two completed fiscal years, between the Company and any of our directors, executive officers, or beneficial holders of more than 5% of Serve's pre-Merger capital stock. Other than as described below, there have not been transactions to which we have been a party other than compensation arrangements, which are described under "*Executive Compensation*." The following description is historical and has not been adjusted to give effect to the Merger.

Secured Subordinated Promissory Note with Ali Kashani

On December 27, 2023, Serve issued a Secured Subordinated Promissory Note (the "December 2023 Kashani Note") to Ali Kashani, a holder of greater than 5% of the capital stock of Serve who serves as Chief Executive Officer and is a member of the Serve Board of Directors, in exchange for a loan with the aggregate principal amount of \$70,000. Pursuant to the December 2023 Kashani Note, the loan accrued interest on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 7.67% per annum, computed as simple interest. Serve repaid the December 2023 Kashani Note on January 3, 2024.

On June 28, 2023, Serve issued a Secured Subordinated Promissory Note (the "June 2023 Kashani Note") to Dr. Kashani, in exchange for a loan with the aggregate principal amount of \$449,000. Pursuant to the June 2023 Kashani Note, the loan accrued interest on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 7.67% per annum, computed as simple interest. Dr. Kashani was entitled to an exit fee equal to 16% of the stated principal amount of the June 2023 Kashani Note, less the total amount of interest that accrued on the June 2023 Kashani Note prior to the closing of the Merger (the "Kashani Exit Fee"). Serve paid the Kashani Exit Fee and repaid the June 2023 Kashani Note upon the closing of the Merger. On August 4, 2023, payment of \$520,840 was made to Dr. Kashani as repayment of the promissory note, which includes \$449,000 in principal and \$71,840 in interest. No additional fees were paid.

Related Party Transactions with Uber Technologies Inc.

As described elsewhere in this report, Serve is a spin-off of Uber. Serve was initially formed in 2017 as the X division of Postmates, which was acquired by Uber in 2020. Uber held greater than 5% of Serve's pre-Merger capital stock.

Convertible Promissory Note

On January 2, 2024, we issued a convertible promissory note (the "Postmates Convertible Promissory Note") to Postmates. The Postmates Convertible Promissory Note bears interest at a rate of 6.00% per year, compounded annually, and is due and payable upon request by Postmates on or after the 12-month anniversary of the original issuance date of the Postmates Convertible Promissory Note. We may not prepay or repay the Postmates Convertible Promissory Note in cash without Postmates' consent. The aggregate gross proceeds from the issuance of the Postmates Convertible Promissory Note was \$500,000.

The issuance of the Postmates Convertible Promissory Note was exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and Rule 506 of Regulation D promulgated by the SEC thereunder.

Master Framework Agreement and Project Plan

Uber and the Company entered into the Master Framework Agreement, effective September 3, 2021 which was amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Master Framework Agreement, dated January 12, 2023, and Amendment No. 3 to the Master Framework Agreement, dated September 6, 2023 (as amended, the "Master Framework Agreement"). The term of the Master Framework Agreement has been extended twice and is currently effective until February 24, 2027 and automatically renews for one-year periods unless terminated. Pursuant to the Master Framework Agreement, the Company agreed to provide delivery robots for Uber deliveries and Uber to pay delivery fees based on the services provided by the delivery robots. In addition, among other things, under the Master Framework Agreement, the Company is obligated to obtain and maintain the necessary regulatory approvals and licenses and certain types and levels of insurance for the robots.

The Company and Uber entered into separate Project Plans on February 3, 2022 ("Project Plan #1") and May 26, 2022 ("Project Plan #2" and together with Project Plan #1, the "Project Plans") for deployment of the Company's robots to perform concurrent deliveries on Uber's platform. Under Project Plan #1, Uber and the Company worked together to onboard 10 robots to perform concurrent deliveries on Uber's platform in a mutually agreed upon operating area in Los Angeles, California. Entering into Project Plan #2 signified satisfactory completion of Project Plan #1. Under Project Plan #2, Uber and the Company are working together to deploy up to 2,000 robots on Uber's platform in multiple cities in the U.S. Each of these Project Plans is governed by the terms of the Master Framework Agreement. Pursuant to the Project Plans, the Company and Uber have agreed to meet monthly to discuss completion dates and key milestones for the Master Framework Agreement and to establish operating areas.

The Master Framework Agreement provides for certain negotiated indemnification terms, including indemnification by the Company for damages resulting from third-party intellectual property rights claims. The Project Plans require the Company to maintain commercial insurance during the term of the Project Plans, including for general liability, auto liability and workers' compensation.

Wavemaker - Side Letter

On December 5, 2022, the Company and Wavemaker Pacific 4, L.P. entered into a SAFE along with a side letter to the SAFE dated as of December 15, 2022 (the "Wavemaker Side Letter"). Wavemaker Pacific 4, L.P. holds greater than 5% of Serve's pre-Merger capital stock. Pursuant to the Wavemaker Side Letter, Wavemaker Pacific 4, L.P. is granted preemptive rights to purchase preferred stock sold in an equity financing, among other rights.

NEO 2.0 LP – Side Letter

On December 1, 2022, the Company, NEO 2.0, L.P. ("NEO 2.0") and NEO 2.0a, L.P. ("NEO 2.0a," and together with NEO 2.0, the "NEO Entities") entered into a SAFE along with a side letter dated as of December 5, 2022 (the "NEO Entities Side Letter"). The NEO Entities own greater than 5% of Serve's pre-Merger capital stock. Pursuant to the NEO Entities Side Letter, the NEO entities are granted preemptive rights to purchase preferred stock sold in an equity financing, among other rights.

Related Party Transactions with NVIDIA

Convertible Promissory Note

On January 2, 2024, we issued a convertible promissory note ("the NVIDIA Convertible Promissory Note") to NVIDIA. The NVIDIA Convertible Promissory Note bears interest at a rate of 6.00% per year, compounded annually, and are due and payable upon request by NVIDIA on or after the 12-month anniversary of the original issuance date of the NVIDIA Convertible Promissory Note. We may not prepay or repay the NVIDIA Convertible Promissory Note in cash without NVIDIA's consent. The aggregate gross proceeds from the issuance of the NVIDIA Convertible Promissory Note was \$2,500,000.

Business Collaboration Agreement

On February 2, 2022, the Company and NVIDIA entered into a business collaboration agreement (the "Business Collaboration Agreement") pursuant to which the Company and NVIDIA agreed to collaborate on the potential integration of NVIDIA's AI capabilities into the Company's robots, among other things.



NVIDIA Side Letter

On February 4, 2022, the Company and NVIDIA entered into a side letter (the "NVIDIA Side Letter") pursuant to which the Company granted NVIDIA contractual management rights including inspection rights and a right of first refusal, among other things.

Equity Financings

2022 SAFEs

Between February 4, 2022 and March 9, 2022, Serve issued SAFEs for an aggregate purchase amount of \$10.59 million to investors of Serve (the "February 2022 SAFEs"). Between December 1, 2022 and January 18, 2023, Serve issued SAFEs for an aggregate purchase amount of \$4.97 million to investors of Serve (the "December 2022 SAFEs" and, together with the February 2022 SAFEs, the "2022 SAFEs"). The following table summarizes the purchase of 2022 SAFEs by related persons:

Purchaser	P F	ggregate Purchase Price for 22 SAFEs
NEO 2.0, L.P. ⁽¹⁾	\$	987,483
NEO 2.0a, L.P. ⁽¹⁾	\$	12,517
NVIDIA	\$	9,000,000
Postmates, LLC ⁽²⁾	\$	2,000,000
Wavemaker Pacific 4, L.P. ⁽³⁾	\$	1,000,000

(1) The general partner of each of NEO 2.0., L.P. and NEO 2.0a, L.P. is NEO GP. NEO GP and its affiliates hold greater than 5% of the pre-Merger capital stock of Serve.

- (2) Postmates, LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Uber, which holds greater than 5% of the pre-Merger capital stock of Serve. Sarfraz Maredia is VP, Head of Americas, Delivery at Uber and serves as a member of the Serve Board of Directors.
- (3) Wavemaker Pacific 4, L.P. holds greater than 5% of Serve's pre-Merger capital stock.

Registration Rights Agreement

In connection with the Merger and the Private Placement, on July 31, 2023, we entered into a registration rights agreement (the "Registration Rights Agreement"), pursuant to which we agreed that promptly, but no later than 60 calendar days from the final closing of the Private Placement, we would file, subject to customary exceptions, a registration statement with the SEC covering the registrable securities (the "Registration Statement"). All of our directors, executive officers and holders of more than 5% of our capital stock are parties to the Registration Rights Agreement. We must use commercially reasonable efforts to keep the Registration Statement effective for five years from the date it was declared effective by the SEC or until the date on which all registrable securities have been transferred other than to certain enumerated permitted assignees under the Registration Rights Agreement.

Participation in Private Placement

Certain of our existing investors, including investors affiliated with certain of our directors and officers, have purchased an aggregate of 1,258,221 shares of our common stock in the Private Placement, for an aggregate gross purchase price of \$5.01 million. Such purchases were made on the same terms as the shares that were sold to other investors in the Private Placement and not pursuant to any pre-existing contractual rights or obligations. Each of NVIDIA, and Postmates, LLC, who hold more than 5% of our capital stock, and Olivier Vincent and Ali Kashani participated in the Private Placement.

Other Transactions

We have granted stock options to our executive officers and our directors. For a description of these stock options, see *Part III, Item 11. Executive Compensation* of this report.

Indemnification Agreements

We maintain indemnification agreements with each of our current directors and executive officers. The indemnification agreements and our amended and restated bylaws require us to indemnify our directors to the fullest extent not prohibited by DGCL. Subject to very limited exceptions, our amended and restated bylaws also require us to advance expenses incurred by our directors and officers.

Policies and Procedures for Related Party Transactions

We did not have a formal review and approval policy for related party transactions at the time of any of the transactions described above. However, all of the transactions described above were entered into after presentation, consideration and approval by our Board. Subsequently, our audit committee adopted a charter which requires the audit committee to conduct appropriate review and oversight of related party transactions.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Raich Ende Malter & Co. LLP ("REM") was the Company's independent registered public accounting firm from November 2020 through June 2022. Effective July 2022, Grassi & Co., CPAs, P.C. ("Grassi") were appointed as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm. Following the Merger, (i) Grassi & Co., CPAs, P.C. ("Grassi"), was dismissed as the independent registered public accounting firm of the Company, and (ii) our Board engaged dbbmckennon ("dbbmckennon") as the independent registered public accounting firm to audit the Company's financial statements for the fiscal years ending December 31, 2023 and 2022. Set below are aggregate fees billed by dbbmckennon, Grassi and REM for professional services rendered for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

	2023	2022
Audit fees ⁽¹⁾	\$ 144,507	\$ 135,667
Audit-related fees ⁽²⁾	-	-
Tax fees ⁽³⁾	-	1,750
All other fees ⁽⁴⁾	-	-
Total fees	\$ 144,507	\$ 137,417

(1) Audit fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered by our independent registered public accounting firm for the audit of our annual consolidated financial statements and review of our interim consolidated financial statements or services that are normally provided by our independent registered public accounting firm in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements. The fees for the audit services billed and to be billed dbbmckennon for the years ended December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022 amounted to \$144,507 and \$111,917, respectively. The fees for the audit services billed by Grassi and REM for the year ended December 31, 2022 amounted to \$23,750.

(2) Audit-related fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered to provide consent for incorporation by reference of audit reports in certain registration statements and other forms filed with the SEC. The fees for the audit-related services billed or to be billed by dbbmckennon amounted to \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2023. There were no audit-related fees billed by Grassi and REM for the year ended December 31, 2022.

(3) Tax fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered by our independent registered public accounting firm for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning. The fees for the tax services billed and to be billed by dbbmckennon amounted to \$0 for the year ended December 31, 2023. The fees for the tax services billed and to be billed by Grassi and REM for professional services for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning for the year ended December 31, 2022 amounted to \$1,750.

(4) All other fees consist of fees billed for all other services. There were no fees billed by dbbmckennon, Grassi and REM for other products and services for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Audit Committee's Pre-Approval Policy and Procedures

Under the Audit Committee's charter, the Audit Committee is required to pre-approve all audit and permitted non-audit services performed by our independent registered public accountants to ensure that the provision of such services does not impair the public accountants' independence. All audit and audit-related fees billed by dbbmckennon were approved by the Audit Committee in accordance with SEC requirements.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

We have filed the following documents as part of this Form 10-K:

(1) Financial Statements

See "Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements" in Part II, Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data of this report.

(2) Financial Statement Schedules

All schedules have been omitted because they are not required, not applicable, not present in amounts sufficient to require submission of the schedule, or the required information is otherwise included.

(3) Exhibits

The exhibits filed in response to Item 601 of Regulation S-K are listed in the Exhibit Index.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.



EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
2.1§	Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization among the Company, Serve Acquisition Corp. and Serve Robotics Inc. (incorporated by
-	reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023)
3.1	Certificate of Merger relating to the merger of Serve Acquisition Corp. with and into Serve Robotics Inc., filed with the Secretary of State of
	the State of Delaware on July 31, 2023 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on
	<u>August 4, 2023).</u>
3.2	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on July 31, 2023 (incorporated
	by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4,
	<u>2023).</u>
4.1	Form of Bridge Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
4.2	Form of Bridge Broker Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4,
	<u>2023).</u>
4.3	Form of Placement Agent A Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on
	<u>August 4, 2023).</u>
4.4	Form of Placement Agent B Warrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on
	<u>August 4, 2023).</u>
4.5	Form of Secured Subordinated Promissory Note (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the
A.C.	SEC on January 3, 2024).
4.6	Form of Convertible Promissory Note (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on
4.7#	January 3, 2024). Common Stock Warrant, dated February 7, 2024, issued by Serve Robotics Inc. to Magna New Mobility USA, Inc. (incorporated by reference
4./#	to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 7, 2024).
4.8*	Description of Securities.
4.8 10.1+§	Offer Letter, dated as of March 1, 2021, by and between Touraj Parang and the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the
10.1+9	Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.2+§	Offer Letter, dated as of October 7, 2021, by and between Euan Abraham and the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the
10.2 - 3	Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.3+	Engagement Letter, dated as of May 18, 2023, by and between AKW Financial, LLC dba Vision Accounting & Tax (VAT) and the Company
10.0	(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.4+	Parang Termination Payment Letter, dated as of June 23, 2021, by and between Touraj Parang and the Company (incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 10.4 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.5+	Kashani Termination Payment Letter, dated as of September 27, 2021, by and between Ali Kashani and the Company (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.6	Lease Agreement, dated as of February 25, 2021, by and between Bauen Fund 2018-730, LLC and the Company (incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 10.6 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.7§	Contribution Agreement, dated as of February 24, 2021, by and between Postmates, LLC and the Company (incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 10.7 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.8#	Amended and Restated Side Letter to the Contribution Agreement, dated as of January 12, 2023, by and between Postmates, LLC and the
	Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on
	<u>November 28, 2023).</u>

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10.9#	<u>Master Framework Agreement, dated as of September 3, 2021 by and between Uber Technologies, Inc. and the Company (incorporated by</u> reference to Exhibit 10.9 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on November 28, 2023).
10.10#	Amendment No. 1 to the Master Framework Agreement, dated as of May 26, 2022 by and between Uber Technologies, Inc. and the Company
10.10#	(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on November
	<u>28, 2023).</u>
10.11#	Amendment No. 2 to the Master Framework Agreement, dated as of January 12, 2023 by and between Uber Technologies, Inc. and the
101111	Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on
	November 28, 2023).
10.12#	Amendment No. 3 to the Master Framework Agreement, dated as of September 6, 2023 by and between Uber Technologies, Inc. and the
	Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on
	November 28, 2023).
10.13#	Project Plan #1, dated as of February 3, 2022, by and between Uber Technologies, Inc. and the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit
	10.13 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on November 28, 2023).
10.14#	Project Plan #2, dated as of May 26, 2022, by and between Uber Technologies, Inc. and the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit
	10.14 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on November 28, 2023).
10.15	Equipment Lease Agreement, dated as of June 6, 2022, by and between Farnam Street Financial, Inc. and the Company (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 10.14 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.16*	Lease Schedule No. 001R, dated December 3, 2022, to Equipment Lease Agreement dated as of June 6, 2022, by and between Farnam Street
	Financial, Inc. and the Company.
10.17*	Lease Schedule No. 002, dated December 28, 2023, to Equipment Lease Agreement dated as of June 6, 2022, by and between Farnam Street
	Financial, Inc. and the Company.
10.18#§	Strategic Customer Agreement, dated as of December 31, 2021, by and between Ouster, Inc. and the Company (incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 10.15 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.19§	Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of March 1, 2022, by and between Silicon Valley Bank and the Company (incorporated by reference to
	Exhibit 10.16 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.20	First Amendment to the Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of October 11, 2022, by and between Silicon Valley Bank and the Company
	(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.17 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.21	Second Amendment to the Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of April 21, 2023, by and between Silicon Valley Bank, a division of First-
	Citizens Bank & Trust Company and the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with
	<u>the SEC on August 4, 2023).</u>
10.22	Third Amendment to the Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of July 28, 2023, by and between Silicon Valley Bank, a division of First-
	Citizens Bank & Trust Company and the Company (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.19 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with
	the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.23*	Fourth Amendment to the Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of January 3, 2024, by and between Silicon Valley Bank, a division of First-
10.01	Citizens Bank & Trust Company, the Company and Serve Operating Co.
10.24	Form of Lock-Up Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4,
10.05	<u>2023).</u>
10.25	Form of Pre-Merger Indemnification Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the
10.26	<u>SEC on August 4, 2023).</u>
10.26	Subscription Agreement, dated July 31, 2023, by and between the Company and the parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22)
	to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).

10.27	Form of Registration Rights Agreement, by and between the Company and the parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.28+	2021 Stock Plan and form of award agreements (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
10.29+*	2023 Equity Incentive Plan and form of award agreements.
10.30#§	Master Services Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2024 and effective as of January 15, 2024, by and between Magna New Mobility USA, Inc. and Serve Operating Co. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 7, 2024).
10.31#	Statement of Work, dated as of February 1, 2024 and effective as of January 15, 2024, by and between Magna New Mobility USA, Inc. and Serve Operating Co. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 7, 2024).
10.32#	License and Services Agreement, dated as of February 20, 2024, by and between Magna New Mobility USA, Inc. and Serve Operating Co. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 23, 2024).
10.33*+	Serve Robotics Inc. Outside Director Compensation Policy.
16.1	Letter from Grassi & Co., CPAs, P.C. as to the change in certifying accountant, dated August 4, 2023 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 16.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
21.1	Subsidiaries of the Registrant (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 4, 2023).
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code)
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code)
97.1*	Serve Robotics Inc. Compensation Recovery Policy
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

* Filed herewith.

- ** This document is being furnished in accordance with Item 601(b)(32)(ii) of Regulation S-K.
- + Indicates a management contract or any compensatory plan, contract or arrangement.
- # Portions of this exhibit (indicated by asterisks) have been omitted in accordance with Item 601(b)(10) of Regulation S-K. The registrant has furnished supplementally copies of the omitted portions of this exhibit to the SEC upon its request.
- § Certain exhibits or schedules to this exhibit have been omitted in accordance with Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. The registrant hereby agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any omitted exhibit or schedule to the SEC upon its request.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

Dated: February 29, 2024

By: /s/ Ali Kashani

Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this Annual Report on Form 10-K has been signed by the following persons in the capacities indicated on the date indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Ali Kashani Ali Kashani	Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of the Board of Directors (principal executive officer)	February 29, 2024
/s/ Touraj Parang Touraj Parang	President and Chief Operating Officer and Director	February 29, 2024
/s/ April Pannell April Pannell	Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer)	February 29, 2024
/s/ Euan Abraham Euan Abraham	Senior Vice President of Hardware Engineering	February 29, 2024
/s/ James Buckly Jordan James Buckly Jordan	Director	February 29, 2024
/s/ Sarfraz Maredia Sarfraz Maredia	Director	February 29, 2024
/s/ Ali Pourdad Ali Pourdad	Director	February 29, 2024
/s/ Olivier Vincent Olivier Vincent	Director	February 29, 2024

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

The following description summarizes the most important terms of capital stock of Serve Robotics Inc. (the "Company"). Because it is only a summary, it does not contain all of the information that may be important to you, and is qualified by reference to our amended and restated certificate of incorporation (as such may be amended, restated or modified from time to time, the "Certificate of Incorporation") and our amended and restated bylaws (as may be amended, restated or modified from time to time, the "Bylaws"). We urge you to read our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, each of which is incorporated by reference as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the "Annual Report") of which this Exhibit 4.8 is a part, in their entirety for a complete description of the rights and preferences of our securities. Defined terms used and not otherwise defined herein have the meaning set forth in the Annual Report.

Authorized Capital Stock

We have authorized capital stock consisting of 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share ("Common Stock"), and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share ("Preferred Stock"). As of December 31, 2023, we had 24,832,814 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding, and no shares of Preferred Stock issued and outstanding.

Common Stock

Dividend Rights

Subject to applicable law and the rights and preferences, if any, of any holders of any outstanding series of Preferred Stock, the holders of our Common Stock are entitled to receive dividends if our board of directors (the "Board"), in its discretion, determines to issue dividends and then only at the times and in the amounts that our Board may determine, payable either in cash, in property or in shares of capital stock.

Voting Rights

Holders of our Common Stock are entitled to one vote for each share of Common Stock held on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. Except as otherwise required by law, holders of Common Stock are not entitled to vote on any amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designation relating to any series of Preferred Stock) that relates solely to the terms of one or more outstanding series of Preferred Stock if the holders of such affected series are entitled, either separately or together as a class with the holders of one or more other such series, to vote on such amendment pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation (including any certificate of designation relating to any series of Preferred Stock). We have not provided for cumulative voting for the election of directors in our Certificate of Incorporation. Accordingly, holders of a majority of the shares of our Common Stock will be able to elect all of our directors. Our Certificate of Incorporation establishes a classified Board, divided into three classes with staggered three-year terms. Only one class of directors will be elected at each annual meeting of our stockholders, with the other classes continuing for the remainder of their respective three-year terms.

No Preemptive or Similar Rights

Our Common Stock is not entitled to preemptive rights and is not subject to conversion, redemption or sinking fund provisions.

Right to Receive Liquidation Distributions

Upon our liquidation, dissolution, or winding-up and after payment in full of all amounts required to be paid to creditors and to any holders of Preferred Stock having liquidation preferences, if any, the assets legally available for distribution to our stockholders would be distributable ratably among the holders of our Common Stock.

Preferred Stock

Our Board is authorized, subject to limitations prescribed by Delaware law, to issue Preferred Stock in one or more series, to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each series, and to fix the designation, vesting, powers (including voting powers), preferences, and relative, participating, optional or other rights of the shares of each series and any of its qualifications, limitations, or restrictions, in each case without further vote or action by our stockholders.

Our Board can also increase or decrease the number of shares of any series of Preferred Stock, but not below the number of shares of that series then outstanding or above the total number of authorized shares of the class, without any further vote or action by our stockholders. Our Board may, without stockholder approval, authorize the issuance of Preferred Stock with voting or other rights that could adversely affect the voting power or other rights of the holders of our Common Stock and could have anti-takeover effects. The issuance of Preferred Stock, while providing flexibility in connection with possible acquisitions and other corporate purposes, could, among other things, have the effect of delaying, deferring, or preventing a change in our control or the removal of existing management and might adversely affect the market price of our Common Stock.

Stock Options

As of December 31, 2023, we had outstanding stock options to purchase an aggregate of 1,515,386 shares of our Common Stock, with a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.61 per share under the Serve Robotics Inc. 2023 Equity Incentive Plan.

Warrants

As of December 31, 2023, we had outstanding warrants to purchase an aggregate of 1,090,272 shares of our Common Stock, with a weighted-average exercise price of \$2.67 per share.

Registration Rights Agreement

For a description of the Registration Rights Agreement that we entered into in connection with the Merger and the Private Placement, see "*Registration Rights Agreement*" under *Part III, Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence* of the Annual Report. All descriptions of the Registration Rights Agreement herein are qualified in their entirety by reference to the text thereof and incorporated herein by reference.

Anti-Takeover Provisions

The provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the "DGCL"), our Certificate of Incorporation, and our Bylaws following the Private Placement could have the effect of delaying, deferring, or discouraging another person from acquiring control of our Company by means of a tender offer, a proxy contest or otherwise, or to remove incumbent officers and directors. These provisions, which are summarized below, are expected to discourage certain types of coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and encourage persons seeking to acquire control of our Company to first negotiate with our Board. We believe that the benefits of increased protection of our potential ability to negotiate with an unfriendly or unsolicited acquirer outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging a proposal to acquire us because negotiation of these proposals could result in an improvement of their terms. However, these provisions may delay, deter or prevent a merger or acquisition of us that a stockholder might consider is in their best interest or in our best interests, including transactions that might result in a premium over the prevailing market price of our Common Stock.



Section 203 of the DGCL

We are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the DGCL regulating corporate takeovers. In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a three-year period following the time that this stockholder becomes an interested stockholder, unless the business combination is approved in a prescribed manner as summarized below. Under Section 203, a business combination between a corporation and an interested stockholder is prohibited unless it satisfies one of the following conditions:

- before the stockholder became interested, our Board approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder;
- upon consummation of the transaction which resulted in the stockholder becoming an interested stockholder, the interested stockholder owned at least 85% of the voting stock of the corporation outstanding at the time the transaction commenced, excluding for purposes of determining the voting stock outstanding shares owned by persons who are directors and also officers, and employee stock plans in some instances, but not the outstanding voting stock owned by the interested stockholder; or
- at or after the time the stockholder became interested, the business combination was approved by our Board and authorized at an annual or special meeting of the stockholders by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the outstanding voting stock which is not owned by the interested stockholder.

Section 203 defines a business combination to include:

- any merger or consolidation involving the corporation and the interested stockholder;
- any sale, transfer, lease, pledge, or other disposition involving the interested stockholder of 10% or more of the assets of the corporation;
- subject to exceptions, any transaction that results in the issuance of transfer by the corporation of any stock of the corporation to the interested stockholder;
- subject to exceptions, any transaction involving the corporation that has the effect of increasing the proportionate share of the stock of any class or series of the corporation beneficially owned by the interested stockholder; and
- the receipt by the interested stockholder of the benefit of any loans, advances, guarantees, pledges or other financial benefits provided by or through the corporation.
- In general, Section 203 defines an interested stockholder as any entity or person beneficially owning 15% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the corporation and any entity or person affiliated with or controlling or controlled by the entity or person.

Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions

Our Certificate of Incorporation and our Bylaws include a number of provisions that may have the effect of deterring hostile takeovers, or delaying or preventing changes in control of our management team or changes in our Board or our governance or policy, including the following:

• **Board Vacancies.** Our Bylaws and Certificate of Incorporation provide, subject to the special rights of the holders of any series of Preferred Stock to elect directors, that any vacancy on the Board may be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors then in office, even if less than a quorum, or by a sole remaining director, and not by the stockholders, unless (a) the Board determines by resolution that any such vacancies or newly created directorships shall be filled by the stockholders or (b) as otherwise provided by law. Any director chosen to fill a vacancy will hold office until the expiration of the term of the class for which he or she was elected and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified, or until his or her earlier death, resignation, disqualification or removal. In addition, the number of directors constituting the total number of authorized directors whether or not there exist any vacancies in previously authorized directorships (the "Whole Board") is permitted to be set only by a resolution adopted by a majority of the Whole Board. These provisions prevent a stockholder from increasing the size of our Board and gaining control of our Board by filling the resulting vacancies with its own nominees. This makes it more difficult to change the composition of the Board, but promotes continuity of management.

- Classified Board. Our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws provide that our Board is classified into three classes of directors. The existence of a classified Board could delay a successful tender offeror from obtaining majority control of our Board, and the prospect of that delay might deter a potential offeror. See the section titled "Classified Board of Directors" under Part III, Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance of the Annual Report for additional information.
- **Directors Removed Only for Cause.** Our Certificate of Incorporation provide that stockholders may remove directors only for cause and only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the voting power of the then-outstanding shares of our capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class.
- Supermajority Requirements for Amendments of Our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Amended and Restated Bylaws. Our Certificate of Incorporation further provide that the affirmative vote of holders of at least 66 2/3% of our capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, will be required to amend certain provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation, including provisions relating to the classified board, the size of the Board, removal of directors, special meetings, actions by written consent, and designation of our Preferred Stock. The affirmative vote of holders of at least 66 2/3% of our capital stock entitled to vote generally in the election of directors, voting together as a single class, required to amend or repeal our Bylaws, although our Bylaws may be amended by the approval of a majority of the Whole Board.
- Stockholder Action; Special Meetings of Stockholders. Our Certificate of Incorporation provide that our stockholders may not take action by written consent but may only take action at annual or special meetings of our stockholders. As a result, holders of our capital stock would not be able to amend our Bylaws or remove directors without holding a meeting of our stockholders called in accordance with our Bylaws. Our Certificate of Incorporation and our Bylaws provide that special meetings of our stockholders may be called only by the chairperson of the Board, our chief executive officer or the Board acting pursuant to a resolution adopted by a majority of the Whole Board, thus prohibiting a stockholders to take any action, including the removal of directors.
- Advance Notice Requirements for Stockholder Proposals and Director Nominations. Our Bylaws provide advance notice procedures for stockholders seeking to bring business before our annual meeting of stockholders or to nominate candidates for election as directors at our annual meeting of stockholders. Our Bylaws also specify certain requirements regarding the form and content of a stockholder's notice. These provisions may preclude our stockholders from bringing matters before our annual meeting of stockholders or from making nominations for directors at our annual meeting of stockholders. We expect that these provisions might also discourage or deter a potential acquirer from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect the acquirer's own slate of directors or otherwise attempting to obtain control of our Company.
- No Cumulative Voting. The DGCL provides that stockholders are not entitled to the right to cumulate votes in the election of directors unless a corporation's certificate of incorporation provides otherwise. Our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws do not provide for cumulative voting.
- Issuance of Undesignated Preferred Stock. Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that our Board has the authority, without further action by the stockholders, to issue up to 10,000,000 shares of undesignated Preferred Stock with rights and preferences, including voting rights, designated from time to time by our Board. The existence of authorized but unissued shares of Preferred Stock enables our Board to render more difficult or to discourage an attempt to obtain control of us by means of a merger, tender offer, proxy contest, or otherwise.

Choice of Forum. Our Certificate of Incorporation provides that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum and to the fullest extent permitted by law, that the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware (or, if and only if the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware lacks subject matter jurisdiction, any state court located within the State of Delaware or, if and only if all such state courts lack subject matter jurisdiction, the federal district court for the District of Delaware) and any appellate court therefrom, will be the sole and exclusive forum for: (a) any derivative action, suit or proceeding brought on behalf of us; (b) any action, suit or proceeding asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any current or former director, officer, employee, or agent of ours; (c) any action, suit or proceeding asserting a claim against us or any current or former director, officer or employee of ours arising out of or pursuant to, or seeking to enforce any right, obligation or remedy under, or to interpret, apply, or determine the validity of, any provision of the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware; or (e) any action, suit or proceeding asserting a claim against us or any current or former director, officer or employee asserting a claim against us or any current or former director, in all cases subject to the court's having personal jurisdiction over the indispensable parties named as defendants. However, such forum selection provisions will not apply to actions, suit or proceedings brought to enforce any liability of duty created by the Exchange Act or any other claim for which the federal courts of the United States have exclusive jurisdiction. The Certificate of Incorporation also provides that, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the federal district courts of the United States of America will be the exclusive forum for the resolution of any complaint asserting a cause of action arising under

Section 22 of the Securities Act creates concurrent jurisdiction for federal and state courts over all claims brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Securities Act or the rules and regulations thereunder. Accordingly, both state and federal courts have jurisdiction to entertain such claims. As noted above, the Certificate of Incorporation provides that the federal district courts of the United States will have exclusive jurisdiction over any action asserting a cause of action arising under the Securities Act. Accordingly, there is uncertainty as to whether a court would enforce such provision. Our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

Section 27 of the Exchange Act creates exclusive federal jurisdiction over all claims brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Exchange Act or the rules and regulations thereunder. As noted above, the Certificate of Incorporation provides that the choice of forum provision does not apply to suits brought to enforce any duty or liability created by the Exchange Act. Accordingly, actions by our stockholders to enforce any duty or liability created by the Exchange Act or the rules and regulations thereunder must be brought in federal court. Our stockholders will not be deemed to have waived our compliance with the federal securities laws and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

Any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring or holding any interest in shares of our capital stock shall be deemed to have notice of and consented to the forum selection provisions in the Certificate of Incorporation.

The choice of forum provisions may limit a stockholder's ability to bring a claim in a judicial forum that it finds favorable for disputes with us or our directors, officers, or other employees, which may discourage such lawsuits against us and our directors, officers, and other employees. Alternatively, if a court were to find the choice of forum provisions contained in the Certificate of Incorporation to be inapplicable or unenforceable in an action, we may incur additional costs associated with resolving such action in other jurisdictions, which could harm our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Limitation on Liability and Indemnification of Directors and Officers

The Bylaws provide that our directors and officers will be indemnified and advanced expenses by us to the fullest extent authorized or permitted by the DGCL as it now exists or may in the future be amended. In addition, the Certificate of Incorporation provides that our directors and officers will not be personally liable to us or our stockholders for monetary damages for breaches of their fiduciary duty as directors or officers to the fullest extent permitted by the DGCL as it now exists or may in the future be amended.

The Bylaws also permit us to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any officer, director, employee or agent of ours for any liability arising out of his or her status as such, regardless of whether the DGCL would permit indemnification.

These provisions may discourage stockholders from bringing a lawsuit against our directors for breach of their fiduciary duty. These provisions also may have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against our directors and officers, even though such an action, if successful, might otherwise benefit us and our stockholders. Furthermore, a stockholder's investment may be adversely affected to the extent we pay the costs of settlement and damage awards against our directors and officers pursuant to these indemnification provisions.

Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act may be permitted to our directors, officers and controlling persons pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, in the opinion of the SEC, such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable.

Transfer Agent and Registrar

The transfer agent and registrar for our Common Stock is VStock Transfer, LLC. The transfer agent's address is 18 Lafayette Place, Woodmere, NY 11598, and its telephone number is (212) 828-8436.



LEASE SCHEDULE NO. 001R "This Lease Schedule No. 001R replaces Lease Schedule No. 001."

This Lease Schedule is issued pursuant to the Lease Agreement Number SE060622 dated June 6, 2022. The terms of the Lease Agreement and serial numbers contained on Certificate of Acceptance Numbers SE060622-001-001 thru SE060622-001-005 are a part hereof and are incorporated by reference herein.

LESSEE

Serve Robotics Inc.

Same as above

730 Broadway Street

Redwood City, CA 94063

LOCATION OF EQUIPMENT

LESSOR

Farnam Street Financial, Inc. 5850 Opus Parkway, Suite 240 Minnetonka, MN 55343

SUPPLIER OF EQUIPMENT

MANUFACTURER QTY

Various

Initial Term of Lease from Commencement Date: 24 Months Monthly Lease Charge: \$189,262.00 Delivery and Installation: July 2022 – October 2022 Commencement Date: November 1, 2022

Security Deposit: \$378,524.00. Provided that there has been no event of default and Lessee has returned all of the Equipment under this Lease Schedule per the terms of the Lease Agreement, this security deposit will be returned to Lessee.

EQUIPMENT

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION (including features)

See Attachment A

The total Equipment cost on this Lease Schedule is \$4,455,800.86. Interim rent billed prior to the Commencement date shall not reduce or offset Lessee's post-Commencement Monthly Lease Charge obligations hereunder.

Every Term is Agreed to and Accepted: FARNAM STREET FINANCIAL, INC. "LESSOR"

By:/s/ Steve MorganPrint Name:Steve MorganTitle:PresidentDate:Dec 3, 2022

MACHINE/MODEL

Every Term is Agreed to and Accepted: SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

"LESSEE"

By:/s/ Touraj ParangPrint Name:Touraj ParangTitle:President & COODate:Dec 2, 2022

Lease Agreement Number: SE060622

001R

Lease Schedule Number:

ATTACHMENT A

MANUFACTURER	QTY	MACHINE/MODEL	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION (incl. features)	
Various	1	Aurora-0204	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0204) Aurora-	
Various	1		0204: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Austin-0205	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0205) Austin-	
	-		0205: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Bodie-0207	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0207) Bodie-	
			0207: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Bryce-0208	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0208) Bryce-	
			0208: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Camila-0209	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0209) Camila-	
, allo do	-		0209: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Jabilay-0210	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0210) Jabilay-	
, allo do	-		0210: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Chase-0211	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0211) Chase-	
various	1	Chuse 0211	0211: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Cyrus-0213	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0213) Cyrus-	
Various	1	0215	0213: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Damien-0214	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0214) Damien-	
Various	1	Dunien 0211	0214: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Edna-0215	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0215) Edna-0215: Fully	
Various	1	Dunu 0215	allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Esther-0217	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0217) Esther-	
Various	1		0217: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Farah-0218	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0218) Farah-	
Various	1	1 ului 0210	0218: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Felicia-0219	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0219) Felicia-	
Various	1	Teneta 0219	0219: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Finnegan-0220	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0220) Finnegan-	
Various	1	Timegun 0220	0220: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Francisco-0221	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0221) Francisco-	
various	1	110101000 0221	0221: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Forrest-0222	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0222) Forrest-	
various	1	1011050 0222	0222: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Haiden-0223	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0223) Haiden-	
various	1	Hulden 0225	0223: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Isaiah-0226	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0226) Isaiah-	
various	1	1541411 0220	0226: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Jackson-0227	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0227) Jackson-	
. 411040		vacaboli 0227	0227: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Juliet-0228	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0228) Juliet-0228: Fully	
, un oub	1	Junet 0220	allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
Various	1	Jordan-0229	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0229) Jordan-	
vurious	1	301dan-0227	0229: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30	
			522 , 1 any uncould robot construction cost of ϕ $05,057.50$	

MANUFACTURER	QTY	MACHINE/MODEL	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION (incl. features)
Various	1	Juan-0230	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0230) Juan-0230: Fully
			allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Jules-0231	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0231) Jules-0231: Fully
			allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Lance-0236	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0236) Lance-
			0236: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Leon-0237	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0237) Leon-0237: Fully
			allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Lakshmi-0240	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0240) Lakshmi-
			0240: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Mabel-0242	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0242) Mabel-
			0242: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Marcus-0243	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0243) Marcus-
			0243: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Marion-0244	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0244) Marion-
			0244: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Maximus-0246	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0246) Maximus-
			0246: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Meena-0248	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0248) Meena-
			0248: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Molly-0249	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0249) Molly-
			0249: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Nikita-0250	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0250) Nikita-
			0250: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Noelle-0251	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0251) Noelle-
			0251: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Nolan-0252	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0252) Nolan-
			0252: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Nyla-0253	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0253) Nyla-0253: Fully
			allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Oscar-0255	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0255) Oscar-
			0255: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Padma-0256	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0256) Padma-
			0256: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Paige-0257	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0257) Paige-0257: Fully
			allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Parker-0258	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0258) Parker-
·		D	0258: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Remi-0262	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0262) Remi-0262: Fully
·		D: 00 (0	allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Rio-0263	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0263) Rio-0263: Fully
T 7			allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Shelby-0265	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0265) Shelby-
			0265: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30

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Various1Simone-0268Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0268) Simone-10268Various1Sunita-0269Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0269) Sunita-1026Various1Sydney-0270Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0270) Sydney-0270Various1Anina-0201Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0200 Azizi-0202: Fully allocated robe construction cost of \$53, 564, 30Various1Azizi-0202Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0200 Azizi-0202: Fully allocated robe construction cost of \$53, 564, 30Various1Azizi-0202Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0200 Azizi-0202: Fully allocated robe construction cost of \$53, 564, 30Various1Blace-0206Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0200 Azizi-0202: Fully allocated robe construction cost of \$53, 564, 30Various1Blace-0206Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0201 Azizi-0202: Fully allocated robe construction cost of \$53, 564, 30Various1Blace-0206Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0224) Hug-0224: Fully allocated robe construction cost of \$53, 564, 30Various1Indy-0225Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0223) Indy-0225: Fully allocated robe construction cost of \$53, 564, 30Various1Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0223) Justen-0226Various1Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1) sl.6fb.0223) Justen-0226Various1Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (vs. 1)	Various	1	Sloane-0266	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0266) Sloane-	
0268. Fully allocated robot construction cost of 563, 654.30Various1Sydney-0270Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0220) Sydney-0270. Fully allocated robot construction cost of 563, 654.30Various1Alim-0201Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0220) Sydney-0270. Fully allocated robot construction cost of 563, 654.30Various1Azizi-0202Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0202) Azizi-0202. Fully allocated robot construction cost of 563, 654.30Various1Azizi-0202Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0202) Azizi-0202. Fully allocated robot construction cost of 563, 654.30Various1Amen-0203Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0203) Amen-0203. Fully allocated robot construction cost of 563, 654.30Various1Ellen-0216Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0204) Blace-0206. Fully allocated robot construction cost of 563, 654.30Various1Heuy-0224Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0224) Heuy-0224. Fully allocated robot construction cost of 563, 654.30Various1Idu/v025Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0223) Kasem-0232Various1Idu/v026Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0223) Kasem-0232Various1Idu/v027Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0223) Kasem-0232Various1Idu/v026Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0223) Kasem-0232Various1Idu/v027Serve Robots Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sm. S1-664, 0233) Kasem-0232					
VariusISumia-0269Serve Robotics. Autoneous Sidewalk Robot (etc): S1-6fa-0269 (sumia- 0269 F. Euly allocated robot construction cost of S63.654-30Varius1Atina-0201Serve Robotics Autoneous Sidewalk Robot (etc): S1-6fa-0201 (str.): S1-6f	Various	1	Simone-0268		
Using bit with the set of th					
Various1Sydney-0270Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0270 Sydney- 0270 - Fully allocated robot construction cost of S63 563-30Various1Afim-0201Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0201 Azizi-0202. Fully allocated robot construction cost of S63, 564-30Various1Azizi-0202Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0201 Azizi-0202. Azizi-0202. Fully allocated robot construction cost of S63, 564-30Various1Armen-0203Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0203 Azizi-0202. Fully allocated robot construction cost of S63, 564-30Various1Blake-0206Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0209 Blake-O206Various1Ellen-0216Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0229 Blake-O206Various1Indy-0225Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0229 Huey-0224: Fully allocated robot construction cost of S63, 564-30Various1Indy-0225Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0229 Huey-0224: Fully allocated robot construction cost of S63, 564-30Various1Indy-0225Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0231 Kagem-0232Various1Khuli-0234Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0231 Kagem-0232Various1Levi-0238Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0231 Kagem-0230Various1Khuli-024Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0231 Kagem-0230Various1Levi-0238Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sr): S1-6fa-0	Various	1	Sunita-0269		
Unique1Alian-201Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-020) Alian-0201: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30Various1Azizi-0202Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0202) Azizi-0202: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30Various1Blake-0206Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0203) Armen-0203: Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30Various1Blake-0206Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0206) Blake-0206; Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30Various1Filen-0216Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0216) Filen-0216; Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30Various1Huey-0224Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0216) Filen-0216; Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30Various1Indy-0225Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-022) Huey-0224; Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30Various1Indy-0225Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-022) Kasem-0232 (MCU I/O)Various1Kasem-0232 (MCU I/O)Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0232) Kasem-0232 (MCU I/O)Various1Levi-0238Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0232) Kasem-0232 (MCU I/O)Various1Levi-0238Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0232) Kasem-0232 (MCU I/O)Various1Levi-0238Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (sir: S1-6fa-0233) Kasem-0232 (MCU I/O)V	Variana	1	Seeda 0270		
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No. SE060622-001-001 thru SE060622-001-004		1		Less Cost Application of previously paid amounts under Certificates of Acceptance	
				No. SE060622-001-001 thru SE060622-001-004	

Agreed to and Accepted:

FARNAM STREET FINANCIAL, INC. "LESSOR"

By:	/s/ Steve Morgan	By:
Print Name:	Steve Morgan	Print N
Title:	President	Title:
Date:	Dec 3, 2022	Date:

Agreed to and Accepted:

SERVE ROBOTICS INC. "LESSEE"

By:	/s/ Touraj Parang
Print Name:	Touraj Parang
fitle:	President & COO
Date:	Dec 2, 2022

LEASE SCHEDULE NO. 002

This Lease Schedule is issued pursuant to the Lease Agreement Number SE060622 dated June 6, 2022. The terms of the Lease Agreement and serial numbers contained on Certificate of Acceptance Numbers SE060622-001-001 thru SE060622-001-005 are a part hereof and are incorporated by reference herein.

LESSOR: Farnam Street Financial, Inc., 5850 Opus Parkway, Suite 240, Minnetonka, MN 55343

LESSEE: Serve Robotics Inc., 730 Broadway Street, Redwood City, CA 94063

Supplier of Equipment: Various

Location of Equipment: Same as above

Initial Term of Lease from Commencement Date: 15 Months

Monthly Lease Charge: Months 1 thru 3: \$26,200.00; Months 4 and thereafter: \$189,262.00

Delivery and Installation: Currently Installed under Lease Schedule No. 001R and transferring to this Lease Schedule on January 1, 2024 **Commencement Date**: January 1, 2024

EQUIPMENT

MANUFACTURER QTY MACHINE/MODEL

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION (including features)

See Attachment A

Provided that (i) this Lease Schedule No. 002 is executed by Lessee and returned to Lessor no later than December 31, 2023 and (ii) Lessee has paid all of the Monthly Lease Charges under Lease Schedule No. 001R through November 30, 2023, then Lease Schedule No. 001R will terminate effective December 31, 2023 and all Equipment Installed there under shall transfer to this Lease Schedule and be deemed Installed and Accepted hereunder, as those terms are defined in the Lease Agreement, effective January 1, 2024. The original cost of all the Equipment transferring from Lease Schedule No. 001R to this Lease Schedule is \$4,455,800.86, and that amount shall be the amount installed hereunder. All monies paid under Lease Schedule No. 001R, including any security deposits, through and including November 30, 2023, shall be retained as income by Lessor and shall not offset any amounts due hereunder.

NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO THE CONTRARY IN THE LEASE AGREEMENT, at the expiration of the Initial Term of the Lease, Lessee shall exercise one of the following options:

1. purchase all but not less than all of the Equipment on the last day of the Initial Term for forty-five (45) percent of the original Equipment cost (plus applicable taxes) provided that the following conditions have been met: (a) Lessee gives Lessor written notice at least 120 days but not more than 180 days before the expiration of the Initial Term of the Lease of Lessee's election to purchase the Equipment hereunder and (b) Lessee pays the purchase price (plus applicable taxes) on or before the expiration of the Initial Term of the Lease.

2. if Lessee for any reason does not purchase the Equipment pursuant to and in accordance with the option granted in section 1 above, then this Lease Schedule shall renew for a renewal period of 12 months (the "Renewal Term") beginning at the expiration date of the Initial Term of this Lease Schedule at a Monthly Lease Charge of one-hundred (100) percent of the Initial Term Monthly Lease Charge. Additionally, Lessee shall have the option to purchase the Equipment at the end of the Renewal Term for twenty (20) percent of the original Equipment cost (all costs included) plus applicable taxes by delivering written notice to Lessor of this election to exercise this end of Renewal Term option not less than one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to the last day of the Renewal Term. If the option to purchase at the end of the Renewal Term is not exercised or Lessor does not receive the amount due under the purchase by the last date of the Renewal Term, then the Lease Schedule shall continue according to the Lease Agreement.

Agreed to and Accepted: FARNAM STREET FINANCIAL, INC. "LESSOR"

Agreed to and Accepted: SERVE ROBOTICS INC. "LESSEE"

By:	/s/ Steve Morgan
Print Name:	Steve Morgan
Title:	President
Date:	Dec 28, 2023

By:	/s/ Touraj Parang
Print Name:	Touraj Parang
Title:	President
Date:	Dec 28, 2023

Lease Agreement Number: SE060622 Lease Schedule Number: 002

ATTACHMENT A

MANUFACTURER	QTY	MACHINE/MODEL	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION (incl. features)
Various	1	Aurora-0204	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0204) Aurora-0204:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Austin-0205	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0205) Austin-0205:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Bodie-0207	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0207) Bodie-0207:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Bryce-0208	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0208) Bryce-0208:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Camila-0209	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0209) Camila-0209:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Jabilay-0210	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0210) Jabilay-0210:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Chase-0211	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0211) Chase-0211:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Cyrus-0213	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0213) Cyrus-0213:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Damien-0214	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0214) Damien-0214:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Edna-0215	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0215) Edna-0215:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Esther-0217	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0217) Esther-0217:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Farah-0218	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0218) Farah-0218:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Felicia-0219	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0219) Felicia-0219:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Finnegan-0220	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0220) Finnegan-0220:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Francisco-0221	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0221) Francisco-0221:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Forrest-0222	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0222) Forrest-0222:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Haiden-0223	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0223) Haiden-0223:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30

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Lease Agreement Number: SE060622 Lease Schedule Number: 002

MANUFACTURER	QTY	MACHINE/MODEL	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION (incl. features)
Various	1	Isaiah-0226	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0226) Isaiah-0226:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Jackson-0227	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0227) Jackson-0227:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Juliet-0228	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0228) Juliet-0228:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Jordan-0229	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0229) Jordan-0229:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Juan-0230	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0230) Juan-0230:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Jules-0231	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0231) Jules-0231:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Lance-0236	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0236) Lance-0236:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Leon-0237	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0237) Leon-0237:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Lakshmi-0240	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0240) Lakshmi-0240:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Mabel-0242	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0242) Mabel-0242:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Marcus-0243	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0243) Marcus-0243:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Marion-0244	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0244) Marion-0244:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Maximus-0246	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0246) Maximus-0246:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Meena-0248	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0248) Meena-0248:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Molly-0249	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0249) Molly-0249:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Nikita-0250	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0250) Nikita-0250:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Noelle-0251	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0251) Noelle-0251:
X 7. '	1	N 1 0252	Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Nolan-0252	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0252) Nolan-0252:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30

MANUFACTURER	QTY	MACHINE/MODEL	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION (incl. features)
Various	1	Nyla-0253	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0253) Nyla-0253:
		-	Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Oscar-0255	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0255) Oscar-0255:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Padma-0256	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0256) Padma-0256:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Paige-0257	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0257) Paige-0257:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Parker-0258	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0258) Parker-0258:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Remi-0262	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0262) Remi-0262:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Rio-0263	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0263) Rio-0263:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Shelby-0265	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0265) Shelby-0265:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Sloane-0266	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0266) Sloane-0266:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Simone-0268	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0268) Simone-0268:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Sunita-0269	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0269) Sunita-0269:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Sydney-0270	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0270) Sydney-0270:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Alina-0201	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0201) Alina-0201:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Azizi-0202	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0202) Azizi-0202:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Armen-0203	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0203) Armen-0203:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Blake-0206	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0206) Blake-0206:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Ellen-0216	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0216) Ellen-0216:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Huey-0224	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0224) Huey-0224:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30

MANUFACTURER	QTY	MACHINE/MODEL	EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION (incl. features)
Various	1	Indy-0225	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0225) Indy-0225:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Kasem-0232	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0232) Kasem-0232 (MCU I/O):
		(MCUI/O)	Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Khalif-0234	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0234) Khalif-0234:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Levi-0238	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0238) Levi-0238:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Otto-0254	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0254) Otto-0254:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Preston-0260	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0260) Preston-0260 (MCU
		(MCUI/O)	I/O): Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Kylie-0235	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0235) Kylie-0235:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Liana-0239	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0239) Liana-0239:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Milo-0247	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0247) Milo-0247:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Percy-0259	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0259) Percy-0259:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Silas-0267	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0267) Silas-0267:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Crystal-0212	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0212) Crystal-0212:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Kenji-0233	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0233) Kenji-0233:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Lacey-0241	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0241) Lacey-0241:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Marty-0245	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0245) Marty-0245:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Rakeem-0261	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0261) Rakeem-0261:
			Fullly allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
Various	1	Sergio-0264	Serve Robotics Autonomous Sidewalk Robot (s/n: S1-6fa-0264) Sergio-0264:
			Fully allocated robot construction cost of \$63,654.30
	1		Less Cost Application of previously paid amounts under Certificates of Acceptance
			No. SE060622-001-001 thru SE060622-001-004

Agreed to and Accepted: FARNAM STREET FINANCIAL, INC. "LESSOR"

By:	/s/ Steve Morgan
Print Name:	Steve Morgan
Title:	President
Date:	Dec 28, 2023

Agreed to and Accepted: SERVE ROBOTICS INC. "LESSEE"

By:	/s/ Touraj Parang
Print Name:	Touraj Parang
Title:	President
Date:	Dec 28, 2023

FOURTH AMENDMENT TO LOAN AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

This Fourth Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement (this "Amendment") is entered into as of January 3, 2024, by and among Silicon Valley Bank, a division of First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company ("Bank"), Serve Robotics Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Serve Operating Co., a Delaware corporation (individually and collectively, jointly and severally, "Borrower").

RECITALS

A. Bank and Borrower have entered into that certain Loan and Security Agreement dated as of March 1, 2022, (as the same has been and may from time to time be further amended, modified, supplemented or restated, the "Loan Agreement").

B. Bank has extended credit to Borrower for the purposes permitted in the Loan Agreement.

C. Borrower has requested that Bank amend the Loan Agreement to allow for certain Liens on the Collateral securing Subordinated Debt.

D. Bank has agreed to so amend certain provisions of the Loan Agreement, but only to the extent, in accordance with the terms, subject to the conditions and in reliance upon the representations and warranties set forth below.

AGREEMENT

Now, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing recitals and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and adequacy of which is hereby acknowledged, and intending to be legally bound, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Definitions. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Amendment shall have the meanings given to them in the Loan Agreement.

2. Amendment to Loan Agreement.

2.1 Section 12.2 (Definitions). Clause (o) of the definition of "Permitted Liens" in Section 12.2 is amended in its entirety and replaced with the following:

(o) Liens securing Subordinated Debt pursuant to (i) that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of June 28, 2023, issued by Borrower to Ali Kashani, (ii) that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of July 6, 2023, issued by Borrower to Russell and Lindsay Revocable Trust u/d/t 11/19/2018, (iii) that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of July 6, 2023, issued by Borrower to Tribridge Limited, (iv) that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of July 6, 2023, issued by Borrower to Tribridge Limited, (iv) that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of July 6, 2023, issued by Borrower to Carissa Boudreau, in each case, so long as such Liens extend only to the Collateral, and (vi) that certain Secured Promissory Note dated as of December 26, 2023, issued by Borrower to Ali Kashani.

3. Limitation of Amendment.

3.1 The amendment set forth in Section 2 above is effective for the purposes set forth herein and shall be limited precisely as written and shall not be deemed to (a) be a consent to any amendment, waiver or modification of any other term or condition of any Loan Document, or (b) otherwise prejudice any right or remedy which Bank may now have or may have in the future under or in connection with any Loan Document.

3.2 This Amendment shall be construed in connection with and as part of the Loan Documents and all terms, conditions, representations, warranties, covenants and agreements set forth in the Loan Documents, except as herein amended, are hereby ratified and confirmed and shall remain in full force and effect.

4. Representations and Warranties. To induce Bank to enter into this Amendment, Borrower hereby represents and warrants to Bank as follows:

4.1 Immediately after giving effect to this Amendment (a) the representations and warranties contained in the Loan Documents are true, accurate and complete in all material respects as of the date hereof (except to the extent such representations and warranties relate to an earlier date, in which case they are true and correct as of such date), and (b) no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing;

4.2 Borrower has the power and authority to execute and deliver this Amendment and to perform its obligations under the Loan Agreement, as amended by this Amendment;

4.3 The organizational documents of Borrower most recently delivered to Bank remain true, accurate and complete and have not been amended, supplemented or restated and are and continue to be in full force and effect;

4.4 The execution and delivery by Borrower of this Amendment and the performance by Borrower of its obligations under the Loan Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, have been duly authorized;

4.5 The execution and delivery by Borrower of this Amendment and the performance by Borrower of its obligations under the Loan Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, do not and will not contravene (a) any law or regulation binding on or affecting Borrower, (b) any contractual restriction with a Person binding on Borrower, (c) any order, judgment or decree of any court or other governmental or public body or authority, or subdivision thereof, binding on Borrower, or (d) the organizational documents of Borrower;

4.6 The execution and delivery by Borrower of this Amendment and the performance by Borrower of its obligations under the Loan Agreement, as amended by this Amendment, do not require any order, consent, approval, license, authorization or validation of, or filing, recording or registration with, or exemption by any governmental or public body or authority, or subdivision thereof, binding on Borrower, except as already has been obtained or made; and

4.7 This Amendment has been duly executed and delivered by Borrower and is the binding obligation of Borrower, enforceable against Borrower in accordance with its terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, liquidation, moratorium or other similar laws of general application and equitable principles relating to or affecting creditors' rights.

5. Prior Agreement. Except as expressly provided for in this Amendment, the Loan Documents are hereby ratified and reaffirmed and shall remain in full force and effect. This Amendment is not a novation and the terms and conditions of this Amendment shall be in addition to and supplemental to all terms and conditions set forth in the Loan Documents. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between this Amendment and the terms of such documents, the terms of this Amendment shall be controlling, but such document shall not otherwise be affected or the rights therein impaired.

6. Ratification of Intellectual Property Security Agreement. Borrower hereby ratifies, confirms and reaffirms, all and singular, the terms and conditions of a certain Intellectual Property Security Agreement dated as of April 21, 2023, between Borrower and Bank, and acknowledges, confirms and agrees that said Intellectual Property Security Agreement (a) contains an accurate and complete listing of all Intellectual Property Collateral (as defined therein) and (b) shall remain in full force and effect.

7. Ratification of Perfection Certificates. Borrower hereby ratifies, confirms and reaffirms, all and singular, the terms and disclosures contained in those certain Perfection Certificates dated as of September 19, 2023, and acknowledges, confirms and agrees that the disclosures and information Borrower provided to Bank in such Perfection Certificates have not changed (other than as set forth in written notices to Bank), as of the date hereof.

8. Integration. This Amendment and the Loan Documents represent the entire agreement about this subject matter and supersede prior negotiations or agreements. All prior agreements, understandings, representations, warranties, and negotiations between the parties about the subject matter of this Amendment and the Loan Documents merge into this Amendment and the Loan Documents.

9. Counterparts. This Amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts and all of such counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument.

10. Electronic Execution of Documents. Each party hereto may execute this Amendment by electronic means and recognizes and accepts the use of electronic signatures and records by any other party hereto in connection with the execution and storage hereof.

11. Effectiveness. This Amendment shall be deemed effective upon the due execution and delivery to Bank of this Amendment by each party hereto.

12. Covenant to Deliver. Borrower shall deliver to Bank, on or prior to the date hereof, each of the following in form and substance satisfactory to Bank: a subordination agreement in form and substance satisfactory to Bank, duly executed by Borrower and each creditor thereunder, together with copies of the fully executed documents evidencing the Subordinated Debt held by such creditors and any Liens securing the same. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in any other Loan Document, any failure by Borrower to comply with this Section 12 shall result in an immediate Event of Default and shall not be subject to any cure period, including without limitation, any cure period set forth in Section 7.2(b) of the Loan Agreement.

13. Governing Law. This Amendment and the rights and obligations of the parties hereto shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California.

[Signature page follows.]

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be duly executed and delivered as of the date first written above.

BANK

First-Citizens Bank & Trust Company

By: /s/ Bellet Eliasnia

Name:Bellet EliasniaTitle:Managing Director – Advisory Services

BORROWER

Serve Robotics Inc.

By: /s/ Ali Kashani Name: Ali Kashani Title: Chief Executive Officer

Serve Operating Co.

By: /s/ Ali Kashani

Name: Ali Kashani Title: Chief Executive Officer

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SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

1. <u>Purposes of the Plan</u>. The purposes of this Plan are (a) to attract and retain the best available personnel to ensure the Company's success and accomplish the Company's goals; (b) to incentivize Employees, Directors and Independent Contractors with long-term equity-based compensation to align their interests with the Company's stockholders, and (c) to promote the success of the Company's business.

The Plan permits the grant of Incentive Stock Options, Nonstatutory Stock Options, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Stock Appreciation Rights and Stock Bonus Awards.

2. Definitions. As used herein, the following definitions will apply:

(a) "Administrator" means the Board or any of its Committees as will be administering the Plan, in accordance with Section 4 of the Plan.

(b) "*Affiliate*" means a Parent, a Subsidiary or any corporation or other entity that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Company.

(c) "*Applicable Laws*" means all applicable laws, rules, regulations and requirements, including, but not limited to, all applicable U.S. federal or state laws, rules and regulations, the rules and regulations of any stock exchange or quotation system on which the Common Stock is listed or quoted, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations of any other country or jurisdiction where Awards are, or will be, granted under the Plan or Participants reside or provide services to the Company or any Parent or Affiliate, as such laws, rules, and regulations shall be in effect from time to time.

(d) "Award" means, individually or collectively, a grant under the Plan of Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units or Stock Bonus Awards.

(e) "*Award Agreement*" means the written or electronic agreement setting forth the terms and provisions applicable to each Award granted under the Plan. The Award Agreement is subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan.

(f) "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

(g) "Cause" means, with respect to the termination of a Participant's status as a Service Provider, except as otherwise defined in an Award Agreement, (i) in the case where there is no employment agreement, consulting agreement, change in control agreement or similar agreement in effect between the Company or an Affiliate of the Company and the Participant at the time of the grant of the Award (or where there is such an agreement but it does not define "cause" (or words of like import) or where it only applies upon the occurrence of a change in control and one has not yet taken place): (A) any material breach by Participant of any material written agreement between Participant and the Company; (B) any failure by Participant to comply with the Company's material written policies or rules as they may be in effect from time to time; (C) neglect or persistent unsatisfactory performance of Participant's duties; (D) Participant's repeated failure to follow reasonable and lawful instructions from the Board or Chief Executive Officer; (E) Participant's indictment for, conviction of, or plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, any felony or crime that results in, or is reasonably expected to result in, a material adverse effect on the business or reputation of the Company; (F) Participant's commission of or participation in an act of fraud against the Company; (G) Participant's intentional damage to the Company's business, property or reputation; or (H) Participant's unauthorized use or disclosure of any proprietary information or trade secrets of the Company or any other party to whom the Participant owes an obligation of nondisclosure as a result of his or her relationship with the Company; or (ii) in the case where there is an employment agreement, consulting agreement, change in control agreement or similar agreement in effect between the Company or an Affiliate and the Participant at the time of the grant of the Award that defines "cause" (or words of like import), "cause" as defined under such agreement; provided, however, that with regard to any agreement under which the definition of "cause" only applies on occurrence of a change in control, such definition of "cause" shall not apply until a change in control actually takes place and then only with regard to a termination thereafter. For purposes of clarity, a termination without "Cause" does not include any termination that occurs solely as a result of Participant's death or Disability. The determination as to whether a Participant's status as a Service Provider for purposes of the Plan has been terminated for Cause shall be made in good faith by the Company and shall be final and binding on the Participant. The foregoing definition does not in any way limit the Company's ability (or that of any Affiliate or any successor thereto, as appropriate) to terminate a Participant's employment or consulting relationship at any time, subject to Applicable Laws.

(h) "Change in Control" except as may otherwise be provided in an Award Agreement or other applicable agreement, means the occurrence of any of the following:

(i) The consummation of a merger or consolidation of the Company with or into another entity or any other corporate reorganization, if the Company's stockholders immediately prior to such merger, consolidation or reorganization cease to directly or indirectly own immediately after such merger, consolidation or reorganization at least a majority of the combined voting power of the continuing or surviving entity's securities outstanding immediately after such merger, consolidation or reorganization;

(ii) The consummation of the sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all of the Company's assets (other than (x) to a corporation or other entity of which at least a majority of its combined voting power is owned directly or indirectly by the Company, (y) to a corporation or other entity owned directly or indirectly by the shareholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of the Common Stock of the Company or (z) to a continuing or surviving entity described in Section 2(h)(i) in connection with a merger, consolidation or reorganization which does not result in a Change in Control under Section 2(h)(i);

(iii) A change in the effective control of the Company which occurs on the date that a majority of members of the Board is replaced during any twelve (12) month period by Directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of the Board prior to the date of the appointment or election; or

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(iv) The consummation of any transaction as a result of which any Person becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company representing at least fifty percent (50%) of the total voting power represented by the Company's then outstanding voting securities. For purposes of this Section 2(h), the term "Person" shall have the same meaning as when used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act but shall exclude:

(1) a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or an Affiliate;

(2) a corporation or other entity owned directly or indirectly by the stockholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of the Common Stock of the Company;

(3) the Company; and

(4) a corporation or other entity of which at least a majority of its combined voting power is owned directly or indirectly

by the Company.

A transaction shall not constitute a Change in Control if its sole purpose is to change the state of the Company's incorporation or to create a holding company that will be owned in substantially the same proportions by the persons who held the Company's securities immediately before such transactions. In addition, if any Person (as defined above) is considered to be in effective control of the Company, the acquisition of additional control of the Company by the same Person will not be considered to cause a Change in Control. If required for compliance with Section 409A of the Code, in no event will a Change in Control be deemed to have occurred if such transaction is not also a "change in the ownership or effective control of" the Company or "a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of" the Company as determined under Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(i)(5) (without regard to any alternative definition thereunder).

(i) "*Code*" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Reference to a specific section of the Code or regulation thereunder shall include such section or regulation, any valid regulation promulgated under such section, and any comparable provision of any future legislation or regulation amending, supplementing or superseding such section or regulation.

(j) "Committee" means a committee of Directors or of other individuals satisfying Applicable Laws appointed by the Board in accordance with Section 4 hereof.

(k) "Common Stock" means the common stock of the Company.

(1) "Company" means Serve Robotics Inc., a Delaware corporation, or any successor thereto.

(m) "*Determination Date*" means any time when the achievement of the Performance Goals associated with the applicable Performance Period remains substantially uncertain; provided, however, that without limiting the foregoing, that if the Determination Date occurs on or before the date on which 25% of the Performance Period has elapsed, the achievement of such Performance Goals shall be deemed to be substantially uncertain.

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(n) "Director" means a member of the Board.

(o) "*Disability*" means total and permanent disability as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code in the case of Incentive Stock Options, and for all other Awards, means as determined by the Social Security Administration or the long-term disability plan maintained by the Company; provided however, that if the Participant resides outside of the United States, "*Disability*" shall have such meaning as is required by Applicable Laws.

(p) "Effective Date" means July 31, 2023.

(q) "*Employee*" means any person, including Officers and Directors, employed by the Company or any Affiliate of the Company. Neither service as a Director nor payment of a director's fee by the Company will be sufficient to constitute "employment" by the Company.

(r) "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(s) "*Exchange Program*" means a program under which outstanding Awards are amended to provide for a lower exercise price or surrendered or cancelled in exchange for (i) Awards with a lower exercise price, (ii) a different type of Award or awards under a different equity incentive plan, (iii) cash, or (iv) a combination of (i), (ii) and/or (iii). Notwithstanding the preceding, the term Exchange Program does not include (x) any action described in Section 15 or any action taken in connection with a Change in Control transaction nor (y) any transfer or other disposition permitted under Section 14. For the purpose of clarity, each of the actions described in the prior sentence, none of which constitute an Exchange Program, may be undertaken (or authorized) by the Administrator in its sole discretion without approval by the Company's stockholders.

(t) "Existing Plan" means the 2021 Stock Plan maintained by the Company as of immediately prior to the Effective Date.

(u) "*Existing Plan Awards*" means awards or Shares issued under the Company's 2021 Stock Plan that are assumed by the Company pursuant to that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization by and among Patricia Acquisition Corp., Serve Acquisition Corp., and Serve Robotics Inc., dated July 31, 2023.

(v) "Fair Market Value" means, as of any date, the value of Common Stock determined as follows:

(i) If the Common Stock is listed on any established stock exchange or a national market system, its Fair Market Value will be the closing sales price for such stock (or the closing bid, if no sales were reported) as quoted on such exchange or system on the day of determination, as reported in such source as the Administrator deems reliable;

(ii) If the Common Stock is regularly quoted by a recognized securities dealer but selling prices are not reported, the Fair Market Value of a Share will be the mean between the high bid and low asked prices for the Common Stock on the day of determination, as reported in such source as the Administrator deems reliable; or

(iii) In the absence of an established market for the Common Stock, the Fair Market Value will be determined in good faith by the Administrator in compliance with Applicable Laws and regulations and in a manner that complies with Section 409A of the Code.

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(w) "Fiscal Year" means the fiscal year of the Company.

(x) "*Incentive Stock Option*" means an Option that by its terms qualifies and is intended to qualify as an incentive stock option within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

(y) "*Independent Contractor*" means any person, including an advisor, consultant or agent, engaged by the Company or an Affiliate to render services to such entity or who renders, or has rendered, services to the Company, or any Parent, Subsidiary or affiliate and is compensated for such services.

(z) "Inside Director" means a Director who is an Employee.

(aa) "Insider" means an officer or director of the Company or any other person whose transactions in Common Stock are subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act.

(bb) "Nonstatutory Stock Option" means an Option that by its terms does not qualify or is not intended to qualify as an Incentive Stock

Option.

(cc) "Officer" means a person who is an officer of the Company within the meaning of Section 16 of the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(dd) "Option" means a stock option granted pursuant to the Plan.

(ee) "Outside Director" means a Director who is not an Employee.

(ff) "*Parent*" means any corporation (other than the Company) in an unbroken chain of corporations ending with the Company if each of the corporations other than the Company owns stock possessing fifty percent (50%) or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock in one of the other corporations in such chain. A corporation that attains the status of a Parent on a date after the adoption of the Plan shall be considered a Parent commencing as of such date.

(gg) "Participant" means the holder of an outstanding Award.

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(hh) "Performance Goal" means a formula or standard determined by the Administrator with respect to each Performance Period based on one or more of the following criteria and any adjustment(s) thereto established by the Administrator: (1) sales or non-sales revenue; (2) return on revenues; (3) operating income; (4) income or earnings including operating income; (5) income or earnings before or after taxes, interest, depreciation and/or amortization; (6) income or earnings from continuing operations; (7) net income; (8) pre-tax income or after-tax income; (9) net income excluding amortization of intangible assets, depreciation and impairment of goodwill and intangible assets and/or excluding charges attributable to the adoption of new accounting pronouncements; (10) raising of financing or fundraising; (11) project financing; (12) revenue backlog; (13) gross margin; (14) operating margin or profit margin; (15) capital expenditures, cost targets, reductions and savings and expense management; (16) return on assets (gross or net), return on investment, return on capital, or return on stockholder equity; (17) cash flow, free cash flow, cash flow return on investment (discounted or otherwise), net cash provided by operations, or cash flow in excess of cost of capital; (18) performance warranty and/or guarantee claims; (19) stock price or total stockholder return; (20) earnings or book value per share (basic or diluted); (21) economic value created; (22) pre-tax profit or after-tax profit; (23) strategic business criteria, consisting of one or more objectives based on meeting specified market penetration or market share, completion of strategic agreements such as licenses, joint ventures, acquisitions, and the like, geographic business expansion, objective customer satisfaction or information technology goals, intellectual property asset metrics; (24) objective goals relating to divestitures, joint ventures, mergers, acquisitions and similar transactions; (25) objective goals relating to staff management, results from staff attitude and/or opinion surveys, staff satisfaction scores, staff safety, staff accident and/or injury rates, compliance, headcount, performance management, completion of critical staff training initiatives; (26) objective goals relating to projects, including project completion, timing and/or achievement of milestones, project budget, technical progress against work plans; and (27) enterprise resource planning. Awards issued to Participants may take into account other criteria (including subjective criteria). Performance Goals may differ from Participant to Participant, Performance Period to Performance Period and from Award to Award. Any criteria used may be measured, as applicable, (i) in absolute terms, (ii) in relative terms (including, but not limited to, any increase (or decrease) over the passage of time and/or any measurement against other companies or financial or business or stock index metrics particular to the Company), (iii) on a per share and/or share per capita basis, (iv) against the performance of the Company as a whole or against any Affiliate(s), or a particular segment(s), a business unit(s) or a product(s) of the Company or individual project company, (v) on a pre-tax or after-tax basis, (vi) on a GAAP or non-GAAP basis, and/or (vi) using an actual foreign exchange rate or on a foreign exchange neutral basis.

(ii) "*Performance Period*" means the time period during which the Performance Goals or other vesting provisions must be satisfied for Awards. Performance Periods may be of varying and overlapping duration, at the sole discretion of the Administrator.

(jj) "*Period of Restriction*" means the period during which the transfer of Shares of Restricted Stock is subject to restrictions and therefore, the Shares are subject to a substantial risk of forfeiture. Such restrictions may be based on the passage of time, the achievement of target levels of performance, or the occurrence of other events as determined by the Administrator.

(kk) "Plan" means this 2021 Equity Incentive Plan.

(II) "Restricted Stock" means Shares issued pursuant to a Restricted Stock award under Section 7 of the Plan.

(mm) "*Restricted Stock Unif*" means a bookkeeping entry representing an amount equal to the Fair Market Value of one Share, granted pursuant to Section 8. Each Restricted Stock Unit represents an unfunded and unsecured obligation of the Company.

(nn) "*Rule 16b-3*" means Rule 16b-3 of the Exchange Act or any successor to Rule 16b-3, as in effect when discretion is being exercised with respect to the Plan.

(oo) "Section 16(b)" means Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act.

(pp) "Service Provider" means an Employee, Director or Independent Contractor.

(qq) "Share" means a share of the Common Stock, as adjusted in accordance with Section 15 of the Plan.

(rr) "Stock Appreciation Right" means an Award, granted alone or in connection with an Option, that pursuant to Section 9 is designated as a Stock Appreciation Right.

(ss) "Stock Bonus Award" means an Award granted pursuant to Section 10 of the Plan.

(tt) "*Subsidiary*" means any corporation (other than the Company) in an unbroken chain of corporations beginning with the Company if each of the corporations other than the last corporation in the unbroken chain owns stock possessing fifty percent (50%) or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock in one of the other corporations in such chain. A corporation that attains the status of a Subsidiary on a date after the adoption of the Plan shall be considered a Subsidiary commencing as of such date.

(uu) "*Tax-Related Items*" means income tax, social insurance or other social contributions, national insurance, social security, payroll tax, fringe benefits tax, payment on account or other tax-related items.

3. Stock Subject to the Plan.

(a) <u>Stock Subject to the Plan</u>. Subject to the provisions of Sections 3(b) and 15, the maximum aggregate number of Shares that may be issued under the Plan will not exceed 1,594,800 new Shares. The Shares may be authorized, but unissued, or reacquired Common Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, subject to the provisions of Section 15 below, in no event shall the maximum aggregate number of Shares that may be issued under the Plan pursuant to Incentive Stock Options exceed the number set forth in this Section 3(a) plus, to the extent allowable under Section 422 of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder, any Shares that again become available for issuance pursuant to Sections 3(b) and 3(c).

(b) <u>Share Reserve Increase</u>. The number of Shares available for issuance under the Plan may be increased, at the discretion of the Administrator, effective on October 1st of each Fiscal Year beginning with the 2023 Fiscal Year and ending on (and including) October 1st of the 2033 Fiscal Year, in each case, in an amount equal to the lessor of (i) at the discretion of the Board, in an amount up to 4% of the outstanding Shares on the last day of the immediately preceding month (calculated on a fully-diluted and as-converted basis) and (ii) such other number of Shares determined by the Board.

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(c) Lapsed Awards. To the extent an Award or Existing Plan Award should expire or be forfeited or become unexercisable for any reason without having been exercised in full, or is surrendered pursuant to an Exchange Program, the unissued Shares that were subject thereto shall, unless the Plan shall have been terminated, continue to be available under the Plan for issuance pursuant to future Awards. In addition, any Shares which are retained by the Company upon exercise of an Award or Existing Plan Award in order to satisfy the exercise or purchase price for such Award or Existing Plan Award or any withholding taxes due with respect to such Award or Existing Plan Award shall be treated as not issued and shall continue to be available under the Plan or any Existing Plan Award and later forfeited to the Company due to the failure to vest or repurchased by the Company at the original purchase price paid to the Company for the Shares (including, without limitation, upon forfeiture to or repurchase by the Company in connection with a Participant ceasing to be a Service Provider) shall again be available for future grant under the Plan. To the extent an Award under the Plan or Existing Plan Award is paid out in cash rather than Shares, such cash payment will not result in reducing the number of Shares available for issuance under the Plan.

(d) <u>Assumption or Substitution of Awards by the Company</u>. The Administrator, from time to time, may determine to substitute or assume outstanding awards granted by another company, whether in connection with an acquisition of such other company or otherwise, by either: (a) assuming such award under this Plan or (b) granting an Award under this Plan in substitution of such other company's award. Such assumption or substitution will be permissible if the holder of the substituted or assumed award would have been eligible to be granted an Award under this Plan if the other company had applied the rules of this Plan to such grant. In the event the Administrator elects to assume an award granted by another company, subject to the requirements of Section 409A of the Code, the purchase price or the exercise price, as the case may be, and the number and nature of Shares issuable upon exercise or settlement of any such Award will be adjusted appropriately. In the event the Administrator elects to grant a new Option in substitution rather than assuming an existing option, such new Option may be granted with a similarly adjusted exercise price. Any awards that are assumed or substituted under this Plan shall not reduce the number of Shares authorized for grant under the Plan or authorized for grant to a Participant in any fiscal year.

4. Administration of the Plan.

(a) Procedure.

Plan

(i) <u>Multiple Administrative Bodies</u>. Different Committees with respect to different groups of Service Providers may administer the

(ii) <u>Rule 16b-3</u>. To the extent desirable to qualify transactions hereunder as exempt under Rule 16b-3, the transactions contemplated hereunder will be structured to satisfy the requirements for exemption under Rule 16b-3.

(iii) <u>Other Administration</u>. Other than as provided above, the Plan will be administered by (A) the Board or (B) a Committee, which committee will be constituted to satisfy Applicable Laws.

(b) Powers of the Administrator. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Administrator will have the authority, in its discretion:

(i) to determine the Fair Market Value in accordance with Section 2(t)(iii);

(ii) to select the Service Providers to whom Awards may be granted hereunder;

(iii) to determine the number of Shares to be covered by each Award granted hereunder;

(iv) to approve forms of Award Agreements for use under the Plan;

(v) to determine the terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, of any Award granted hereunder; such terms and conditions include, but are not limited to, the exercise price, the time or times when Awards may be exercised (which may be based on Performance Goals), any vesting acceleration or waiver of forfeiture restrictions, and any restriction or limitation regarding any Award or the Shares relating thereto, based in each case on such factors as the Administrator will determine;

(vi) to institute and determine the terms and conditions of an Exchange Program; provided however, that the Administrator shall not implement an Exchange Program without the approval of the holders of a majority of the Shares that are present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at any annual or special meeting of the Company's stockholders;

(vii) to construe and interpret the terms of the Plan and Awards granted pursuant to the Plan;

(viii) correct any defect, supply any omission or reconcile any inconsistency in this Plan, any Award or any Award Agreement;

(ix) to prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan, including rules and regulations established for the purpose of satisfying non-U.S. Applicable Laws, for qualifying for favorable tax treatment under non-U.S. Applicable Laws or facilitating compliance with non-U.S. Applicable Laws (sub-plans may be created for any of these purposes);

(x) to modify or amend each Award (subject to Section 22 of the Plan), including but not limited to the discretionary authority to extend the post-termination exercisability period of Awards, to accelerate vesting and to extend the maximum term of an Option (subject to Section 6(b) of the Plan regarding Incentive Stock Options);

(xi) adjust Performance Goals to take into account changes in Applicable Laws or in accounting or tax rules, or such other extraordinary, unforeseeable, nonrecurring or infrequently occurring events or circumstances as the Administrator deems necessary or appropriate to avoid windfalls or hardships;

(xii) to allow Participants to satisfy tax withholding obligations in such manner as prescribed in Section 16 of the Plan;

(xiii) to authorize any person to execute on behalf of the Company any instrument required to effect the grant of an Award previously granted by the Administrator;

(xiv) to allow a Participant to defer the receipt of the payment of cash or the delivery of Shares that would otherwise be due to such Participant under an Award; and

(xv) to make all other determinations deemed necessary or advisable for administering the Plan.

(c) Effect of Administrator's Decision. The Administrator's decisions, determinations and interpretations will be final and binding on all Participants and any other holders of Awards.

(d) <u>Delegation</u>. To the extent permitted by Applicable Laws, the Board or Committee, in its sole discretion and on such terms and conditions as it may provide, may delegate all or any part of its authority and powers under the Plan to one or more Directors or officers of the Company. To the extent permitted by Applicable Laws, the Board or Committee may delegate to one or more officers of the Company who may be (but are not required to be) Insiders ("Officers"), the authority to do any of the following (i) designate Employees who are not Insiders to be recipients of Awards, (ii) determine the number of Shares to be subject to such Awards granted to such designated Employees, and (iii) take any and all actions on behalf of the Board or Committee other than any actions that affect the amount or form of compensation of Insiders or have material tax, accounting, financial, human resource or legal consequences to the Company or its Affiliates; provided, however, that the Board or Committee resolutions regarding any delegation with respect to (i) and (ii) will specify the total number of Shares that may be subject to the Awards granted by such Officer and that such Officer may not grant an Award to himself or herself. Any Awards will be granted on the form of Award Agreement most recently approved for use by the Board or Committee, unless otherwise provided in the resolutions approving the delegation authority.

(e) <u>Administration of Awards Subject to Performance Goals</u>. The Administrator will, in its sole discretion, determine the Performance Goals, if any, applicable to any Award (including any adjustment(s) thereto that will be applied in determining the achievement of such Performance Goals) on or prior to the Determination Date. The Performance Goals may differ from Participant to Participant and from Award to Award. The Administrator shall determine and approve the extent to which such Performance Goals have been timely achieved and the extent to which the Shares subject to such Award have thereby been earned.

(f) Section 16 of the Exchange Act. Awards granted to Participants who are Insiders must be approved by two or more "non-employee directors" of the Board (as defined in the regulations promulgated under Section 16 of the Exchange Act).

5. <u>Award Eligibility</u>. Nonstatutory Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights, Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units and Stock Bonus Awards may be granted to Service Providers. Incentive Stock Options may be granted only to Employees.

6. Stock Options.

(a) Limitations. Each Option will be designated in the Award Agreement as either an Incentive Stock Option or a Nonstatutory Stock Option. However, notwithstanding such designation, to the extent that the aggregate Fair Market Value of the Shares with respect to which Incentive Stock Options are exercisable for the first time by the Participant during any calendar year (under all plans of the Company and any Affiliate) exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (100,000), such Options will be treated as Nonstatutory Stock Options. For purposes of this Section 6(a), Incentive Stock Options will be taken into account in the order in which they were granted. The Fair Market Value of the Shares will be determined as of the date the Option with respect to such Shares is granted. With respect to the Administrator's authority in Section 4(b)(x), if, at the time of any such extension, the exercise price per Share of the Option is less than the Fair Market Value of a Share, the extension shall, unless otherwise determined by the Administrator, be limited to the earlier of (1) the maximum term of the Option as set by its original terms, or (2) ten (10) years from the grant date. Unless otherwise determined by the Administrator, any extension of the term of an Option pursuant to this Section 6(a) shall comply with Section 409A of the Code to the extent necessary to avoid taxation thereunder.

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(b) <u>Term of Option</u>. The term of each Option will be stated in the Award Agreement. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the term will be ten (10) years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the Award Agreement. Moreover, in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Participant who, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock representing more than ten percent (10%) of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Affiliate, the term of the Incentive Stock Option will be five (5) years from the date of grant or such shorter term as may be provided in the Award Agreement.

(c) Option Exercise Price and Consideration.

(i) Exercise Price. The per share exercise price for the Shares to be issued pursuant to exercise of an Option will be determined by the Administrator, subject to the following:

(1) In the case of an Incentive Stock Option

(A) granted to an Employee who, at the time the Incentive Stock Option is granted, owns stock representing more than ten percent (10%) of the voting power of all classes of stock of the Company or any Affiliate, the per Share exercise price will be no less than one hundred ten percent (110%) of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.

(B) granted to any Employee other than an Employee described in paragraph (A) immediately above, the per Share exercise price will be no less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.

(2) In the case of a Nonstatutory Stock Option, the per Share exercise price will be no less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant.

(3) Notwithstanding the foregoing, Options may be granted with a per Share exercise price of less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant pursuant to a transaction described in, and in a manner consistent with, Section 424(a) of the Code.

(ii) <u>Waiting Period and Exercise Dates</u>. At the time an Option is granted, the Administrator will fix the period within which the Option may be exercised and will determine any conditions that must be satisfied before the Option may be exercised. An Option may become exercisable upon completion of a specified period of service with the Company or an Affiliate and/or based on the achievement of Performance Goals during a Performance Period as set out in advance in the Participant's Award Agreement. If an Option is exercisable based on the satisfaction of Performance Goals, then the Administrator will: (x) determine the nature, length and starting date of any Performance Period for such Option; (y) select the Performance Goals to be used to measure the performance; and (z) determine what additional vesting conditions, if any, should apply.

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(iii) Form of Consideration. The Administrator will determine the acceptable form of consideration for exercising an Option, including the method of payment. In the case of an Incentive Stock Option, the Administrator will determine the acceptable form of consideration at the time of grant. Such consideration for both types of Options may consist entirely of: (1) cash; (2) check; (3) promissory note, to the extent permitted by Applicable Laws, (4) other Shares, provided that such Shares have a Fair Market Value on the date of surrender equal to the aggregate exercise price of the Shares as to which such Option will be exercised and provided that accepting such Shares will not result in any adverse accounting consequences to the Company, as the Administrator determines in its sole discretion; (5) consideration received by the Company under a broker-assisted (or other) cashless exercise program (whether through a broker or otherwise) implemented by the Company in connection with the Plan; (6) by net exercise; (7) such other consideration and method of payment for the issuance of Shares to the extent permitted by Applicable Laws; or (8) any combination of the foregoing methods of payment.

(d) Exercise of Option.

(i) <u>Procedure for Exercise; Rights as a Stockholder</u>. Any Option granted hereunder will be exercisable according to the terms of the Plan and at such times and under such conditions as determined by the Administrator and set forth in the Award Agreement. An Option may not be exercised for a fraction of a Share.

An Option will be deemed exercised when the Company receives: (i) a notice of exercise (in such form as the Administrator may specify from time to time) from the person entitled to exercise the Option, and (ii) full payment for the Shares with respect to which the Option is exercised (together with full payment of any applicable taxes or other amounts required to be withheld or deducted with respect to the Option). Full payment may consideration and method of payment authorized by the Administrator and permitted by the Award Agreement and the Plan. Shares issued upon exercise of an Option will be issued in the name of the Participant or, if requested by the Participant, in the name of the Participant and his or her spouse. Until the Shares are issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company), no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a stockholder will exist with respect to the Shares subject to an Option, notwithstanding the exercise of the Option. The Company will issue (or cause to be issued) such Shares promptly after the Option is exercised. No adjustment will be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date the Shares are issued, except as provided in Section 15 of the Plan.

(ii) <u>Termination of Relationship as a Service Provider</u>. If a Participant ceases to be a Service Provider, other than upon the Participant's termination as the result of the Participant's death, Disability or Cause, the Participant may exercise his or her Option within such period of time as is specified in the Award Agreement to the extent that the Option is vested on the date of termination (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Award Agreement). In the absence of a specified time in the Award Agreement, the Option will remain exercisable for three (3) months following the Participant's termination. Unless otherwise provided by the Administrator, if on the date of termination the Participant does not exercise his or her Option within the time specified by the Administrator, the Option will revert to the Plan. If after termination the Participant does not exercise his or her Option within the time specified by the Administrator, the Option will terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option will revert to the Plan.

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(iii) <u>Disability of Participant</u>. If a Participant ceases to be a Service Provider as a result of the Participant's Disability, the Participant may exercise his or her Option within such period of time as is specified in the Award Agreement to the extent the Option is vested on the date of termination (but in no event later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Award Agreement). In the absence of a specified time in the Award Agreement, the Option will remain exercisable for twelve (12) months following the Participant's termination. Unless otherwise provided by the Administrator, if on the date of termination the Participant is not vested as to his or her entire Option, the Shares covered by the unvested portion of the Option will revert to the Plan. If after termination the Participant does not exercise his or her Option within the time specified herein, the Option will terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option will revert to the Plan.

(iv) <u>Death of Participant</u>. If a Participant dies while a Service Provider, the Option may be exercised following the Participant's death within such period of time as is specified in the Award Agreement to the extent that the Option is vested on the date of death (but in no event may the Option be exercised later than the expiration of the term of such Option as set forth in the Award Agreement), by the Participant's designated beneficiary, provided such beneficiary has been designated prior to Participant's death in a form acceptable to the Administrator. If no such beneficiary has been designated by the Participant, then such Option may be exercised by the personal representative of the Participant's estate or by the person(s) to whom the Option is transferred pursuant to the Participant's will or in accordance with the laws of descent and distribution. In the absence of a specified time in the Award Agreement, the Option will remain exercisable for twelve (12) months following Participant's death. Unless otherwise provided by the Administrator, if on the date of termination the Participant is not vested as to his or her entire Option, the Shares covered by the unvested portion of the Option will revert to the Plan. If the Option is not so exercised within the time specified herein, the Option will terminate, and the Shares covered by such Option will revert to the Plan.

(v) <u>Termination for Cause</u>. If a Participant ceases to be a Service Provider as a result of being terminated for Cause, any outstanding Option (including any vested portion thereof) held by such Participant shall immediately terminate in its entirety upon the Participant being first notified of his or her termination for Cause and the Participant will be prohibited from exercising his or her Option from and after the date of such termination. All the Participant's rights under any Option, including the right to exercise the Option, may be suspended pending an investigation of whether Participant will be terminated for Cause.

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7. Restricted Stock.

(a) <u>Grant of Restricted Stock</u>. Subject to the terms and provisions of the Plan, the Administrator, at any time and from time to time, may grant Shares of Restricted Stock to Service Providers in such amounts as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, will determine.

(b) <u>Restricted Stock Agreement</u>. Each Award of Restricted Stock will be evidenced by an Award Agreement that will specify the Period of Restriction, the number of Shares granted, and such other terms and conditions as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, will determine. Unless the Administrator determines otherwise, the Company as escrow agent will hold Shares of Restricted Stock until the restrictions on such Shares have lapsed. These restrictions may lapse upon the completion of a specified period of service with the Company or an Affiliate and/or based on the achievement of Performance Goals during a Performance Period as set out in advance in the Participant's Award Agreement. If the unvested Shares of Restricted Stock are being earned upon the satisfaction of Performance Goals, then the Administrator will: (x) determine the nature, length and starting date of any Performance Period for each unvested Share; (y) select the Performance Goals to be used to measure the performance; and (z) determine what additional vesting conditions, if any, should apply.

(c) <u>Transferability</u>. Except as provided in this Section 7 or the Award Agreement, Shares of Restricted Stock may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned, or otherwise alienated or hypothecated until the end of the applicable Period of Restriction.

(d) Other Restrictions. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may impose such other restrictions on Shares of Restricted Stock as it may deem advisable or appropriate.

(e) <u>Removal of Restrictions</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Section 7, Shares of Restricted Stock covered by each Restricted Stock grant made under the Plan will be released from escrow as soon as practicable after the last day of the Period of Restriction or at such other time as the Administrator may determine. The Administrator, in its discretion, may accelerate the time at which any restrictions will lapse or be removed.

(f) <u>Voting Rights</u>. During the Period of Restriction, Service Providers holding Shares of Restricted Stock granted hereunder may exercise full voting rights with respect to those Shares, unless the Administrator determines otherwise.

(g) <u>Dividends and Other Distributions</u>. During the Period of Restriction, Service Providers holding Shares of Restricted Stock will be entitled to receive all dividends and other distributions paid with respect to such Shares, unless the Administrator provides otherwise. If any such dividends or distributions are paid in Shares, the Shares will be subject to the same restrictions, including, without limitation, restrictions on transferability and forfeitability, as the Shares of Restricted Stock with respect to which they were paid. During the Period of Restriction, such dividends or other distributions shall be subject to the same restricted Stock with respect to which they were paid. During the Period of Restriction, such dividends or other distributions shall be subject to the same restrictions and risk of forfeiture as the shares of Restricted Stock with respect to which the dividends accrue and shall not be paid or distributed unless and until such related Shares have vested and been earned.

(h) <u>Return of Restricted Stock to Company</u>. On the date set forth in the Award Agreement, the Restricted Stock for which restrictions have not lapsed will be cancelled and returned as unissued Shares to the Company and again will become available for grant under the Plan.

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8. Restricted Stock Units.

(a) <u>Grant</u>. Restricted Stock Units may be granted at any time and from time to time as determined by the Administrator. After the Administrator determines that it will grant Restricted Stock Units under the Plan, it will advise the Participant in an Award Agreement of the terms, conditions, and restrictions (if any) related to the grant, including the number of Restricted Stock Units.

(b) <u>Vesting Criteria and Other Terms</u>. The Administrator will set vesting criteria in its discretion, which, depending on the extent to which the criteria are met, will determine the number of Restricted Stock Units that will be paid out to the Participant. A Restricted Stock Unit Award may vest upon completion of a specified period of service with the Company or an Affiliate and/or based on the achievement of Performance Goals during a Performance Period as set out in advance in the Participant's Award Agreement. If Restricted Stock Units vest based upon satisfaction of Performance Goals, then the Administrator will: (x) determine the nature, length and starting date of any Performance Period for the Restricted Stock Units; (y) select the Performance Goals to be used to measure the performance; and (z) determine what additional vesting conditions, if any, should apply.

(c) <u>Earning Restricted Stock Units</u>. Upon meeting the applicable vesting criteria, the Participant will be entitled to receive a payout as determined by the Administrator. Notwithstanding the foregoing, at any time after the grant of Restricted Stock Units, the Administrator, in its sole discretion, may reduce or waive any vesting criteria that must be met to receive a payout.

(d) <u>Dividend Equivalents</u>. The Administrator may, in its sole discretion, award dividend equivalents in connection with the grant of Restricted Stock Units that may be settled in cash, in Shares of equivalent value, or in some combination thereof.

(e) Form and Timing of Payment. Payment of earned Restricted Stock Units will be made upon the date(s) determined by the Administrator and set forth in the Award Agreement. The Administrator, in its sole discretion, may only settle earned Restricted Stock Units in cash, Shares, or a combination of both.

(f) <u>Cancellation</u>. On the date set forth in the Award Agreement, all Shares underlying any unvested, unlapsed unearned Restricted Stock Units will be forfeited to the Company for future issuance.

9. Stock Appreciation Rights.

(a) <u>Grant of Stock Appreciation Rights</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, a Stock Appreciation Right may be granted to Service Providers at any time and from time to time as will be determined by the Administrator, in its sole discretion.

(b) <u>Number of Shares</u>. The Administrator will have complete discretion to determine the number of Stock Appreciation Rights granted to any Service Provider.

(c) <u>Exercise Price and Other Terms</u>. The per share exercise price for the Shares to be issued pursuant to exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right will be determined by the Administrator and will be no less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value per Share on the date of grant. Otherwise, the Administrator, subject to the provisions of the Plan, will have complete discretion to determine the terms and conditions of Stock Appreciation Rights granted under the Plan.

(d) <u>Stock Appreciation Right Agreement</u>. Each Stock Appreciation Right grant will be evidenced by an Award Agreement that will specify the exercise price, the term of the Stock Appreciation Right, the conditions of exercise, and such other terms and conditions as the Administrator, in its sole discretion, will determine. A Stock Appreciation Right may become exercisable upon completion of a specified period of service with the Company or an Affiliate and/or based on the achievement of Performance Goals during a Performance Period as set out in advance in the Participant's Award Agreement. If a Stock Appreciation Right is exercisable based on the satisfaction of Performance Goals, then the Administrator will: (x) determine the nature, length and starting date of any Performance Period for such Stock Appreciation Right; (y) select the Performance Goals to be used to measure the performance; and (z) determine what additional vesting conditions, if any, should apply.

(e) <u>Expiration of Stock Appreciation Rights</u>. A Stock Appreciation Right granted under the Plan will expire upon the date determined by the Administrator, in its sole discretion, and set forth in the Award Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the rules of Section 6(b) relating to the maximum term and Section 6(d) relating to exercise also will apply to Stock Appreciation Rights.

(f) <u>Payment of Stock Appreciation Right Amount</u>. Upon exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right, a Participant will be entitled to receive payment from the Company in an amount determined by multiplying:

(i) The difference between the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of exercise over the exercise price; times

(ii) The number of Shares with respect to which the Stock Appreciation Right is exercised.

At the discretion of the Administrator, the payment upon Stock Appreciation Right exercise may be in cash, in Shares of equivalent value, or in some combination thereof.

10. Stock Bonus Awards.

(a) <u>Awards of Stock Bonuses</u>. A Stock Bonus Award is an award of Shares to an eligible person without a purchase price that is not subject to any restrictions. All Stock Bonus Awards may but are not required to be made pursuant to an Award Agreement.

(b) <u>Terms of Stock Bonus Awards</u>. The Administrator will determine the number of Shares to be awarded to the Participant under a Stock Bonus Award.

(c) Form of Payment to Participant. Payment may be made in the form of cash, whole Shares, or a combination thereof, based on the Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to the Stock Bonus Award on the date of payment, as determined in the sole discretion of the Administrator.

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11. <u>Outside Director Limitations</u>. Stock awards granted during a single fiscal year under the Plan or otherwise, taken together with any cash fees paid during such fiscal year for services on the Board, shall not exceed \$500,000 in total value for any Outside Director. Such applicable limit shall include the value of any stock awards that are received in lieu of all or a portion of any annual committee cash retainers or other similar cash based payments. Stock awards granted to an individual while he or she was serving in the capacity as an Employee or while he or she was an Independent Contractor but not an Outside Director will not count for purposes of the limitations set forth in this Section 11.

12. Leaves of Absence/Transfer Between Locations. The Administrator shall have the discretion to determine at any time whether and to what extent the vesting of Awards shall be suspended during any leave of absence; provided, however, that in the absence of such determination, vesting of Awards shall continue during any paid leave and shall be suspended during any unpaid leave (unless otherwise required by Applicable Laws). A Participant will not cease to be an Employee in the case of (i) any leave of absence approved by the Participant's employer or (ii) transfers between locations of the Company or between the Company or any Affiliate. If an Employee is holding an Incentive Stock Option and such leave exceeds three (3) months then, for purposes of Incentive Stock Option status only, such Employee's service as an Employee shall be deemed terminated on the first (1st) day following such three (3) month period and the Incentive Stock Option shall thereafter automatically treated for tax purposes as a Nonstatutory Stock Option in accordance with Applicable Laws, unless reemployment upon the expiration of such leave is guaranteed by contract or statute, or unless provided otherwise pursuant to a written Company policy.

13. <u>Change in Time Commitment</u>. In the event a Participant's regular level of time commitment in the performance of his or her services for the Company or any Affiliates is reduced (for example, and without limitation, if the Participant is an Employee of the Company and the Employee has a change in status from full-time to part-time or takes an extended leave of absence) after the date of grant of any Award, the Committee or the Administrator, in that party's sole discretion, may (x) make a corresponding reduction in the number of Shares or cash amount subject to any portion of such Award that is scheduled to vest or become payable after the date of such change in time commitment, and (y) in lieu of or in combination with such a reduction, extend the vesting schedule applicable to such Award (in accordance with Section 409A of the Code, as applicable). In the event of any such reduction, the Participant will have no right with respect to any portion of the Award that is so amended.

14. <u>Transferability of Awards</u>. Unless determined otherwise by the Administrator, an Award may not be sold, pledged, assigned, hypothecated, transferred, or disposed of in any manner other than by will or by the laws of descent or distribution and may be exercised, during the lifetime of the Participant, only by the Participant. If the Administrator makes an Award transferable, such Award will contain such additional terms and conditions as the Administrator deems appropriate provided, however, that in no event may any Award be transferred for consideration to a third-party financial institution.

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15. Adjustments; Dissolution or Liquidation; Merger or Change in Control.

(a) Adjustments. In the event of a stock split, reverse stock split, stock dividend, combination, consolidation, recapitalization (including a recapitalization through a large nonrecurring cash dividend) or reclassification of the Shares, subdivision of the Shares, a rights offering, a reorganization, merger, spin-off, split-up, repurchase, or exchange of Common Stock or other securities of the Company or other significant corporate transaction, or other change affecting the Common Stock occurs, the Administrator, in order to prevent dilution, diminution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits intended to be made available under the Plan, will, in such manner as it may deem equitable, adjust the number, kind and class of securities that may be delivered under the Plan and/or the number, class, kind and price of securities covered by each outstanding Award. Notwithstanding the forgoing, all adjustments under this Section 15 shall be made in a manner that does not result in taxation under Section 409A of the Code.

(b) <u>Dissolution or Liquidation</u>. In the event of the proposed winding up, dissolution or liquidation of the Company, the Administrator will notify each Participant as soon as practicable prior to the effective date of such proposed transaction. To the extent it has not been previously exercised or settled, an Award will terminate immediately prior to the consummation of such proposed action.

(c) Corporate Transaction. In the event of (i) a transfer of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, (ii) a merger, consolidation or other capital reorganization or business combination transaction of the Company with or into another corporation, entity or person, (iii) the consummation of a transaction, or series of related transactions, in which any "person" (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) becomes the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of more than 50% of the Company's then outstanding capital stock or (iv) a Change in Control (each, a "Corporate Transaction"), each outstanding Award (vested or unvested) will be treated as the Administrator determines, which determination may be made without the consent of any Participant and need not treat all outstanding Awards (or portion thereof) in an identical manner. Such determination, without the consent of any Participant, may provide (without limitation) for one or more of the following in the event of a Corporate Transaction: (A) the continuation of such outstanding Awards by the Company (if the Company is the surviving corporation); (B) the assumption of such outstanding Awards by the surviving corporation or its parent; (C) the substitution by the surviving corporation or its parent of new options or other equity awards for such Awards; (D) the cancellation of such Awards in exchange for a payment to the Participants equal to the excess of (1) the Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to such Awards as of the closing date of such Corporate Transaction over (2) the exercise price or purchase price paid or to be paid (if any) for the Shares subject to the Awards; provided further, that at the discretion of the Administrator, such payment may be subject to the same conditions that apply to the consideration that will be paid to holders of Shares in connection with the transaction; provided, however, that any payout in connection with a terminated award shall comply with Section 409A of the Code to the extent necessary to avoid taxation thereunder; (E) the full or partial acceleration of exercisability or vesting and accelerated expiration of an outstanding Award and lapse of the Company's right to repurchase or re-acquire Shares acquired under an Award or lapse of forfeiture rights with respect to Shares acquired under an Award; (F) the opportunity for Participants to exercise their Options prior to the occurrence of the Corporate Transaction and the termination (for no consideration) upon the consummation of such Corporate Transaction of any Options not exercised prior thereto; or (G) the cancellation of outstanding Awards in exchange for no consideration.

(d) <u>Change in Control</u>. An Award may be subject to additional acceleration of vesting and exercisability upon or after a Change in Control as may be provided in the Award Agreement for such Award or as may be provided in any other written agreement between the Company or any Affiliate and the Participant, but in the absence of such provision, no such acceleration will occur.

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16. <u>Tax</u>.

(a) <u>Withholding Requirements</u>. Prior to the delivery of any Shares or cash pursuant to an Award (or exercise thereof) or prior to any time the Award or Shares are subject to taxation or other Tax-Related Items, the Company and/or the Participant's employer will have the power and the right to deduct or withhold, or require a Participant to remit to the Company, an amount sufficient to satisfy any Tax-Related Items or other items that are required to be withheld or deducted or otherwise applicable with respect to such Award.

(b) <u>Withholding Arrangements</u>. The Administrator, in its sole discretion and pursuant to such procedures as it may specify from time to time, may permit a Participant to satisfy such withholding or deduction obligations or any other Tax-Related Items, in whole or in part by (without limitation) (a) paying cash, (b) electing to have the Company withhold otherwise deliverable cash or Shares, or (c) delivering to the Company already-owned Shares; provided that, unless specifically permitted by the Company, any proceeds derived from a cashless exercise must be an approved broker-assisted cashless exercise or the cash or Shares withheld or delivered must be limited to avoid financial accounting charges under applicable accounting guidance or Shares must have been previously held for the minimum duration required to avoid financial accounting charges under applicable accounting guidance. The Fair Market Value of the Shares to be withheld or delivered will be determined based on such methodology that the Company deems to be reasonable and in accordance with Applicable Laws.

(c) <u>Compliance With Section 409A of the Code</u>. Awards will be designed and operated in such a manner that they are either exempt from the application of, or comply with, the requirements of Section 409A of the Code such that the grant, payment, settlement or deferral will not be subject to the additional tax or interest applicable under Section 409A of the Code. The Plan and each Award Agreement under the Plan is intended to meet the requirements of Section 409A of the Code (or an exemption therefrom) and will be construed and interpreted in accordance with such intent, except as otherwise determined in the sole discretion of the Administrator. To the extent that an Award or payment, or the settlement or deferral thereof, is subject to Section 409A of the Code (or an exemption therefrom), such that the grant, payment, settlement or deferral will not be subject to the additional tax or interest applicable under Section 409A of the Code. In no event will the Company be responsible for or reimburse a Participant for any taxes or other penalties incurred as a result of applicable of Section 409A of the Code.

17. No Effect on Employment or Service. Neither the Plan nor any Award will confer upon a Participant any right with respect to continuing the Participant's relationship as a Service Provider with the Company or any Affiliate, nor will they interfere in any way with the Participant's right or the Company's or any Affiliate's right to terminate such relationship at any time, with or without cause, to the extent permitted by Applicable Laws.

18. <u>Date of Grant</u>. The date of grant of an Award will be, for all purposes, the date on which the Administrator makes the determination granting such Award, or such other later date as is determined by the Administrator. Notice of the determination will be provided to each Participant within a reasonable time after the date of such grant.

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19. <u>Corporate Records Control</u>. In the event that the corporate records (e.g., Board consents, resolutions or minutes) documenting the corporate action constituting the grant contain terms (e.g., exercise price, vesting schedule or number of Shares) that are inconsistent with those in the Award Agreement or related grant documents as a result of a clerical error in the papering of the Award Agreement or related grant documents, the corporate records will control and the Participant will have no legally binding right to the incorrect term in the Award Agreement or related grant documents.

20. <u>Clawback/Recovery</u>. The Administrator may specify in an Award Agreement that the Participant's rights, payments, and/or benefits with respect to an Award will be subject to reduction, cancellation, forfeiture, and/or recoupment upon the occurrence of certain specified events, in addition to any applicable vesting, performance or other conditions and restrictions of an Award. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary under this Plan, an Award granted under the Plan shall be subject to the Company's clawback policy as may be established and/or amended from time to time (the "Compensation Recovery Policy"). The Administrator may require a Participant to forfeit or return to and/or reimburse the Company for all or a portion of the Award and/or Shares issued under the Award, any amounts paid under the Award, and any payments or proceeds paid or provided upon disposition of the Shares issued under the Award, pursuant to the terms of such Company policy or as necessary or appropriate to comply with Applicable Laws. For the avoidance of doubt, each Participant shall be subject to compliance with Applicable Laws, the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, (i) compliance with Applicable Law, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, as applicable, shall be a precondition to earning, or vesting in respect of, any Award under this Plan and (ii) any Awards under this Plan which are subject to the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy will not be earned or vested, even if already granted, paid or settled, until the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy will not be earned or vested, even if already granted, paid or settled, until the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy ceases to apply to such Awards and any other vesting conditions applicable to such Awards are satisfied.

21. <u>Term of Plan</u>. Subject to Section 25 of the Plan, the Plan will become effective as of the Effective Date. The Plan will continue in effect for a term of ten (10) years measured from the earlier of the date the Board approves this Plan or the approval of this Plan by the Company's stockholders, unless terminated earlier under Section 22 of the Plan.

22. Amendment and Termination of the Plan.

(a) Amendment and Termination. The Administrator may at any time amend, alter, suspend or terminate the Plan.

(b) <u>Stockholder Approval</u>. The Company will obtain stockholder approval of any Plan amendment to the extent necessary and desirable to comply with Applicable Laws.

(c) Effect of Amendment or Termination. No amendment, alteration, suspension or termination of the Plan will materially impair the rights of any Participant, unless mutually agreed otherwise between the Participant and the Administrator, which agreement must be in writing and signed by the Participant and the Company. Termination of the Plan will not affect the Administrator's ability to exercise the powers granted to it hereunder with respect to Awards granted under the Plan prior to the date of such termination.

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23. Conditions Upon Issuance of Shares.

(a) Legal Compliance. Shares will not be issued pursuant to the exercise or vesting (as applicable) of an Award unless the exercise or vesting of such Award and the issuance and delivery of such Shares will comply with Applicable Laws and will be further subject to the approval of counsel for the Company with respect to such compliance.

(b) <u>Investment Representations</u>. As a condition to the exercise of an Award, the Company may require the person exercising such Award to represent and warrant at the time of any such exercise that the Shares are being purchased only for investment and without any present intention to sell or distribute such Shares if, in the opinion of counsel for the Company, such a representation is required.

24. <u>Inability to Obtain Authority</u>. The inability of the Company to obtain authority from any regulatory body having jurisdiction, which authority is deemed by the Company's counsel to be necessary to the lawful issuance and sale of any Shares hereunder, will relieve the Company of any liability in respect of the failure to issue or sell such Shares as to which such requisite authority will not have been obtained.

25. <u>Stockholder Approval</u>. The Plan will be subject to approval by the stockholders of the Company within twelve (12) months after the date the Plan is adopted by the Board. Such stockholder approval will be obtained in the manner and to the degree required under Applicable Laws.

26. <u>Governing Law</u>. The Plan and all Awards hereunder shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, but without regard to its conflict of law provisions.

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SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

NOTICE OF STOCK OPTION GRANT

Participant Name:

You have been granted an Option to purchase Common Stock, subject to the terms and conditions of this Notice of Stock Option Grant (the "*Notice of Grant*"), the Serve Robotics Inc. 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the "*Plan*") and the attached Stock Option Agreement (which includes the Country-Specific Addendum, the "*Award Agreement*"), as set forth below. Unless otherwise defined herein, the terms used in this Notice of Grant shall have the meanings defined in the Plan.

Grant Number:		
Date of Grant:		
Vesting Commencement Date:		
Exercise Price per Share:	USD \$	
Total Number of Shares:		
Total Exercise Price:	USD \$	
Type of Option:	U.S. Incentive Stock Option	
	Nonstatutory Stock Option	
Term/Expiration Date:		
Vesting Schedule:		
Subject to Section 2 of the Award Agreement, this Option may be exercised, in whole or in part, in accordance with the following schedule:		

Termination Period:

This Option will be exercisable for three (3) months after Participant ceases to be a Service Provider, unless such termination is due to Participant's death, Disability or Cause. If Participant's relationship as a Service Provider is terminated as a result of the Service Provider's death or Disability, this Option will be exercisable for twelve (12) months after Participant ceases to be a Service Provider. If Participant's relationship as a Service Provider is terminated for Cause, this Option (including any vested portion thereof) shall immediately terminate in its entirety upon Participant being first notified of such termination. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event may this Option be exercised after the Term/Expiration Date as provided above and may be subject to earlier termination as provided in Section 15 of the Plan.

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By accepting this Option (whether electronically or otherwise), Participant acknowledges and agrees to the following:

1. This Option is governed by the terms and conditions of this Award Agreement and the Plan. In the event of a conflict between the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the terms of the Plan will prevail. Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Award Agreement and the Notice of Grant will have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

2. Participant has received a copy of the Plan, the Award Agreement, the Plan prospectus, and the Insider Trading Policy and represents that Participant has read these documents and is familiar with their terms. Participant further agrees to accept as binding, conclusive, and final all decisions and interpretations of the Administrator (or its delegees) regarding any questions relating to this Option and the Plan.

3. Vesting of the Option is subject to Participant's continuous status as a Service Provider, which is for an unspecified duration and may be terminated at any time, with or without Cause, and nothing in the Award Agreement or the Plan changes the nature of that relationship.

4. The Company is not providing any tax, legal, or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding participation in the Plan. Participant should consult with his or her own personal tax, legal, and financial advisors regarding participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

5. Participant consents to electronic delivery and participation as set forth in the Plan and the Award Agreement.

PARTICIPANT: SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

Signature
By

Print Name
Title

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SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT

1. <u>Grant of Option</u>. The Company hereby grants to the individual (the "*Participant*") named in the Notice of Stock Option Grant (the "*Notice of Grant*") an option (the "*Option*") under the Serve Robotics Inc. 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the "*Plan*") to purchase the number of Shares set forth in the Notice of Grant, at the exercise price per Share set forth in the Notice of Grant (the "*Plan*"), subject to all of the terms and conditions set forth in the Notice of Grant, this Stock Option Agreement (the "*Award Agreement*") and the Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference. If there is a conflict between the terms and conditions of the Plan and the terms and conditions of the Plan will prevail.

If designated in the Notice of Grant as an Incentive Stock Option ("**ISO**"), this Option is intended to qualify as an ISO to the maximum extent permitted under Section 422 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "**Code**"). However, if this Option is intended to be an ISO, to the extent that it exceeds the USD \$100,000 rule of Code Section 422(d) it will be treated as a Nonstatutory Stock Option ("**NSO**"). Further, if for any reason this Option (or portion thereof) will not qualify as an ISO, then, to the extent of such non- qualification, such Option (or portion thereof) shall be regarded as a NSO granted under the Plan. In no event will the Administrator, the Company or any Parent or Subsidiary or any of their respective employees or directors have any liability to Participant (or any other person) due to the failure of the Option to qualify for any reason as an ISO.

- 2. <u>Vesting Schedule</u>. Except as provided in Section 3, the Option awarded by this Award Agreement will vest in accordance with the vesting provisions set forth in the Notice of Grant. Options scheduled to vest on a certain date or upon the occurrence of a certain condition will not vest in accordance with any of the provisions of this Award Agreement, unless Participant will have been continuously a Service Provider from the Date of Grant until the date such vesting occurs. Service Provider status for purposes of this Award will end on the day that Participant is no longer actively providing services as an Employee, Director, or Independent Contractor and will not be extended by any notice period or "garden leave" that may be required contractually or under any Applicable Laws. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrator (or any delegate) shall have the sole and absolute discretion to determine when Participant is no longer providing active service for purposes of Service Provider status and participation in the Plan.
- 3. <u>Exercise of Option.</u>

(a) <u>Right to Exercise</u>. This Option may be exercised only within the term set forth in the Notice of Grant and may be exercised during such term only in accordance with the Plan and the terms of this Award Agreement.

(b) <u>Method of Exercise</u>. This Option is exercisable by delivery of an exercise notice, in the form attached as <u>Exhibit A</u> (the "*Exercise Notice*") or in a manner and pursuant to such procedures as the Administrator may determine, which will state the election to exercise the Option, the number of Shares in respect of which the Option is being exercised (the "*Exercised Shares*"), and such other representations and agreements as may be required by the Company pursuant to the provisions of the Plan. The Exercise Notice will be completed by Participant and delivered to the Company. The Exercise Notice will be accompanied by payment of the aggregate Exercise Price as to all Exercised Shares together with any Tax-Related Items (as defined below) required to be withheld, paid or provided pursuant to any Applicable Laws. This Option will be deemed to be exercised upon receipt by the Company of such fully executed Exercise Notice accompanied by such aggregate Exercise Price and any other requirements or restrictions that may be imposed by the Company to comply with Applicable Laws or facilitate administration of the Plan. Notwithstanding the above, Participant understands that the Applicable Laws of the country in which Participant is residing or working at the time of grant, vesting, and/or exercise of this Option (including any rules or regulations governing securities, foreign exchange, tax, labor or other matters) may restrict or prevent exercise of this Option, and neither the Company nor any Parent or Subsidiary assumes any liability in relation to this Option in such case.

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- 4. <u>Method of Payment</u>. Payment of the aggregate Exercise Price will be by any of the following, or a combination thereof, at the election of Participant unless otherwise specified by the Company in its sole discretion:
 - (a) cash (U.S. dollars); or
 - (b) check (denominated in U.S. dollars); or
 - (c) consideration received by the Company under a formal cashless exercise program adopted by the Company in connection with the Plan;
 - or

(d) if Participant is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, Participant may direct the Company to withhold Shares to be issued upon exercise of the Option to pay the aggregate Exercise Price.

Participant understands and agrees that, unless otherwise permitted by the Company, any cross-border remittance made to exercise this Option or transfer proceeds received upon the sale of Shares must be made through a locally authorized financial institution or registered foreign exchange agency and may require the Participant to provide such entity with certain information regarding the transaction.

5. <u>Tax Obligations.</u>

(a) Withholding of Taxes. Regardless of any action the Company or Participant's employer (the "Employer") takes with respect to any or all applicable national, local, or other tax or social contribution, withholding, required deductions, or other payments, if any, that arise upon the grant, vesting, or exercise of this Option, the holding or subsequent sale of Shares, and the receipt of dividends, if any, or otherwise in connection with this Option or the Shares ("Tax- Related Items"), Participant acknowledges and agrees that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items legally due by Participant is and remains Participant's responsibility and may exceed any amount actually withheld by the Company or the Employer. Participant further acknowledges and agrees that Participant is solely responsible for filing all relevant documentation that may be required in relation to this Option or any Tax-Related Items (other than filings or documentation that is the specific obligation of the Company, an Affiliate or Employer pursuant to Applicable Laws) such as but not limited to personal income tax returns or reporting statements in relation to the grant, vesting or exercise of this Option, the holding of Shares or any bank or brokerage account, the subsequent sale of Shares, and the receipt of any dividends. Participant further acknowledges that the Company and the Employer (a) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Option, including the grant, vesting, or exercise of the Option, the subsequent sale of Shares acquired under the Plan and the receipt of dividends, if any; and (b) does not commit to and is under no obligation to structure the terms of the Option or any aspect of the Option to reduce or eliminate Participant's liability for Tax-Related Items, or achieve any particular tax result. Participant also understands that Applicable Laws may require varying Share or Option valuation methods for purposes of calculating Tax-Related Items, and the Company assumes no responsibility or liability in relation to any such valuation or for any calculation or reporting of income or Tax-Related Items that may be required of Participant under Applicable Laws. Further, if Participant has become subject to tax in more than one jurisdiction between the date of grant and the date of any relevant taxable event, Participant acknowledges that the Company and/or the Employer (or former employer, as applicable) may be required to withhold or account for Tax- Related Items in more than one jurisdiction.

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(b) <u>Satisfaction of Tax-Related Items</u>. As a condition to the grant, vesting and exercise of this Option and as set forth in Section 16 of the Plan, Participant hereby agrees to make adequate provision for the satisfaction of (and will indemnify the Company and any Affiliate for) any Tax-Related Items. No payment will be made to Participant (or his or her estate or beneficiary) related to an Option, and no Shares will be issued pursuant to an Option, unless and until satisfactory arrangements (as determined by the Company) have been made by Participant with respect to the payment of any Tax-Related Items obligations of the Company and/or any Parent, Subsidiary, or Employer with respect to the grant, vesting or exercise of the Option. In this regard, Participant authorizes the Company and/or any Affiliate or Employer, or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy the obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items by one or a combination of the following:

(i) withholding from Participant's wages or other cash compensation paid to Participant by the Company or the Employer, or

(ii) withholding from proceeds of the sale of Shares acquired upon exercise of the Option, either through a voluntary sale or through a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on Participant's behalf pursuant to this authorization); or

(iii) withholding in Shares to be issued upon exercise of the Option.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, Participant may direct the Company to withhold Shares to be issued upon exercise of the Option to satisfy Participant's obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items.

If the obligation for Tax-Related Items is satisfied by withholding Shares, the Participant is deemed to have been issued the full number of Shares purchased for tax purposes, notwithstanding that a number of Shares is held back solely for the purpose of paying the Tax- Related Items due as a result of the Participant's participation in the Plan. Participant shall pay to the Company or a Parent, Subsidiary, or Employer any amount of Tax-Related Items that the Company may be required to withhold, pay or otherwise provide for as a result of Participant's participation in the Plan that cannot be satisfied by one or more of the means previously described in this Section 5. Participant acknowledges and agrees that the Company may refuse to honor the exercise and refuse to issue or deliver the Shares or the proceeds of the sale of Shares if Participant fails to comply with his or her obligations in connection with the Tax-Related Items.

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(c) <u>Notice of Disqualifying Disposition of ISO Shares</u>. If the Option granted to Participant herein is an ISO, and if Participant sells or otherwise disposes of any of the Shares acquired pursuant to the ISO on or before the later of (i) the date two (2) years after the Date of Grant, or (ii) the date one (1) year after the date of exercise, Participant will immediately notify the Company in writing of such disposition.

(d) <u>Code Section 409A (Applicable Only to Participants Subject to U.S. Taxes)</u>. Under Code Section 409A, an option that is granted with a per Share exercise price that is determined by the Internal Revenue Service (the "*IRS*") to be less than the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant (a "*Discount Option*") may be considered "deferred compensation." A Discount Option may result in (i) income recognition by Participant prior to the exercise of the option, (ii) an additional twenty percent (20%) federal income tax, and (iii) potential penalty and interest charges. The Discount Option may also result in additional state income, penalty and interest charges to the Participant. Participant acknowledges that the Company cannot and has not guaranteed that the IRS will agree that the per Share exercise price of this Option equals or exceeds the Fair Market Value of a Share on the Date of Grant in a later examination. Participant agrees that if the IRS determines that the Option was granted with a per Share exercise price that was less than the Fair Market Value of a Share on the date of grant, Participant will be solely responsible for Participant's costs related to such a determination.

- 6. <u>Rights as Stockholder</u>. Neither Participant nor any person claiming under or through Participant will have any of the rights or privileges of a stockholder of the Company in respect of any Shares unless and until such Shares will have been issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company). After such issuance, Participant will have all the rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to voting such Shares and receipt of dividends and distributions on such Shares, but prior to such issuance, Participant will not have any rights to dividends and/or distributions on such Shares.
- 7. <u>No Guarantee of Continued Service or Grants</u>. PARTICIPANT ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THE VESTING OF SHARES PURSUANT TO THE VESTING SCHEDULE HEREOF SHALL OCCUR ONLY BY CONTINUING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT THE WILL OF THE EMPLOYER OR CONTRACTING ENTITY (AS APPLICABLE) AND NOT THROUGH THE ACT OF BEING HIRED, BEING GRANTED THE OPTION OR ACQUIRING SHARES HEREUNDER.PARTICIPANT FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THIS AWARD AGREEMENT, THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREUNDER AND THE VESTING SCHEDULE SET FORTH HEREIN DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED PROMISE OF CONTINUED ENGAGEMENT AS A SERVICE PROVIDER FOR THE VESTING PERIOD, FOR ANY PERIOD, OR AT ALL, AND WILL NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH PARTICIPANT'S RIGHT OR THE RIGHT OF THE EMPLOYER OR THE COMPANY (OR ANY AFFILIATE) TO TERMINATE PARTICIPANT'S RELATIONSHIP AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT ANY TIME, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE (SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE LAWS).

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8. <u>Nature of Grant</u>. In accepting the Option, Participant acknowledges, understands and agrees that:

(a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time;

(b) the grant of the Option is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Options, or benefits in lieu of Options even if Options have been granted repeatedly in the past;

(c) all decisions with respect to future awards of Options, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company;

(d) Participant's participation in the Plan is voluntary;

(e) the Option and the Shares subject to the Option are extraordinary items that do not constitute regular compensation for services rendered to the Company or the Employer, and that are outside the scope of Participant's employment contract, if any;

(f) the Option and the Shares subject to the Option are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation;

(g) the Option and the Shares subject to the Option are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purposes, including, but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, or end of service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments and in no event should be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company or the Employer, subject to Applicable Laws;

(h) the future value of the underlying Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty; further, if Participant exercises the Option and obtains Shares, the value of the Shares acquired upon exercise may increase or decrease in value, even below the Exercise Price;

(i) Participant also understands that neither the Company nor any Affiliate is responsible for any foreign exchange fluctuation between local currency and the United States Dollar or the selection by the Company or any Affiliate in its sole discretion of an applicable foreign currency exchange rate that may affect the value of the Option (or the calculation of income or Tax-Related Items thereunder);

(j) in consideration of the grant of the Option, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from forfeiture of the Option resulting from termination of employment by the Employer (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of Applicable Laws, including, without limitation, applicable local labor laws), and Participant irrevocably releases the Employer from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, Participant shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived his or her entitlement to pursue such claim; and

(k) the Option and the benefits under the Plan, if any, will not automatically transfer to another company in the case of a merger, take-over or transfer of liability.

- 9. <u>No Advice Regarding Grant</u>. The Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding Participant's participation in the Plan, or Participant's acquisition or sale of the underlying Shares. Participant is hereby advised to consult with his or her own personal tax, legal and financial advisors regarding Participant's participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.
- 10. Data Privacy. Participant hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of Participant's Personal Data (as described below) by and among, as applicable, the Company, any Affiliate or third parties as may be selected by the Company for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing Participant's participation in the Plan. Participant understands that refusal or withdrawal of consent will affect Participant's ability to participate in the Plan; without providing consent, Participant will not be able to participate in the Plan or realize benefits (if any) from the Option.

Participant understands that the Company and any Affiliate or designated third parties may hold personal information about Participant, including, but not limited to, Participant's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Company or any Affiliate details of all Options or any other entitlement to Shares awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Participant's favor ("Personal Data"). Participant understands that Personal Data may be transferred to any Affiliate or third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan, that these recipients may be located in the United States, Participant's country (if different than the United States), or elsewhere, and that the recipient's country may have different data privacy laws and protections than Participant's country. In particular, the Company may transfer Personal Data to the broker or stock plan administrator assisting with the Plan, to its legal counsel and tax/accounting advisor, and to the Affiliate or entity that is Participant's employer and its payroll provider.

Participant should also refer to any data privacy policy implemented by the Company (which will be available to Participant separately and may be updated from time to time) for more information regarding the collection, use, storage, and transfer of Participant's Personal Data.

- 11. <u>Address for Notices</u>. Any notice to be given to the Company under the terms of this Award Agreement will be addressed to the Company, in care of its Secretary at Serve Robotics Inc., 730 Broadway, Redwood City, CA 94063, or at such other address as the Company may hereafter designate in writing.
- 12. <u>Non-Transferability of Option</u>. This Option may not be transferred in any manner otherwise than by will or by the laws of descent or distribution and may be exercised during the lifetime of Participant only by Participant.

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- 13. <u>Binding Agreement</u>. Subject to the limitation on the transferability of this Option contained herein, this Award Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.
- 14. Additional Conditions to Issuance of Stock. If at any time the Company will determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration, qualification or compliance of the Shares upon or with any securities exchange or under any Applicable Laws, the tax code and related regulations or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory authority is necessary or desirable as a condition to the grant or vesting of the Option or purchase by, or issuance of Shares to, Participant (or his or her estate) hereunder, such purchase or issuance will not occur unless and until such listing, registration, qualification, compliance, consent or approval will have been completed, effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. The Company will make all reasonable efforts to meet the requirements of any Applicable Laws. Assuming such compliance, for purposes of the Tax-Related Items, the Exercised Shares will be considered transferred to Participant on the date the Option is exercised with respect to such Exercised Shares. The Company shall not be obligated to issue any Shares pursuant to this Option at any time if the issuance of Shares, or the exercise of an Option by Participant, violates or is not in compliance with any Applicable Laws.
- 15. Lock-Up Agreement. If so requested by the Company in connection with a transaction pursuant to which the securities of the Company will be exchanged for securities of a company (or any successor or parent thereof) registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), including, without limitation, through a transaction with a publicly-listed blank check company then registered under the Securities Act (a "SPAC Transaction"), Participant hereby agrees (i) not to offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, make any short sale of, loan, grant any option for the purchase of, or otherwise dispose of any securities of the Company however and whenever acquired without the prior written consent of the Company for a period of 180 days from the date of the consummation of the transaction in which the securities of the Company became a Listed Security (as defined below), and (ii) to execute an agreement reflecting the foregoing. For purposes of this Section, "Listed Security" means any security of the Company that is listed or approved for listing on a national securities exchange (including, without limitation, pursuant to a SPAC Transaction) or designated or approved for designation as a national market system security on an interdealer quotation system by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (or any successor thereto).

If the underwriters release or waive any of the foregoing restrictions in connection with a transfer of shares of Common Stock, the underwriters shall notify the Company at least three business days before the effective date of any such release or waiver. Further, the Company will announce the impending release or waiver by press release through a major news service at least two business days before the effective date of the release or waiver. Any release or waiver granted by the underwriters shall only be effective two business days after the publication date of such press release. The provisions of this paragraph will not apply if (x) the release or waiver is effected solely to permit a transfer not for consideration and (y) the transfere has agreed in writing to be bound by the same terms of the lock-up provisions applicable in general to the extent, and for the duration, that such lock-up provisions remain in effect at the time of the transfer.

16. <u>Plan Governs.</u> This Award Agreement is subject to all terms and provisions of the Plan. If there is a conflict between one or more provisions of this Award Agreement and one or more provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan will govern. Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Award Agreement and in the Notice of Grant will have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

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- 17. <u>Administrator Authority</u>. The Administrator will have the power to interpret the Plan and this Award Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application of the Plan as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules (including, but not limited to, the determination regarding whether any Shares subject to the Option have vested). All actions taken, and all interpretations and determinations made, by the Administrator in good faith will be final and binding upon Participant, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Administrator will be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan or this Award Agreement.
- 18. <u>Electronic Delivery and Acceptance</u>. By accepting this Option, Participant agrees to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company, and consents to the electronic delivery of the Award Agreement, the Plan, account statements, Plan prospectuses, and all other documents, communications, or information related to the Option and current or future participation in the Plan. Electronic delivery may include the delivery of a link to the Company intranet or the internet site of a third party involved in administering the Plan, the delivery of the document via e-mail, or such other delivery determined at the Company's discretion. Participant may receive from the Company a paper copy of any documents delivered electronically at no cost if Participant contacts the Company by telephone, through a postal service, or electronic mail to Stock Administration.
- 19. <u>Translation</u>. If Participant has received this Award Agreement, including appendices, or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English, and the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.
- 20. <u>Clawback/Recovery</u>. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary under the Plan or this Award Agreement, this Award and the Shares subject hereto shall be subject to the Company's clawback policy as may be established and/or amended from time to time (the "<u>Compensation Recovery</u> <u>Policy</u>"). The Administrator may require the Participant to forfeit or return to and/or reimburse the Company for all or a portion of the Award and/or Shares issued under the Award, any amounts paid in respect of the Award, and any payments or proceeds paid or provided upon disposition of the Shares issued under the Award, pursuant to the terms of such Company policy or as necessary or appropriate to comply with Applicable Laws. For the avoidance of doubt, the Participant shall be subject to compliance with Applicable Laws, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, and the Company's corporate policies, as applicable, including without limitation the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, (i) compliance with Applicable Law, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, and the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy, will not be earned or vested, even if already granted, paid or settled, until the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy, will not be earned or vesting conditions applicable to the Award are satisfied.

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- 21. Imposition of Other Requirements. The Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the Option and on any Shares acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable in order to comply with any Applicable Laws or facilitate the administration of the Plan, and to require Participant to sign any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing. Furthermore, Participant understands that the Applicable Laws of the country in which he or she is resident at the time of grant, vesting, and/or exercise of this Option or the holding or disposition of Shares (including any rules or regulations governing securities, foreign exchange, tax, labor or other matters) may restrict or prevent exercise of this Option or may subject Participant to additional procedural or regulatory requirements he or she is solely responsible for and will have to independently fulfill in relation to this Option or the Shares. Notwithstanding any provision herein, this Option and any Exercised Shares shall be subject to any special terms and conditions or disclosures as set forth in any addendum for Participant's country (the "Country-Specific Addendum," which forms part this Award Agreement). Participant also understands and agrees that if he or she works, resides, moves to, or otherwise is or becomes subject to Applicable Laws or company policies of another jurisdiction at any time, certain country-specific notices, disclaimers and/or terms and conditions may apply to him or her as from the date of grant, unless otherwise determined by the Company in its sole discretion.
- 22. <u>Captions</u>. Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Award Agreement.
- 23. <u>Agreement Severable</u>. If any provision in this Award Agreement will be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision will be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability will not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of this Award Agreement.
- 24. <u>Modifications to the Award Agreement</u>. This Award Agreement constitutes the entire understanding of the parties on the subjects covered. Participant expressly warrants that he or she is not accepting this Award Agreement in reliance on any promises, representations, or inducements other than those contained herein. Modifications to this Award Agreement or the Plan can be made only in an express written contract executed by a duly authorized officer of the Company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or this Award Agreement, the Company reserves the right to revise this Award Agreement as it deems necessary or advisable, in its sole discretion and without the consent of Participant, to comply with Code Section 409A or to otherwise avoid imposition of any additional tax or income recognition under Code Section 409A in connection to this Option.
- 25. <u>Amendment, Suspension or Termination of the Plan</u>. By accepting this Award, Participant expressly warrants that he or she has received an Option under the Plan, and has received, read and understood a description of the Plan. Participant understands that the Plan is discretionary in nature and may be amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time.
- 26. <u>Governing Law and Venue</u>. This Award Agreement will be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the conflict of law principles thereof. For purposes of litigating any dispute that arises under this Award or this Award Agreement, the parties hereby submit to and consent to the jurisdiction of the State of Delaware and agree that such litigation will be conducted in the courts of Delaware, or the federal courts for the United States for the District of Delaware, and no other courts.

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Country-Specific Addendum

This Addendum includes additional country-specific notices, disclaimers, and/or terms and conditions that apply to individuals who are working or residing in the countries listed below, if any, and that may be material to Participant's participation in the Plan. Such notices, disclaimers, and/or terms and conditions may also apply, as from the date of grant, if Participant moves to or otherwise is or becomes subject to the Applicable Laws or company policies of any country listed below. However, because foreign exchange regulations and other local laws are subject to frequent change, Participant is advised to seek advice from his or her own personal legal and tax advisor prior to accepting or exercising an Option or holding or selling Shares acquired under the Plan. The Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding Participant's acceptance of the Option or participation in the Plan. Unless otherwise noted below, capitalized terms shall have the same meaning assigned to them under the Plan, the Notice of Stock Option Grant and the Award Agreement. This Addendum forms part of the Award Agreement and should be read in conjunction with the Award Agreement and the Plan.

Securities Law Notice: Unless otherwise noted, neither the Company nor the Shares are registered with any local stock exchange or under the control of any local securities regulator outside the United States. The Award Agreement (of which this Addendum is a part), the Notice of Stock Option Grant, the Plan, and any other communications or materials that you may receive regarding participation in the Plan do not constitute advertising or an offering of securities outside the United States, and the issuance of securities described in any Plan-related documents is not intended for public offering or circulation in your jurisdiction.

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EXHIBIT A

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

EXERCISE NOTICE

Serve Robotics Inc.

Attention:

- Exercise of Option. Effective as of today, ______, the undersigned ("*Purchaser*") hereby elects to purchase, ______, shares (the "*Shares*") of the Common Stock of Serve Robotics Inc. (the "*Company*") under and pursuant to the 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the "*Plan*"), the Notice of Stock Option Grant and the Stock Option Agreement dated ______, (the "*Award Agreement*"). The purchase price for the Shares will be USD \$______, as required by the Award Agreement.
- Delivery of Payment. Purchaser herewith delivers to the Company, or otherwise makes adequate arrangements satisfactory to the Company, the full
 purchase price of the Shares and any Tax- Related Items (as defined in the Award Agreement) to be paid in connection with the exercise of the
 Option.
- <u>Representations of Purchaser</u>. Purchaser acknowledges that Purchaser has received, read and understood the Plan and the Award Agreement and agrees to abide by and be bound by their terms and conditions.
- 4. <u>Rights as Stockholder</u>. Until the issuance (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company) of the Shares, no right to vote or receive dividends or any other rights as a stockholder will exist with respect to the Shares subject to the Option, notwithstanding the exercise of the Option. The Shares so acquired will be issued to Purchaser as soon as practicable after exercise of the Option. No adjustment will be made for a dividend or other right for which the record date is prior to the date of issuance, except as provided in Section 15 of the Plan.
- 5. <u>Tax Consultation</u>. Purchaser understands that Purchaser may suffer adverse tax consequences as a result of Purchaser's purchase or disposition of the Shares. Purchaser represents that Purchaser has consulted with any tax consultants Purchaser deems advisable in connection with the purchase or disposition of the Shares and that Purchaser is not relying on the Company for any tax advice.
- 6. Entire Agreement; Governing Law. The Plan and Award Agreement are incorporated herein by reference. This Exercise Notice, the Plan and the Award Agreement constitute the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede in their entirety all prior undertakings and agreements of the Company and Purchaser with respect to the subject matter hereof, and may not be modified adversely to the Purchaser's interest except by means of a writing signed by the Company and Purchaser. This agreement is governed by the internal substantive laws, but not the choice of law rules, of the State of Delaware.

Submitted by:

PURCHASER:

Signature

Print Name

Accepted by:

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

Title

By

Date Received

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SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

NOTICE OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT GRANT

Participant Name:

You have been granted the right to receive an Award of Restricted Stock Units, subject to the terms and conditions of this Restricted Stock Unit Grant Notice (the "*Notice of Grant*"), the Serve Robotics Inc. 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the "*Plan*") and the attached Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (which includes the Country-Specific Addendum, the "*Award Agreement*"), as set forth below. Unless otherwise defined herein, the terms used in this Notice of Grant shall have the meanings defined in the Plan.

Grant Number:		
Date of Grant:		
Vesting Commencement Date:		
Number of Restricted Stock Units:		
Vesting Schedule:		
Subject to Section 3 of the Award Agreement,	the Restricted Stock Units will vest in accordance with	the following schedule:

If Participant ceases to be a Service Provider for any or no reason before Participant vests in the Restricted Stock Units, the Restricted Stock Units and Participant's right to acquire any Shares hereunder will terminate in accordance with Section 3 of the Award Agreement.

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By accepting this Award (whether electronically or otherwise), Participant acknowledges and agrees to the following:

1. This Award is governed by the terms and conditions of this Award Agreement and the Plan. In the event of a conflict between the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the terms of the Plan will prevail. Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Award Agreement and the Notice of Grant will have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

2. Participant has received a copy of the Plan, the Award Agreement, the Plan prospectus, and the Insider Trading Policy and represents that Participant has read these documents and is familiar with their terms. Participant further agrees to accept as binding, conclusive, and final all decisions and interpretations of the Administrator (or its delegees) regarding any questions relating to this Award and the Plan.

3. Vesting of the Award is subject to Participant's continuous status as a Service Provider, which is for an unspecified duration and may be terminated at any time, with or without Cause, and nothing in the Award Agreement or the Plan changes the nature of that relationship.

4. The Company is not providing any tax, legal, or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding participation in the Plan. Participant should consult with his or her own personal tax, legal, and financial advisors regarding participation in the Plan before taking any action related to the Plan.

5. Participant consents to electronic delivery and participation as set forth in the Plan and the Award Agreement.

PARTICIPANT:

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

Signature			
Print Name			

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By

Title

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

2023 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT

1. <u>Grant</u>. The Company hereby grants to the individual (the "*Participant*") named in the Notice of Restricted Stock Unit Grant (the "*Notice of Grant*") an Award of Restricted Stock Units under the Serve Robotics Inc. 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the "*Plan*"), subject to all of the terms and conditions in the Notice of Grant, this Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (the "*Award Agreement*") and the Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference. If there is a conflict between the terms and conditions of the Plan and the terms and conditions of this Award Agreement, the terms and conditions of the Plan will prevail.

2. <u>Company's Obligation to Pay</u>. Each Restricted Stock Unit represents the right to receive a Share on the date it vests. Unless and until the Restricted Stock Units will have vested in the manner set forth in Section 3, Participant will have no right to receive Shares pursuant to any such Restricted Stock Units. Prior to actual payment of any vested Restricted Stock Units, such Restricted Stock Units will represent an unsecured obligation of the Company. Any Restricted Stock Units that vest in accordance with Section 3 will be settled by delivery of whole Shares as set forth herein to Participant (or in the event of Participant's death, to his or her estate), subject to Participant satisfying any Tax-Related Items as set forth in Section 7. Subject to the provisions of Section 4, such vested Restricted Stock Units will be settled by delivery of whole Shares as soon as practicable after vesting, but in each such case within the period ending no later than the date that is two and one-half $(2\frac{1}{2})$ months from the end of the Company's tax year that includes the vesting date. In no event will Participant be permitted, directly or indirectly, to specify the taxable year in which Shares will be issued upon payment of any Restricted Stock Units under this Award Agreement.

3. <u>Vesting Schedule</u>. The Restricted Stock Units awarded by this Award Agreement will vest in accordance with the vesting provisions set forth in the Notice of Grant. Restricted Stock Units scheduled to vest on a certain date or upon the occurrence of a certain condition will not vest in accordance with any of the provisions of this Award Agreement, unless Participant will have been continuously a Service Provider from the Date of Grant until the date such vesting occurs. Service Provider status for purposes of this Award will end on the day that Participant is no longer actively providing services as an Employee, Director, or Independent Contractor and will not be extended by any notice period or "garden leave" that may be required contractually or under Applicable Laws. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrator (or any delegate) shall have the sole and absolute discretion to determine when Participant is no longer providing active service for purposes of Service Provider status and participation in the Plan.

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4. <u>Administrator Discretion</u>. Notwithstanding anything in the Plan or this Award Agreement to the contrary, if the vesting of the balance, or some lesser portion of the balance, of the Restricted Stock Units is accelerated in connection with Participant's termination as a Service Provider (provided that such termination is a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A, as determined by the Company), other than due to death, and if (x) Participant is a "specified employee" within the meaning of Code Section 409A at the time of such termination as a Service Provider and (y) the payment of such accelerated Restricted Stock Units will result in the imposition of additional tax under Code Section 409A if paid to Participant on or within the six (6) month period following Participant's termination as a Service Provider, then the payment of such accelerated Restricted Stock Units will not be made until the date six (6) months and one (1) day following the date of Participant's termination as a Service Provider, unless the Participant dies following his or her termination as a Service Provider, in which case, the Restricted Stock Units will be settled in Shares to the Participant's estate as soon as practicable following his or her death. It is the intent of this Award Agreement that it and all payments and benefits hereunder be exempt from, or comply with, the requirements of Code Section 409A so that none of the Restricted Stock Units provided under this Award Agreement or Shares issuable thereunder will be subject to the additional tax imposed under Code Section 409A, and any ambiguities herein will be interpreted to be so exempt or so comply. Each payment payable under this Award Agreement, "Code Section 409A, and any ambiguities herein will be interpreted to be so exempt or so comply. Each payment payable under this Award Agreement, "Code Section 409A, and any ambiguities herein will be interpreted to be so exempt or so comply. Each payment payable under this Award Agreement, "Code Section 4

5. Forfeiture upon Termination of Status as a Service Provider. Except as otherwise provided in the Notice of Grant, any Restricted Stock Units that have not vested will be forfeited and will return to the Plan on the date that is thirty (30) days following the termination of Participant's status as a Service Provider.

6. Death of Participant. Any distribution or delivery to be made to Participant under this Award Agreement will, if Participant is then deceased, be made to Participant's designated beneficiary, if so allowed by the Administrator in its sole discretion, or if no beneficiary survives Participant, the administrator or executor of Participant's estate. Any such transferee must furnish the Company with (a) written notice of his or her status as transferee, and (b) evidence satisfactory to the Company to establish the validity of the transfer and compliance with any Applicable Laws or regulations pertaining to said transfer.

7. Withholding of Taxes. Regardless of any action the Company or Participant's employer (the "Employer") takes with respect to any or all applicable national, local, or other tax or social contribution, withholding, required deductions, or other payments, if any, that arise upon the grant or vesting of the Restricted Stock Units or the holding or subsequent sale of Shares, and the receipt of dividends, if any, or otherwise in connection with the Restricted Stock Units or the Shares ("Tax-Related Items"), Participant acknowledges and agrees that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items legally due by Participant is and remains Participant's responsibility and may exceed any amount actually withheld by the Company or the Employer. Participant further acknowledges and agrees that Participant is solely responsible for filing all relevant documentation that may be required in relation to the Restricted Stock Units or any Tax-Related Items (other than filings or documentation that is the specific obligation of the Company, an Affiliate or Employer pursuant to Applicable Laws) such as but not limited to personal income tax returns or reporting statements in relation to the grant, vesting or payment of the Restricted Stock Units, the holding of Shares or any bank or brokerage account, the subsequent sale of Shares, and the receipt of any dividends. Participant further acknowledges that the Company and the Employer (a) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Restricted Stock Units, including the grant or vesting of the Restricted Stock Units, the subsequent sale of Shares acquired under the Plan, and the receipt of dividends, if any; and (b) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure the terms of the Restricted Stock Units or any aspect of the Restricted Stock Units to reduce or eliminate Participant's liability for Tax-Related Items, or achieve any particular tax result. Participant also understands that Applicable Laws may require varying Share or Restricted Stock Unit valuation methods for purposes of calculating Tax-Related Items, and the Company assumes no responsibility or liability in relation to any such valuation or for any calculation or reporting of income or Tax-Related Items that may be required of Participant under Applicable Laws. Further, if Participant has become subject to tax in more than one jurisdiction between the date of grant and the date of any relevant taxable event, Participant acknowledges that the Company and/or the Employer (or former employer, as applicable) may be required to withhold or account for Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Award Agreement, no certificate representing the Shares will be issued to Participant, unless and until satisfactory arrangements (as determined by the Administrator) will have been made by Participant with respect to the payment of any Tax-Related Items which the Company determines must be withheld with respect to such Shares.

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As a condition to the grant and vesting of the Restricted Stock Units and as set forth in Section 16 of the Plan, Participant hereby agrees to make adequate provision for the satisfaction of (and will indemnify the Company and any Affiliate for) any Tax-Related Items. In this regard, Participant authorizes the Company and/or the Employer or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy the obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items by one or a combination of the following: (i) by receipt of a cash payment from Participant; (ii) by withholding from Participant's wages or other cash compensation paid to Participant by the Company or the Employer; (iii) withholding Shares that otherwise would be issued to Participant upon payment of the vested Restricted Stock Units (provided that amounts withheld shall not exceed the amount necessary to satisfy the Company's minimum tax withholding obligations); (iv) by withholding from proceeds of the sale of Shares acquired upon payment of the vested Restricted Stock Units through a voluntary sale or a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on Participant's behalf pursuant to this authorization), or (v) by any other arrangement approved by the Committee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, Participant's obligations with respect to all Tax-Related Items shall be satisfied by the Company withholding Shares that otherwise would be issued to Participant's obligations. Any Shares withheld pursuant to this Section 7 shall be valued based on the Fair Market Value as of the date the withholding obligations are satisfied. Furthermore, Participant agrees to pay the Company, any Affiliate or Employer any Tax-Related Items that cannot be satisfied by the foregoing methods.

8. <u>Rights as Stockholder</u>. Neither Participant nor any person claiming under or through Participant will have any of the rights or privileges of a stockholder of the Company in respect of any Shares deliverable hereunder unless and until such Shares will have been issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company). After such issuance, Participant will have all the rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to voting such Shares and receipt of dividends and distributions on such Shares, but prior to such issuance, Participant will not have any rights to dividends and/or distributions on such Shares.

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9. <u>No Guarantee of Continued Service or Grants</u>. PARTICIPANT ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THE VESTING OF THE RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS PURSUANT TO THE VESTING SCHEDULE HEREOF SHALL OCCUR ONLY BY CONTINUING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT THE WILL OF THE EMPLOYER OR CONTRACTING ENTITY (AS APPLICABLE) AND NOT THROUGH THE ACT OF BEING HIRED, BEING GRANTED THIS AWARD OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS OR ACQUIRING SHARES HEREUNDER. PARTICIPANT FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THIS AWARD AGREEMENT, THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREUNDER AND THE VESTING SCHEDULE SET FORTH HEREIN DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED PROMISE OF CONTINUED ENGAGEMENT AS A SERVICE PROVIDER FOR THE VESTING PERIOD, FOR ANY PERIOD, OR AT ALL, AND WILL NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH PARTICIPANT'S RIGHT OR THE RIGHT OF THE EMPLOYER OR THE COMPANY (OR ANY AFFILIATE) TO TERMINATE PARTICIPANT'S RELATIONSHIP AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT ANY TIME, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE, SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE LAWS.

Participant also acknowledges and agrees that: (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time; (b) the grant of Restricted Stock Units is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted repeatedly in the past; (c) all decisions with respect to future awards of Restricted Stock Units, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company; (d) Participant's participation in the Plan is voluntary; (e) the Restricted Stock Units and the Shares subject to the Restricted Stock Units are extraordinary items that do not constitute regular compensation for services rendered to the Company or the Employer, and that are outside the scope of Participant's employment contract, if any; (f) the Restricted Stock Units and the Shares subject to the Restricted Stock Units are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation; (g) the Restricted Stock Units and the Shares subject to the Restricted Stock Units are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purposes, including, but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination, redundancy, dismissal, or end of service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments and in no event should be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company or the Employer, subject to Applicable Laws.

10. <u>Address for Notices</u>. Any notice to be given to the Company under the terms of this Award Agreement will be addressed to the Company, in care of its Secretary at Serve Robotics Inc., 730 Broadway, Redwood City, CA 94063 or at such other address as the Company may hereafter designate in writing.

11. <u>Grant is Not Transferable</u>. Except to the limited extent provided in Section 6, this grant and the rights and privileges conferred hereby may not be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of Applicable Laws or otherwise) and may not be subject to sale under execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of this grant, or any right or privilege conferred hereby, or upon any attempted sale under any execution, attachment or similar process, this grant and the rights and privileges conferred hereby immediately will become null and void.

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12. <u>Binding Agreement</u>. Subject to the limitation on the transferability of this grant contained herein, this Award Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.

13. Additional Conditions to Issuance of Stock and Imposition of Other Requirements. If at any time the Company will determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration, qualification or compliance of the Shares upon or with any securities exchange or under any Applicable Laws, the tax code and related regulations or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory authority is necessary or desirable as a condition to the issuance of Shares to Participant (or his or her estate) hereunder, such issuance will not occur unless and until such listing, registration, qualification, compliance, consent or approval will have been completed, effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. Where the Company determines that the delivery of any Shares will violate any state, federal or foreign securities or exchange laws or other Applicable Laws, the Company will defer delivery until the earliest date at which the Company reasonably anticipates that the delivery of Shares will no longer cause such violation. The Company will make all reasonable efforts to meet the requirements of any Applicable Laws or securities exchange and to obtain any such consent or approval of any such governmental authority or securities exchange. The Company shall not be obligated to issue any Shares pursuant to the Restricted Stock Units at any time if the issuance of Shares violates or is not in compliance with any Applicable Laws.

Furthermore, the Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the Restricted Stock Units and on any Shares acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable in order to comply with any Applicable Laws or facilitate the administration of the Plan, and to require Participant to sign any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing. Furthermore, Participant understands that the Applicable Laws of the country in which he or she is resident at the time of grant or vesting of the Restricted Stock Units or the holding or disposition of Shares (including any rules or regulations governing securities, foreign exchange, tax, labor or other matters) may restrict or prevent the issuance of Shares or may subject Participant to additional procedural or regulatory requirements he or she is solely responsible for and will have to independently fulfill in relation to the Restricted Stock Units or the Shares. Notwithstanding any provision herein, the Restricted Stock Units and any Shares shall be subject to any special terms and conditions or disclosures as set forth in any addendum for Participant's country (the "*Country-Specific Addendum*," which forms part this Award Agreement). Participant also understands and agrees that if he or she works, resides, moves to, or otherwise is or becomes subject to Applicable Laws or company policies of another jurisdiction at any time, certain country-specific notices, disclaimers and/or terms and conditions may apply to him or her as from the date of grant, unless otherwise determined by the Company in its sole discretion.

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14. Lock-Up Agreement. If so requested by the Company in connection a transaction pursuant to which the securities of the Company will be exchanged for securities of a company (or any successor or parent thereof) registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), including, without limitation, through a transaction with a publicly-listed blank check company then registered under the Securities Act (a "SPAC Transaction"), securities, Participant hereby agrees (i) not to offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, make any short sale of, loan, grant any option for the purchase of, or otherwise dispose of any securities of the Company however and whenever acquired without the prior written consent of the Company for a period 180 days from the date of the consummation of the transaction in which the securities of the Company became a Listed Security (as defined below), and (ii) to execute an agreement reflecting the foregoing. For purposes of this Section, "Listed Security" means any security of the Company that is listed or approved for listing on a national securities exchange (including, without limitation, pursuant to a SPAC Transaction) or designated or approved for designation as a national market system security on an interdealer quotation system by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (or any successor thereto).

If the underwriters release or waive any of the foregoing restrictions in connection with a transfer of shares of Common Stock, the underwriters shall notify the Company at least three business days before the effective date of any such release or waiver. Further, the Company will announce the impending release or waiver by press release through a major news service at least two business days before the effective date of the release or waiver. Any release or waiver granted by the underwriters shall only be effective two business days after the publication date of such press release. The provisions of this paragraph will not apply if (x) the release or waiver is effected solely to permit a transfer not for consideration and (y) the transfere has agreed in writing to be bound by the same terms of the lock-up provisions applicable in general to the extent, and for the duration, that such lock-up provisions remain in effect at the time of the transfer.

15. <u>Plan Governs</u>. This Award Agreement is subject to all terms and provisions of the Plan. If there is a conflict between one or more provisions of this Award Agreement and one or more provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan will govern. Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Award Agreement and the Notice of Grant will have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

16. <u>Administrator Authority</u>. The Administrator will have the power to interpret the Plan and this Award Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application of the Plan as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules (including, but not limited to, the determination regarding whether any Restricted Stock Units have vested). All actions taken, and all interpretations and determinations made, by the Administrator in good faith will be final and binding upon Participant, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Administrator will be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan or this Award Agreement.

17. Electronic Delivery and Acceptance; Translation. By accepting this Award, Participant agrees to participate in the Plan through an on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company, and consents to the electronic delivery of the Award Agreement, the Plan, account statements, Plan prospectuses, and all other documents, communications, or information related to the Award and current or future participation in the Plan. Electronic delivery may include the delivery of a link to the Company intranet or the internet site of a third party involved in administering the Plan, the delivery of the document via e-mail, or such other delivery determined at the Company's discretion. Participant may receive from the Company a paper copy of any documents delivered electronically at no cost if Participant contacts the Company by telephone, through a postal service, or electronic mail to Stock Administration.

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18. <u>Translation</u>. If Participant has received this Award Agreement, including appendices, or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English, and the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

19. <u>Clawback/Recovery</u>. Notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary under the Plan or this Award Agreement, this Award and the Shares subject hereto shall be subject to the Company's clawback policy as may be established and/or amended from time to time (the "<u>Compensation Recovery Policy</u>"). The Administrator may require the Participant to forfeit or return to and/or reimburse the Company for all or a portion of the Award and/or Shares issued under the Award, any amounts paid in respect of the Award, and any payments or proceeds paid or provided upon disposition of the Shares issued under the Award, pursuant to the terms of such Company policy or as necessary or appropriate to comply with Applicable Laws. For the avoidance of doubt, the Participant shall be subject to compliance with Applicable Laws, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, and the Company's corporate policies, as applicable, including without limitation the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, (i) compliance with Applicable Law, the Company's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, as applicable, shall be a pre-condition to earning, or vesting in respect of, the Award and (ii) the Award, to the extent subject to the Company's Compensation Recovery Policy ceases to apply to the Award and any other vesting conditions applicable to the Award are satisfied.

20. <u>Captions</u>. Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Award Agreement.

21. <u>Agreement Severable</u>. If any provision in this Award Agreement will be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision will be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability will not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of this Award Agreement.

22. <u>Modifications to the Award Agreement</u>. This Award Agreement constitutes the entire understanding of the parties on the subjects covered. Participant expressly warrants that he or she is not accepting this Award Agreement in reliance on any promises, representations, or inducements other than those contained herein. Modifications to this Award Agreement or the Plan can be made only in an express written contract executed by a duly authorized officer of the Company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or this Award Agreement, the Company reserves the right to revise this Award Agreement as it deems necessary or advisable, in its sole discretion and without the consent of Participant, to comply with Code Section 409A or to otherwise avoid imposition of any additional tax or income recognition under Code Section 409A in connection to this Award of Restricted Stock Units.

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23. <u>Data Privacy</u>. Participant hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of Participant's Personal Data (as described below) by and among, as applicable, the Company, any Affiliate or third parties as may be selected by the Company for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing Participant's participation in the Plan. Participant understands that refusal or withdrawal of consent will affect Participant's ability to participate in the Plan; without providing consent, Participant will not be able to participate in the Plan or realize benefits (if any) from the Restricted Stock Units.

Participant understands that the Company and any Affiliate or designated third parties may hold personal information about Participant, including, but not limited to, Participant's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Company or any Affiliate, details of all Restricted Stock Units or any other entitlement to Shares awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Participant's favor ("Personal Data"). Participant understands that Personal Data may be transferred to any Affiliate or third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan, that these recipients may be located in the United States, Participant's country (if different than the United States), or elsewhere, and that the recipient's country may have different data privacy laws and protections than Participant's country. In particular, the Company may transfer Personal Data to the broker or stock plan administrator assisting with the Plan, to its legal counsel and tax/accounting advisor, and to the Affiliate or entity that is Participant's employer and its payroll provider.

Participant should also refer to any data privacy policy implemented by the Company (which will be available to Participant separately and may be updated from time to time) for more information regarding the collection, use, storage, and transfer of Participant's Personal Data.

24. <u>Foreign Exchange Fluctuations and Restrictions</u>. Participant understands and agrees that the future value of the underlying Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty and may decrease. Participant also understands that neither the Company, nor any Affiliate is responsible for any foreign exchange fluctuation between local currency and the United States Dollar or the selection by the Company or any Affiliate in its sole discretion of an applicable foreign currency exchange rate that may affect the value of the Restricted Stock Units or Shares received (or the calculation of income or Tax-Related Items thereunder). Participant understands and agrees that any cross-border remittance made to transfer proceeds received upon the sale of Shares must be made through a locally authorized financial institution or registered foreign exchange agency and may require the Participant to provide such entity with certain information regarding the transaction.

25. <u>Amendment, Suspension or Termination of the Plan</u>. By accepting this Award, Participant expressly warrants that he or she has received an Award of Restricted Stock Units under the Plan, and has received, read and understood a description of the Plan. Participant understands that the Plan is discretionary in nature and may be amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time.

26. <u>Governing Law and Venue</u>. This Award Agreement will be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the conflict of law principles thereof. For purposes of litigating any dispute that arises under this Award of Restricted Stock Units or this Award Agreement, the parties hereby submit to and consent to the jurisdiction of the State of Delaware, and agree that such litigation will be conducted in the courts of Los Angeles County, Delaware, or the federal courts for the United States for the District of Delaware, and no other courts.

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Country-Specific Addendum

This Addendum includes additional country-specific notices, disclaimers, and/or terms and conditions that apply to individuals who are working or residing in the countries listed below, if any, and that may be material to Participant's participation in the Plan. Such notices, disclaimers, and/or terms and conditions may also apply, as from the date of grant, if Participant moves to or otherwise is or becomes subject to the Applicable Laws or company policies of any country listed below. However, because foreign exchange regulations and other local laws are subject to frequent change, Participant is advised to seek advice from his or her own personal legal and tax advisor prior to accepting the Restricted Stock Units or holding or selling Shares acquired under the Plan. The Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding Participant's acceptance of the Restricted Stock Units or participation in the Plan. Unless otherwise noted below, capitalized terms shall have the same meaning assigned to them under the Plan, the Notice of Restricted Stock Unit Grant and the Award Agreement. This Addendum forms part of the Award Agreement and should be read in conjunction with the Award Agreement and the Plan.

Securities Law Notice: Unless otherwise noted, neither the Company nor the Shares are registered with any local stock exchange or under the control of any local securities regulator outside the United States. The Award Agreement (of which this Addendum is a part), the Notice of Restricted Stock Unit Grant, the Plan, and any other communications or materials that you may receive regarding participation in the Plan do not constitute advertising or an offering of securities outside the United States, and the issuance of securities described in any Plan-related documents is not intended for public offering or circulation in your jurisdiction.

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SERVE ROBOTICS INC. OUTSIDE DIRECTOR COMPENSATION POLICY

(Adopted and approved on February 16, 2024 and effective as of January 1, 2024)

Each member of the Board of Directors (the "*Board*") of Serve Robotics Inc. (the "*Company*") who is not an employee of the Company (each such member, an "*Outside Director*") will receive the compensation described in this Outside Director Compensation Policy (the "*Director Compensation Policy*"), for his or her Board service, commencing on January 1, 2024 (such date, the "*Effective Date*").

The Director Compensation Policy will become effective upon the Effective Date and may be amended at any time in the sole discretion of the Board.

Initial Cash Compensation

Each Outside Director will receive the initial amount set forth opposite such Outside Director's name on Schedule A hereto, payable on March 31, 2024, in addition to the amount equal to the quarterly installment to be paid on such date under the Annual Cash Compensation described below.

Annual Cash Compensation

Each Outside Director will receive the cash compensation set forth below for service on the Board. The annual cash compensation amounts will be payable in arrears, in equal quarterly installments following the end of each fiscal quarter of the Company in which the service was provided. Any amount payable for a partial quarter of service will be pro-rated by multiplying such amount by a fraction, the numerator of which will be the number of days of service that the Outside Director provided in such quarter and the denominator of which will be the number of days in such quarter inclusive. All annual cash fees are vested upon payment.

- 1. Annual Board Member Service Retainer:
 - a. All Outside Directors: <u>\$20,000</u>.
- 2. Annual Committee Member Service Retainer:
 - a. Member of the Audit Committee: \$5,000.
 - b. Member of the Compensation Committee: \$5,000.
 - c. Member of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee: \$5,000.

Equity Compensation

Equity awards will be granted under the Company's 2023 Equity Incentive Plan or any successor equity incentive plan adopted by the Board and the stockholders of the Company (the "*Plan*").

(a) Initial Grant for Outside Directors. Without any further action of the Board, upon the consummation of the Company's its initial public offering and listing of its Common Stock on The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC or the New York Stock Exchange, each Outside Director who is then serving as a member of the Board shall be granted an option to purchase 20,000 shares of the Common Stock of the Company under the Plan (each, an "*Initial Grant*"). Each Initial Grant shall vest in full on the one-year anniversary of the date of grant, subject to the applicable Outside Director's continued service as a member of the Board through such date; *provided* that if the Company does not have an effective Form S-8 registration statement on file with the SEC with sufficient shares available to cover the applicable equity award as of the date such award is to be granted (an "*Effective S-8*"), the grant of such equity award shall be delayed until such time as there is an Effective S-8.

(b) Automatic Annual Grant for Outside Directors. Without any further action of the Board, at the close of business on the date of each annual meeting of the Company's stockholders (an "*Annual Meeting*") following the Effective Date, each Outside Director who has served as a member of the Board since December 31st of the calendar year prior to such Annual Meeting shall be granted an option to purchase 20,000 shares of Class A Common Stock of the Company under the Plan (an "*Annual Grant*"). Each Annual Grant shall vest in full on the earlier to occur of (i) the next Annual Meeting or (ii) the one-year anniversary of the date of grant, subject to the applicable Outside Director's continued service as a member of the Board through such date; *provided* that if the Company does not have an Effective S-8, the grant of such equity award shall be delayed until such time as there is an Effective S-8.

(c) Vesting; Change in Control. All vesting is subject to the Outside Director's continued service as a member of the Board through each applicable vesting date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for each Outside Director who remains in continuous service as a member of the Board until immediately prior to the closing of a "*Change in Control*" (as defined in the Plan), any unvested portion of any restricted stock unit award granted in consideration of such Outside Director's service as a member of the Board shall vest in full immediately prior to, and contingent upon, the consummation of the Change in Control.

(d) Discretionary Grants. In addition to the automatic grants described herein and subject to any limitations provided in the Plan, the Board, in its sole discretion, may grant additional equity awards to certain Outside Directors for services to the Company that exceed the standard expectations of an Outside Director or for other circumstances determined to be appropriate by the Board, including, without limitation, an inducement for the Outside Director to remain on the Board or an initial grant for an individual to become an Outside Director.

(e) Remaining Terms. The remaining terms and conditions of each equity award granted under this policy will be as set forth in the Plan and the Company's standard form of award agreement, as amended from time to time by the Board or the Compensation Committee of the Board, as applicable.

Expenses

The Company will reimburse each Outside Director for ordinary, necessary and reasonable out-of-pocket travel expenses to cover in-person attendance at, and participation in, Board and committee meetings; *provided*, that the Outside Director timely submits to the Company appropriate documentation substantiating such expenses in accordance with the Company's travel and expense policy, as in effect from time to time.

SCHEDULE A

		Initial	
Dutside Director		Amount	
James Buckly Jordan		\$	11,250
Ali Pourdad		\$	11,250
Olivier Vincent	5	\$	11,250

Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Ali Kashani, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Serve Robotics Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 29, 2024

/s/ Ali Kashani

Ali Kashani Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, April Pannell, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Serve Robotics Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 29, 2024

/s/ April Pannell

April Pannell Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Serve Robotics Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Ali Kashani, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) of the Company, hereby certify as of the date hereof, solely for purposes of Title 18, Chapter 63, Section 1350 of the United States Code, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company at the dates and for the periods indicated.

Date: February 29, 2024

/s/ Ali Kashani

Ali Kashani Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Serve Robotics Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, April Pannell, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) of the Company, hereby certify as of the date hereof, solely for purposes of Title 18, Chapter 63, Section 1350 of the United States Code, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company at the dates and for the periods indicated.

Date: February 29, 2024

/s/ April Pannell

April Pannell Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

COMPENSATION RECOVERY POLICY

(Adopted and approved on January 24, 2024 and effective as of October 2, 2023)

1. Purpose

Serve Robotics Inc. (collectively with its subsidiaries, the "*Company*") is committed to promoting high standards of honest and ethical business conduct and compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations. As part of this commitment, the Company has adopted this Compensation Recovery Policy (this "*Policy*"). This Policy is designed to comply with Section 10D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "*Exchange Act*"), and explains when the Company will be required to seek recovery of Incentive Compensation awarded or paid to a Covered Person. Please refer to <u>Exhibit A</u> attached hereto (the "*Definitions Exhibit*") for the definitions of capitalized terms used throughout this Policy.

2. Miscalculation of Financial Reporting Measure Results

In the event of a Restatement, the Company will seek to recover, reasonably promptly, all Recoverable Incentive Compensation from a Covered Person. Such recovery, in the case of a Restatement, will be made without regard to any individual knowledge or responsibility related to the Restatement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Company is required to undertake a Restatement, the Company will not be required to recover the Recoverable Incentive Compensation if the Compensation Committee determines it Impracticable to do so, after exercising a normal due process review of all the relevant facts and circumstances.

If such Recoverable Incentive Compensation was not awarded or paid on a formulaic basis, the Company will seek to recover the amount that the Compensation Committee determines in good faith should be recouped.

3. Other Actions

The Compensation Committee may, subject to applicable law, seek recovery in the manner it chooses, including by seeking reimbursement from the Covered Person of all or part of the compensation awarded or paid, by electing to withhold unpaid compensation, by set-off, or by rescinding or canceling unvested stock.

In the reasonable exercise of its business judgment under this Policy, the Compensation Committee may in its sole discretion determine whether and to what extent additional action is appropriate to address the circumstances surrounding a Restatement to minimize the likelihood of any recurrence and to impose such other discipline as it deems appropriate.

4. No Indemnification or Reimbursement

Notwithstanding the terms of any other policy, program, agreement or arrangement, in no event will the Company or any of its affiliates indemnify or reimburse a Covered Person for any loss under this Policy and in no event will the Company or any of its affiliates pay premiums on any insurance policy that would cover a Covered Person's potential obligations with respect to Recoverable Incentive Compensation under this Policy.

5. Administration of Policy

The Compensation Committee will have full authority to administer this Policy. The Compensation Committee will, subject to the provisions of this Policy and Rule 10D-1 of the Exchange Act, and the Company's applicable exchange listing standards, make such determinations and interpretations and take such actions in connection with this Policy as it deems necessary, appropriate or advisable. All determinations and interpretations made by the Compensation Committee will be final, binding and conclusive.

6. Other Claims and Rights

The remedies under this Policy are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any legal and equitable claims the Company or any of its affiliates may have or any actions that may be imposed by law enforcement agencies, regulators, administrative bodies, or other authorities. Further, the exercise by the Compensation Committee of any rights pursuant to this Policy will not impact any other rights that the Company or any of its affiliates may have with respect to any Covered Person subject to this Policy.

7. Acknowledgement by Covered Persons; Condition to Eligibility for Incentive Compensation

The Company will provide notice and seek acknowledgement of this Policy, in substantially the form included as <u>Exhibit B</u> attached hereto, from each Covered Person, provided that the failure to provide such notice or obtain such acknowledgement will have no impact on the applicability or enforceability of this Policy. After the Effective Date, the Company must be in receipt of a Covered Person's acknowledgement as a condition to such Covered Person's eligibility to receive Incentive Compensation. All Incentive Compensation subject to this Policy will not be earned, even if already paid, until the Policy ceases to apply to such Incentive Compensation and any other vesting conditions applicable to such Incentive Compensation are satisfied.

8. Amendment; Termination

The Board or the Compensation Committee may amend or terminate this Policy at any time.

9. Effectiveness

Except as otherwise determined in writing by the Compensation Committee, this Policy will apply to any Incentive Compensation that is Received by a Covered Person on or after the Effective Date. This Policy will survive and continue notwithstanding any termination of a Covered Person's employment with the Company and its affiliates.

10. Successors

This Policy shall be binding and enforceable against all Covered Persons and their successors, beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators, or other legal representatives.

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Exhibit A

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

COMPENSATION RECOVERY POLICY

DEFINITIONS EXHIBIT

"*Applicable Period*" means the three completed fiscal years of the Company immediately preceding the earlier of (i) the date the Board, a committee of the Board, or the officer or officers of the Company authorized to take such action if Board action is not required, concludes (or reasonably should have concluded) that a Restatement is required or (ii) the date a court, regulator, or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare a Restatement. The "Applicable Period" also includes any transition period (that results from a change in the Company's fiscal year) within or immediately following the three completed fiscal years identified in the preceding sentence.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Compensation Committee" means the Company's committee of independent directors responsible for executive compensation decisions, or in the absence of such a committee, a majority of the independent directors serving on the Board.

"*Covered Person*" means any person who is, or was at any time, during the Applicable Period, an Executive Officer of the Company. For the avoidance of doubt, a Covered Person may include a former Executive Officer that left the Company, retired, or transitioned to an employee role (including after serving as an Executive Officer in an interim capacity) during the Applicable Period.

"Effective Date" means October 2, 2023.

"*Executive Officer*" means the Company's president, principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer (or if there is no such accounting officer, the controller), any vice-president in charge of a principal business unit, division, or function (such as sales, administration, or finance), any other officer who performs a policy-making function, or any other person (including an officer of the Company's parent(s) or subsidiaries) who performs similar policy-making functions for the Company.

"Financial Reporting Measure" means a measure that is determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company's financial statements (including, but not limited to, "non-GAAP" financial measures, such as those appearing in the Company's earnings releases or Management Discussion and Analysis), and any measure that is derived wholly or in part from such measure. Stock price and total shareholder return (and any measures derived wholly or in part therefrom) shall be considered Financial Reporting Measures.

"*Impracticable.*" The Compensation Committee may determine in good faith that recovery of Recoverable Incentive Compensation is "Impracticable" if: (i) pursuing such recovery would violate home country law of the jurisdiction of incorporation of the Company where that law was adopted prior to November 28, 2022 and the Company provides an opinion of home country counsel to that effect acceptable to the Company's applicable listing exchange; (ii) the direct expense paid to a third party to assist in enforcing this Policy would exceed the Recoverable Incentive Compensation and the Company has (A) made a reasonable attempt to recover such amounts and (B) provided documentation of such attempts to recover to the Company's applicable listing exchange; or (iii) recovery would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified retirement plan, under which benefits are broadly available to employees of the Company, to fail to meet the requirements of Section 401(a)(13) or Section 411(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

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"Incentive Compensation" means any compensation that is granted, earned, or vested based wholly or in part upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure. Incentive Compensation does not include any base salaries (except with respect to any salary increases earned wholly or in part based on the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal); bonuses paid solely at the discretion of the Compensation Committee or Board that are not paid from a "bonus pool" that is determined by satisfying a Financial Reporting Measure performance goal; bonuses paid solely upon satisfying one or more subjective standards and/or completion of a specified employment period; non-equity incentive plan awards earned solely upon satisfying one or more strategic measures or operational measures; and equity awards that vest solely based on the passage of time and/or attaining one or more non-Financial Reporting Measures.

"Received." Incentive Compensation is deemed "Received" in the Company's fiscal period during which the Financial Reporting Measure specified in the Incentive Compensation award is attained, even if the payment or grant of the Incentive Compensation occurs after the end of that period.

"Recoverable Incentive Compensation" means the amount of any Incentive Compensation (calculated on a pre-tax basis) Received by a Covered Person during the Applicable Period that is in excess of the amount that otherwise would have been Received if the calculation were based on the Restatement. For the avoidance of doubt, Recoverable Incentive Compensation does not include any Incentive Compensation Received by a person (i) before such person began service in a position or capacity meeting the definition of an Executive Officer, (ii) who did not serve as an Executive Officer at any time during the performance period for that Incentive Compensation, or (iii) during any period the Company did not have a class of its securities listed on a national securities exchange or a national securities association. For Incentive Compensation based on (or derived from) stock price or total shareholder return where the amount will be determined by the Compensation Committee based on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the Restatement on the stock price or total shareholder return upon which the Incentive Compensation was Received (in which case, the Company will maintain documentation of such determination of that reasonable estimate and provide such documentation to the Company's applicable listing exchange).

"Restatement" means an accounting restatement of any of the Company's financial statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act, or the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, due to the Company's material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under U.S. securities laws, regardless of whether the Company or Covered Person misconduct was the cause for such restatement. "Restatement" includes any required accounting restatement to correct an error in previously issued financial statements that is material to the previously issued financial statements (commonly referred to as "Big R" restatements), or that would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period (commonly referred to as "little r" restatements).

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<u>Exhibit B</u>

SERVE ROBOTICS INC.

COMPENSATION RECOVERY POLICY

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

By signing below, the undersigned acknowledges that they have read and understood, and they agree to be subject to the terms of, the Serve Robotics Inc. Compensation Recovery Policy.

Date:

Signature: Printed Name: